The New-York Times.

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ANOTHER SPANISH MURDER.

THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES SHOT.

MR. CECIL BUCKLAND SEIZED NEAR THE FRENCH FRONTIER AND SHOT—HIS TRAVELING COMPANION ALSO EXECUTED—AN INEXCUSABLE MURDER.

About six weeks ago THE TIMES, desirous of obtaining trustworthy news from the scene of military operations in Spain, secured the services of Mr. Cecil Buckland, formerly the Private Secretary to Postmaster General Jewell, and dispatched him to the Carlist head-quarters. He sailed on the 12th of September, and since then we have received two letters from him, the latest being printed in our columns on Saturday last. Yesterday the following brief telegram was received from our correspondent in Paris:

PARIS, Monday, Oct. 19.

Your correspondent, Mr. Cecil Buckland, was shot by the Republicans last night near Irun.

This startling intelligence was measurably confirmed later in the day by the following dispatches received through the Associated Press from Bayonne and Paris:

BAYONNE, Oct. 18.—It is reported that Mr. Cecil Buckland, a correspondent of THE NEW-YORK TIMES, who was on route for the Carlist head-quarters, and Mr. Francis Jerrard, a representative of the English Carlist Committee, have been assassinated. These two gentlemen started from Irun yesterday morning, since which time they have not been heard of, and as two Englishmen are said to have been shot by the Republicans, it is believed that Messrs. Buckland and Jerrard are the parties referred to.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The United States Legation here has as yet received no confirmation of the reported shooting of the American correspondent Buckland by Spanish Republicans.

Beyond this we have received no further news of the sad event; but it is probable that the authorities on the frontier were aware of the intended mission of Mr. Francis Jerrard, the English Carlist Commissioner, and were waiting to arrest him. Mr. Buckland, as will be noted in the extracts from his last letter, which are appended, was traveling with this gentleman. He fully appreciated the danger of his company, but was willing to run the risk for the sake of obtaining fuller information about the Carlist operations than he thought possible if he traveled alone.

THE LATE CECIL BUCKLAND.

SKETCH OF HIS CAREER—POSTMASTER GENERAL JEWELL'S TESTIMONY IN REGARD TO HIM.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Mr. Cecil Buckland, the Spanish correspondent of THE TIMES, was a native of England, who first came to the United States last Summer in the company and as the private secretary of Postmaster General Jewell. He had no other friend or acquaintance in Washington. Gov. Jewell took great interest in Mr. Buckland, of whom he speaks in the very highest terms of praise, and he was greatly shocked and indignant at the painful news of what he regards as a cruel murder. Gov. Jewell, this evening, in conversation gave to your correspondent the following interesting account of his acquaintance with and knowledge of Mr. Buckland:

Mr. Buckland came to St. Petersburg some time last winter—as near as I can remember, about a year ago next March. Mr. Eugene Schuyler, the Secretary of Legation, was engaged in literary labor, and required the assistance of a stenographer. He applied to Mr. Smalley, at London, who recommended Mr. Buckland; and he came to St. Petersburg as Mr. Schuyler's stenographic secretary. He was a man of considerable culture, and extensive travel and varied attainments. He at once became exceedingly useful and very popular. He was not only an excellent stenographer and secretary, but a first-class newspaper correspondent. He was also a contributor to several English magazines, and wrote a number of short sketches and tales while in St. Petersburg, displaying an extraordinary amount of industry and versatility. He was an English citizen, and Mr. Schuyler and myself were almost the only Americans, except Mr. Smalley, whom he had ever met. After he had worked with Mr. Schuyler two or three months, he became my private secretary, and was to me a very valuable and useful assistant. Mr. Buckland secured the friendship and esteem of every one he met. He became very much attached to me, and wished very much to accompany me to America. We made an arrangement by which he was to return with me and to remain as my private secretary after my arrival, or to seek other employment, according to circumstances. At Berlin, Paris, and London, I had many interviews on Post Office affairs, of which Mr. Buckland took notes to write out for my future use. These reports are very voluminous, and I have them now in my office. He was with me constantly while I was at the places I have mentioned, and I introduced him as my private secretary to Mr. Washburne in Paris, and Mr. Moran and, I think, Gen. Schenck, in London. He was much liked for his genial, bright, and gentlemanly ways by all to whom I introduced him, and on ship-board during the voyage he was a favorite with all the passengers. He remained for a time in New-York and Hartford, and then came with me to Washington. Finding a stenographic secretary already in the Post Office Department, I hesitated to appoint Mr. Buckland. It did not seem to me to be right or justifiable to turn out an American citizen who was thoroughly competent for the position in order to give the place to an Englishman. I was very reluctant to part with Mr. Buckland, but he saw as well as I the difficulty of giving him the place of private secretary in the department. I therefore gave him letters to the editors of THE NEW-YORK TIMES. He already had letters to one or two other New-York papers, and was offered positions by them, but THE TIMES, as he told me, proposed to give him a place on the staff in New-York, or to send him to the head-quarters of Don Carlos in Spain, as its correspondent, and he chose to join THE TIMES, and undertook the enterprise in which he has perished. I think he had already met Mr. Jones in London while we were on our way home. I had the highest regard for him, and I can indorse him most warmly and earnestly as a secretary, a gentleman, and a journalist. The news which I received this afternoon of his death gave me the greatest pain, and I feel very keenly the sad fate which has befallen him, and the more keenly on account of the agency I had in causing him to undertake the enterprise. He was extremely delighted with America and Americans. He was most cordially received here, as he had been elsewhere, while with me. He used to say that everybody was nice here, and he wrote me from New-York that he would be spoiled by the kindness which he received if he stayed in this country. He was energetic and enterprising and fond of travel, which no doubt accounts for his willingness to accept the difficult and dangerous mission on which THE TIMES sent him, rather than to take an easier position in New-York. His love for travel had already taken him to the East, and he had spent several years in Ceylon.

I had last week a private letter from him dated at London or Paris. He gave an account of several private matters which he had attended to for me there. He seemed jubilant on account of his new position. I see here in THE TIMES of Saturday a letter from him dated at Bordeaux, which I read with great interest, and which I suppose is the last he wrote. I know very little about his history, and think he has no family except one brother who is in England. He was possessed of some little income, amounting, I think, to $1,000 a year, and he had a business agent in London who attended to all of his business affairs there. He was a man about twenty-eight or thirty years of age, I should think, and was of fine personal appearance and of pleasing manners and address. While we were in London, he paid a short visit to Waterford, in Ireland, and told me that he was engaged to a lady living there. Last week I received a letter from the Mayor of Waterford, making inquiries about Mr. Buckland. It seems that the lady of whom he had spoken to me was the niece of the Mayor. When Mr. Buckland visited Waterford on our journey to America, he had given an account of his visit to St. Petersburg, and of his engagement to come to America with me, and then in a few weeks he had returned again, giving them a further account of his engagement for THE TIMES, and his undertaking of the Spanish enterprise. The Mayor had no reason to doubt the truthfulness of his statements; but they seemed so much like a romance that he almost feared there was some mistake, and wrote to me for confirmation of Mr. Buckland's story. I wrote an answer to the letter, in which I spoke very warmly of Mr. Buckland, and expressed my confidence in his truthfulness and integrity, and character as a gentleman. The letter of the Mayor, and I presume a copy of my answer, are at the department. His mail has been sent to the department, to my care, and several papers and letters have been forwarded to him. There are now some papers, I think, remaining, which have not been forwarded."

In the absence of any information, Gov. Jewell could only conjecture that Mr. Buckland was shot on the pretense that he was a spy, with a concealed purpose, which is very probably a determination to prevent the publication of any letters or information from the Carlist camps. The duty would devolve upon England of demanding from Spain whatever explanation and restitution may be just and necessary. There is no basis for interference by the United States Government. The action probable to be taken by England depended much upon the attitude of the press in that country, and Gov. Jewell hoped that its voice would be unanimous for prompt and decisive measures. He regarded it fortunate that the character of Mr. Buckland was such as the press and the paper which he represented might be proud of, and it was also fortunate that several officers of the American Government could give personal testimony to the British Government of his integrity and worth. Any representation made to Spain would therefore not be weakened, but on the contrary would be much stronger by reason of the character of the man who had been murdered. The news has caused a good deal of excitement among people here, and THE TIMES Bureau has had several visitors during the evening, seeking further information of the affair than is given by the very meagre dispatch to the evening papers.

Mr. Buckland came to THE TIMES with unexceptionable recommendations. He appeared to be fully deserving of the warm encomiums which Mr. Jewell gives him, and the testimonials as to his ability to perform the work he sought were of the most satisfactory character. He was extremely desirous of traveling abroad, and especially of going to Spain, an adventurous career among the Carlists appearing to have a special charm for him. As THE TIMES was at this time considering the advisability of dispatching a correspondent thither, and as Mr. Buckland spoke Spanish and otherwise appeared qualified for the work, his services were accepted. Personally he was one of that rather numerous class of young Englishmen of good family who, with a liberal education, a very small income, and plenty of good spirits, combined with good health, rove about the world for the pure love of adventure. He was educated in England, and commenced his career apparently as a Parliamentary reporter, displaying such ability and dispatch as earned for him the most friendly recommendations from his employers. Leaving London, he joined a provincial paper as associate editor, and after holding that position for some time, applied for and obtained a position on the Ceylon *Daily Times*. In 1873 he left that journal, carrying with him some excellent testimonials. He returned from Ceylon by way of Russia, and in St. Petersburg made the acquaintance of the Secretary of the American Legation, Mr. Schuyler, to whom he rendered much valuable assistance. It was through Mr. Schuyler that Mr. Buckland made Minister Jewell's acquaintance, and when he left Russia in that gentleman's company, it was with a warm letter of recommendation from Mr. Schuyler, in which he says:

"I am very glad to have the opportunity before your departure for America of telling you how much I appreciate your work. The quickness and accuracy with which you have written in shorthand from my dictation, and the ease and elegance with which you have revised manuscript, have materially aided me, not only in my literary work, but in the dispatch of the business of the legation.

Your society and sympathy have proved at the same time most agreeable.

I hope that you will find all things at Washington as you wish them, and I shall be glad to serve you in any way."

MR. BUCKLAND'S LAST LETTER

HOW A CORRESPONDENT FEELS IN SPAIN—A DANGEROUS TRAVELING COMPANION.

The following extracts from Mr. Buckland's last letter to THE TIMES, dated Bordeaux, Sept. 30, will have a melancholy interest at this time. Speaking of the shooting of Capt. Schmidt by the Carlists, he said:

It is not a pleasant sensation for a newspaper correspondent to have an apparent precedent before him that if he should fall into the hands of the other side he will be shot as a "spy." The duties of a correspondent and the letters of introduction he carries with him, without which he would find it almost impossible to proceed, are such that it would be easy to prove that he was carrying on a sort of espionage over the movements of the enemy, and this fact would, possibly, be quite sufficient to secure the signature of his death-warrant.

Further on he spoke of his dangerous traveling companion, and the probabilities of his being himself captured and shot in his company, in a vein of good humor and cheerfulness, little presaging the sad reality which was so soon to follow:

I am leaving for Bayonne to-night, and in less than twelve hours anticipate being within a few miles of the contested territory. The circumstances under which I am traveling are somewhat peculiar, for I have fallen in with a dangerous companion—so dangerous, indeed, is the individual in question that I might almost as safely carry a torpedo in my portmanteau, or a package of nitro-glycerine in my pocket, as continue in his company. Notwithstanding this, I have made up my mind it would be bad policy on my part if I were to suggest that we had better pursue our journey separately, and my reason for arriving at this conclusion is that, though hazardous to proceed together, the dangers attached to my doing so will not last for any great length of time, and, upon their cessation, the advantages I shall derive by my acquaintance with him will greatly exceed the risk I am running for the next few days. This formidable individual is none other than a real live "Carlist Commissioner," (Mr. Francis Jerrard, of the Inner Temple, London,) a young English barrister, who is on his way to the Carlist head-quarters as the representative of the English Carlist Committee, who have sent him out for the purpose of forwarding particulars of engagements, &c., which may come under his personal observation, or the details of which are furnished to him. So far as outward appearances are concerned, he looks harmless enough—so does a Schneider bullet—and the danger attached to traveling with him is consequent upon the fact that he has concealed upon his person certain dispatches and letters to head-quarters, which, if he should be captured by the Republicans with these papers about him, will insure his speedy suspension from the nearest tree, or—as trees are few and far between in Spain—an ounce of lead in that particular portion of his physique which prize-fighters designate as "the place in which he lives." And in the event of my being captured in his company, in spite of the papers I carry about me, proving that I come from New-York—consisting, among others, of an unpaid tailor's bill and a programme of a "Wagner Night" at Thomas'—the chances are decidedly in favor of my sharing his fate. All things considered, however, my case will scarcely be as hard as that of my friend the Commissioner, for such a thing as a "special correspondent" getting to heaven is by no means beyond the range of possibility—more especially as he represents a paper of so high a standing as THE NEW-YORK TIMES—while, if tradition be true, there is no hope whatever for a lawyer.

In his way my *compagnon de voyage* is rather a witty fellow, but he has a nasty knack of discovering at the last moment—when packing up before leaving a hotel—that he has not room in his valise for certain suspicious-looking documents with big red seals, and having made this discovery, he asks me, in the most polite manner possible, if I could not find a place for them in my portmanteau. Up to the present time I have not refused his request, but after leaving Bayonne I mean to steal a march upon him by laying in a stock of eatables which will fill up every available square inch in my portmanteau. If I should have the good fortune to be taken prisoner by the Republicans, and to send you an account of my treatment by that party, I mean to be tried upon my own merits alone, and shall therefore hand over this "hanging matter" to my friend before crossing the frontier.

LARGE FIRE IN MONTREAL.

STORES AND WAREHOUSES DESTROYED—LOSS ABOUT $207,000—THE INSURANCES.

MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—This morning a terrible conflagration took place in Nun's block of magnificent four-story and Mansard cut-stone stores and warehouses, bounded on the west by St. Sulpice street, on the north and south by Debrevoies and Lecroyer streets, respectively, and on the east by St. Dizier lane. These stores—eight in number—run parallel to another similar block which lies between St. Paul and Locrier streets, and are, by common consent, regarded as one of the finest pieces of property in Montreal's business streets. Each store is separated from the next by stout party walls of brick, while the fronts are exceptionally thick, being 100 feet deep, with two fronts. They are occupied by firms doing a large trade.

Messrs. McArthur & Son lost on stock, $100,000. The total loss on their store is $127,000.

Messrs. Delisle Bros. & McGill, hardware dealers, loss on stock estimated at about $40,000; Victor Hudon, general importer, loss on stock, principally on cotton, fruit, teas, cork, and champagne, $28,000; G. R. Fabre, C. A. Burton & Co., P. M. Galarneau, Hodgson, Murphy & Summers, importers, and Kerry, Watson & Co.—losses on stock, $10,000 to $15,000. The total losses amount to about $207,000. The greater part of this is covered by insurance, as follows: On McArthur's stock—British American, $5,000; Royal, $12,000; Scottish Imperial, $10,000; Provincial, $10,000; Ætna, $8,000; Northern, $6,000; Queen's, $5,000; Guardian, $5,000; Lancashire, $5,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, $5,000; Western, $5,000; Imperial, $5,000; Hartford, $5,000; London, $4,000; Phœnix, $3,000; a total of $93,000. The store is insured by the Nuns, in the Royal Canadian Company, for $8,000; Citizens', $5,000; North British, $8,000; and Liverpool and London and Globe, $6,000; a total of $27,000. Messrs. Delisle and McGill are insured on stock $69,800, as follows: In the Imperial, $10,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, $6,000; North British and Mercantile, $18,800; Royal Canadian, $15,000; Quebec, $10,000; and Queen's, $10,000. Their loss is about $40,000. Victor Hudon's stock is insured for about $50,000 in the Royal Canadian, Hartford, Ætna, and North British and Mercantile. The loss is about $25,000. Messrs. Hodgson, Murphy & Sumner are insured for about $125,000. Their loss is small. The other losses will be nominal. Several merchants are not going to make a claim.

Streams of water are still being played on the smoking débris of the McArthur premises, in order to dig down, and find the safe as soon as possible. The work is one of some danger, from the insecure state of the crumbling walls above. The McArthur firm consists of Messrs. John and James McArthur and Milton Pennington.

OTHER FIRES.

The residence of Dr. Luke P. Blackburn, with its contents, at Laconia, Ark., was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The loss is $15,000; insured in the German American, of New-York, for $4,500, and in the Phoenix and Memphis City, of Memphis, for $2,000.

A kerosene lamp last night exploded on the fourth floor of No. 60 Mulberry street, occupied by Jacob Silver as a barber shop and dwelling. Loss $300; insured for $1,200 in the Pacific Company. Building owned by Jacob Vertote, damaged $200; insured for $24,000 in the Tradesmen's and Star Companies.

THE SOUTH.

TROUBLE IN SHREVEPORT.

THREATENED ARREST OF A NUMBER OF PERSONS ACCUSED OF VIOLATING THE ENFORCEMENT ACT—ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER.

The following is from THE TIMES' special correspondent at Shreveport, La.:

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 19.—The greatest excitement prevails in Shreveport from the prospective arrest of seventy of the leading merchants and property-holders. Affidavits have been made and warrants of arrest prepared for them on the ground that they have violated the Enforcement act by endeavoring to intimidate the negro voters. The facts are: These gentlemen, feeling that it was necessary to succeed at the forthcoming elections to save themselves from utter financial ruin, determined not to employ any colored man who should vote against them. They therefore drew up and published in the Shreveport *Times* the following card:

SHREVEPORT, Oct. 14, 1874.—We, the undersigned merchants of the City of Shreveport, in obedience to a request of the Shreveport Campaign Club, agree to use every endeavor to get our employes to vote the people's ticket at the ensuing election, and in the event of their refusal so to do, or in case they vote the radical ticket to refuse to employ them at the expiration of their present contracts.

This was signed by sixty-nine of the leading merchants of the city. Though this is an effort to influence the coming election, and therefore blamable, yet it is claimed that it is a commendable effort to restore a better state of things by the ballot, without having recourse to revolutionary measures. If warrants of arrest are issued, there is a general determination on the part of the younger merchants who are implicated to mount their horses, and take to the woods. This might end in guerrilla warfare. A. B. Levissee, formerly District Judge and a candidate for the Legislature on the Radical ticket, is the United States Commissioner before whom the affidavits were made, and whose duty it is to issue warrants of arrest. The rumor of the intended *coup* coming to the ears of citizens this morning, an old gentleman called upon the United States Commissioner, and asked him for the facts. He said that the rumor was correct, and that he would have to order the arrests and bail the prisoners, or to resign and leave the distasteful task to others. It is believed that he intends to resign, ostensibly to please citizens, but really to give the accused over into the hands of the United States Marshal, who would take them all to New-Orleans. This was done in the Colfax case, when hundreds of witnesses for and against, were carried down to the capital, and kept there at their own expense for about eight months on and off. Their families were left destitute, their fields were untilled, and the general result was a great loss to the entire community, without any benefit to the ends of justice.

A COMMUNICATION FROM THE REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE OF FIFTY TO GOV. KELLOGG.

The following is from the General Press Agent at New-Orleans:

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Oct. 19.—Gov. Kellogg to-day received a communication from the Republican Committee of Fifty which says:

It becomes our duty to state that the address adopted at a mass-meeting held on the 8th inst. at the Central Church in this city, and signed by T. Morris Chester and others does not express or represent the opinions of the Committee of Fifty, appointed at the same meeting, for the reason that we are not yet prepared to repudiate Republicanism or join its opponents. We pledge ourselves to the support of Republican principles as represented by the national party as long as it continues to support and vindicate the equality of all men. If the present State Administration concedes to us that which we deem to be just, we further pledge ourselves to give it our loyal and cordial suppport."

THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF MR. GAIR—THE PARTICULARS OF THE AFFAIR.

The general press agent at Clinton, La., supplies the following:

CLINTON, La., Oct. 19.—Capt. Bannon, who was in the buggy with Gair at the time of the attempted assassination, gives substantially the following statement: That on Wednesday night Gair spoke in Point Coupee Parish, near Hermitage. Breaux, being present, saw that the only chance to beat Gair in the coming November election was to get him him out of the way. Saturday morning, about 8 o'clock, Gair and Capt. Bannon left Bayou Sara in a buggy together to speak at a meeting to take place at Jackson at noon that day. Col. Griffin and Recorder Morgan, of Point Coupee, were in a buggy, following close behind, at the time of the attempted assassination. At 11:30 o'clock, when within about a mile of Jackson, in the Parish of West Feliciana, the unknown assassin, concealed in the bushes, fired with a rifle just as the buggy had passed far enough to give a fair view of Gair. The ball grazed the back of Capt. Bannon's neck, he being next the assassin, and struck Gair on the left side of the head, back of the ear, passing outside of the carotid artery and ranging down the cheek. The ball was extracted near the mouth. The wound is a bad one, but not dangerous. About 2 o'clock P. M. Weber and Breaux arrived from Bayou Sara with a squad of men armed with pistols, guns, and rifles, and paraded the streets of Jackson. Some of Weber's men made a remark about Gair, and hence the riot, which commenced about 4 o'clock P. M.

Seven colored men, one horse, and one mule were shot. George Swazey, of Bayou Sara, was shot in the thigh.

Col. Griffin says none of the People's Party participated in the riot, as the disturbance was exclusively between the two wings of the Republican Party. Perkins Toadvine, who was drinking at the time, and speaking confidentially to a friend, was overheard by Sheriff Roy and several others to say that he shot Gair, and that Weber was to pay him for it, Toadvine stating that he intended to leave the parish in five days. The Sheriff and posse arrested Toadvine, brought him to Clinton, and put him in jail. Col. Griffin says a posse of Weber's men were about to attempt to rescue the prisoners, but the Sheriff left for Clinton with his prisoner without the knowledge of the rioters. Capt. Bannon says he does not think Toadvine the real assassin of Gair, as he met him coming from the opposite direction a few minutes after the shooting occurred. All is quiet now.

RENEWAL OF THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE—RUMORED RESIGNATION OF EX-GOV. WELLS AS A MEMBER OF THE RETURNING BOARD.

The following is from the General Press Agent at New-Orleans:

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 19.—The Republican State Central Committee to-day authorized the renewal of the conference as invited by the Conservatives. An umpire to succeed Dr. Benzano on the Advisory Board will probably be selected to-morrow.

It is rumored to-night that Ex-Gov. Wells has resigned as a member of the Returning Board, thus relieving Gov. Kellogg of all embarrassments on that subject, and giving him an opportunity to reorganize the board in accordance with the conference agreement.

The fifteen men arrested at Coushatta, charged with [illegible] in the recent outrage, are reported en route for New-Orleans, under guard of Federal soldiers.

ALABAMA.

ALLEGED ISSUE OF WARRANTS FOR THE ARREST OF A LARGE NUMBER OF PERSONS BY UNITED STATES MARSHALS.

The following comes from the general press agent at Montgomery, Ala.:

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 19.—One month ago the Sheriff of Sumter County summoned a posse of forty-two men to suppress a negro riot near Belmont. The rioters dispersed without waiting for the arrival of the posse, and the posse was disbanded. A negro who carried the United States mail on a mule was detained a few minutes on the road by the posse to prevent the unnecessary spread of excitement in other and quiet settlements. Afterward the members of the posse were arrested as Kuklux, and also for stopping the United States mail, and released on bonds of $100 each. Large numbers of men are summoned to appear before the United States Court, in Huntsville, on the extreme northern border of the State, early in November. It is also reported to-day that from 500 to 800 warrants have been issued for the arrest of men in districts where no disorders have been reported. Many Deputy Marshals are being appointed on the recommendation of Charles E. Mayer, Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, although the State was never more quiet.

HEAVY SENTENCE IN A KUKLUX CASE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Judge Ballard, in the United States Court to-day, sentenced Henry Triplett, of Owen County, to pay a fine of $500 and to be confined at hard labor in the Penitentiary for three years. Triplett is one of the notorious Kuklux-klan of his section, and the charge against him in this case was the intimidation of a witness in the Federal Court. It was proven that Triplett and his brother had taken the witness by force from his labor in a cornfield and concealed him in the woods until the case in which he was subpœnaed had terminated. This is one of the severest sentences yet given by Judge Ballard in a Kuklux case.

POLITICAL.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN IN THE FIFTH DISTRICT—GEN. BANKS TO RUN AS AN INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE—BUTLER'S DISTRICT.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 19.—The Democrats in the Fifth Congressional District met in convention to-day and voted not to make any nomination, but contented themselves with passing the following significant resolutions:

Whereas, The present condition of the country requires that the Democratic and Liberal voters of this district should unite in selecting such a representative to Congress as shall honestly and faithfully assist in carrying out the reforms so much needed at the present time; and whereas it has come to the knowledge of this convention that a distinguished statesman residing in this Congressional District, will be voted for as an independent candidate for Congress at the coming election, therefore,

Resolved, That we deem it inexpedient for this Convention to make a nomination.

The "distinguished statesman" referred to is, of course, Gen. Banks. This decision was not reached without some opposition. One delegate wanted to nominate Gen. Banks outright, but he was very quietly "put down and out." Another wanted to have something kindly said in the resolutions for the Labor Reformers; but he, too, was quieted by the explanation that, though the party sympathized fully with the Labor Reformers, it was not policy to say anything at this time formally in their behalf. The aim of the managers, and it was successful, was to make it easy for Gen. Banks to come out as an independent Liberal candidate, and to draw to his support Republicans as well as Democrats who admire him. Gen. Banks has only been waiting for this action, and he will now take the stump and get to work in earnest. His henchmen have already arranged a Banks Club, and started the machinery, and in a few days the short and sharp campaign will open. Gooch will draw into the field Blaine and Hawley, and Dawes and Banks will go up and down the district, fighting all those old campaigners single handed. Butler, down in his district, is not so sure as he was, and so he proposes to take the stump again. He starts in Salem next week. The Republican Convention in Dawes' district meets to-morrow. Mr. Alexander, of Springfield, seems to have the "inside track," and it is asserted that much money has already been spent to secure the nomination.

THE INDIANA ELECTION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 19.—The Secretary of State has received official returns from seventy-three counties, giving a total Democratic majority of 14,733.

The nineteen counties yet to hear from gave a Democratic majority for Secretary of State, at the last election, of 815. The majority in some counties will be largely increased this year. Landers' majority in this district over Coburn is 566. Holman's majority in the Sixth is 2,467. The total Independent vote on the State ticket, so far received, is 15,573. In Knox County there was a tie vote on the Representative, and a new election has been ordered. Leaving Knox County out, the Legislature stands: Senators—Democrats, 23; Republicans, 24; Independents, 3. House—Democrats, 52; Republicans, 37; Independents, 10.

SUITS FOR VIOLATION OF THE PRIMARY ELECTION LAWS.

LANCASTER, Penn., Oct. 19.—At a large Republican meeting here this evening a protest was made against the late Election Frauds Committee, which was appointed to raise funds and prosecute offenders. This evening suits were instituted against J. Cameron Muhlenberg, Harvey Raymond, F. Sledgemilch, and J. Brubaker for conspiracy to defraud Dr. P. J. Roebuck of his nomination; and Isaac Musser, H. B. Becker, and John Brendel, election officers, for violating the Primary Election laws.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The Democratic Congressional Convention at Owego, on Saturday, nominated Gen. E. F. Jones, Liberal, of this city, vice Edward S. Esty, declined.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR ASSEMBLY.

WASHINGTON, Warren County, N. Y., Oct. 19.—J. T. Johnson, of Washington, was to-day unanimously nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans of the First District of Warren County.

THE CONTROLLERSHIP OF PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—William A. Winterer was this morning nominated for City Controller by the Democratic Convention in place of William P. Chandler, who declined the nomination.

STRUCK FROM THE REGISTRY LISTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—In the Court of Common Pleas, 559 names have been struck from the registry lists on Democratic petitions.

THE LATE EX-MAYOR SHURTLEFF, OF BOSTON.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—At a meeting of both branches of the City Government to-night resolutions were adopted paying a tribute to the memory of the late Ex-Mayor Shurtleff. A committee of both branches was appointed to attend the funeral, which takes place to-morrow.

RIOT OF RAILROAD EMPLOYES.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 19.—Gov. Hendricks to-day received a dispatch from the Sheriff of Porter County stating that a body of armed men were resisting his efforts to protect the employes of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, while attempting to lay a track across the Michigan Central Railroad, and asking for aid to quell the riots. The Governor ordered two companies of State Guards and a Gatling gun to proceed there immediately. They left to-night, and will arrive at the scene of the disturbance about 3 A. M.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

SPECIAL TREASURY AGENT FOR THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Joseph W. Bullock Special Agent of the department to have in charge the landing and control of all goods consigned to the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia in 1876. These goods are to be admitted free of duty, as provided for by act of Congress. Mr. Bullock will be stationed at Philadelphia. He is a merchant of large experience and widely known.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

IN PURSUIT OF THE INDIANS.

The Adjutant General has received the following telegram from Gen. Miles, forwarded by Gen. Pope via Army Head-quarters at St. Louis:

HEAD-QUARTERS INDIAN TERRITORY EXPEDITION,
CAMP ON GAGEBY CREEK, Texas, Oct. 14,
via FORT DODGE, Kan., Oct. 17.

This command is driving large numbers of Indians in the direction of the Cheyenne Agency, where I believe they will surrender. They are traveling rapidly in their endeavors to escape our forces. The expedition is operating in five columns with gratifying success.

NELSON A. MILES,
Brevet Major General Commanding.

TREASURY BALANCES.

The balances in the Treasury at the close of business to-day were as follows: Currency, $14,196,595; special deposit of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, $58,425,000; coin, $79,562,155; including coin certificates, $23,731,200; outstanding legal tenders, $382,000,000.

THE SPANISH INDEMNITY IN THE VIRGINIUS CASE.

No official information has as yet been received by our Government or by the representatives of foreign Governments at Washington confirmatory of the newspaper accounts that Spain has paid indemnity to Great Britain in satisfaction of damages in the Virginius case. The correspondence between the United States and Spain continues, but with no prospect of a settlement by that means; therefore it is probable that our claims for indemnity will become the subject of arbitration, according to the terms of the Fish-Polo protocol.

TRUMBULL'S PICTURES OF REVOLUTIONARY SCENES.

Several months ago Trumbull's pictures of Revolutionary scenes were removed from the rotunda of the Capitol for the purpose of being cleaned and strengthened to save them from threatened decay. They have been improved in appearance and restored to their panels.

THE CABINET.

The three members of the Cabinet now in Washington are Williams, Bristow, and Jewell. Secretary Fish, after a short absence, will return this week, and the other three absentees are expected here next week.

THE PROPERTY OF THE PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Justices Davis and Bradley, having arrived, were to-day in their places on the Supreme bench. The court will to-morrow take up the case of Woodson against Murdock and others, involving the question of the right of the State of Missouri to sell the property of the Pacific Railroad Company to satisfy a lien of the State for advances made toward the completion of the road.

THE PRESIDENT.

The President and Mrs. Grant are expected to return here the latter part of this week.

MAIL SERVICE IN UTAH.

Postmaster General Jewell has ordered a mail service upon the Utah Southern Railroad from Salt Lake City to Provo City, Utah, a distance of forty-nine miles.

THE CASE OF DR. SWING BEFORE THE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 19.—At the meeting of the Presbyterian Synod of Northern Illinois, this morning, the case of Patton *vs.* Swing was taken up. Rev. Mr. Hurd, of Evanston, for the defense of the Chicago Presbytery against complainants, made a motion to drop the complaint and the whole matter. A lengthy discussion ensued, in which the members of the Synod were allowed each three minutes. A large number participated in the discussion, and, from the sentiments expressed, it is probable that the complaint will be sustained, and the matter argued at length before the Synod.

A vote being taken on entertaining the complaint, the result was announced as follows: Fifty-eight voted to receive the complaint, 10 to receive part of it, and 18 not to receive it. The complaint was therefore received. The Judicial Committee this afternoon reported in favor of admitting the appeal of Mr. Patton against the decision of the Chicago Presbytery in the Swing case. During the remainder of the afternoon this report was discussed by the members of the Synod. Mr. Noyes of Evanston, commenced the argument for the Presbytery, which, it is said, will be very strong. The Synod adjourned at the usual hour, for the Sunday-school meeting in the evening, which was slimly attended. Mr. Noyes will resume his argument in the morning.

PROBABLE SUICIDE OF AN UNKNOWN MAN.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The body of an unknown man was received at the Morgue this morning. It is that of a man thirty-five or forty years of age, with brown hair and mustache, and exceedingly heavy eyebrows. Clothing was a dark blue frock coat and vest, dark striped pants, white shirt, and button gaiters. There was a deep gash in the throat, from which the blood had flowed quite freely. Last evening two boys informed the Park Guards on duty at Ormiston that a man had jumped overboard; they also said that while walking through the East Park they saw a man jump from a bench, run toward the river and jump in; one of the boys threw a slab overboard, but the man would not seize it; they heard him cry out "Oh" and then he disappeared. This morning a gentleman passing found a razor, hat, and handkerchief on the bench, and tracks of blood from there to the river. The case will be investigated by the Coroner.

THE KIDNAPPING OF AN ALLEGED MURDERER.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 19.—Gov. Brown, in a letter of this date addressed to Gov. Beveridge, of Illinois, in relation to the alleged kidnapping of one Smith, now indicted in this State for murder, takes the ground that Smith is now in the hands of the judiciary and out of his control, and that the Constitution of Tennessee so distinctly defines and separates the judicial and executive departments that he cannot interfere. He cites a like case now in dispute between Tennessee and Mississippi in relation to one Wilson, a condemned and escaped murderer, now in the Nashville Jail for horse-stealing. As to the abductors of Smith, Gov. Brown says no requisition has been made for them, but when it is made it will receive due consideration.

RAILROAD COLLISION—TEN CARS AND BOTH ENGINES WRECKED.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 19.—A serious collision occurred this morning on the European and North American Railway, near Basin Mills, between a train of twenty cars and a mixed train. The conductor of the former misunderstood his orders and passed his station, the trains colliding at full speed. Fortunately the passenger coaches, which were well filled, were at the rear of the mixed train, and the freight cars received the shock. The passengers escaped miraculously. About ten cars and both engines were completely wrecked.

THE PHELPS CASE—SENTENCE POSTPONED—ATTEMPT TO BRIBE A JUROR.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 19.—The sentence of Phelps was this afternoon postponed until to-morrow in order to allow the court time to examine the papers presented by the counsel for the defence. District Attorney Moak called the attention of the Court to an attempt made by David Kingman, a Sheriff's officer, to bribe a juror in the second trial of Phelps. Affidavits making the charge by the juror were read, in which it appears that Kingman offered the juror $500 if he would refuse to find the prisoner guilty. Kingman was given forty-eight hours to prepare a reply and answer [illegible]

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

SEVERAL VESSELS OF THE NAVY GONE OVER TO THE INSURGENTS.

RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 19.—The news from the Argentine States continues warlike. The insurgent leaders, Rivas, Borges, and Arredondo, have joined Gen. Mitre. Several vessels of the navy have gone over to the insurgents. Sarmiento has taken command of the troops defending Buenos Ayres. The Argentine Government has requested the authorities at Montevideo to prohibit enlistments and the export of arms for the rebel forces.

GERMANY.

THE EXPULSION OF THE DANES FROM SCHLESWIG—SATISFACTORY ASSURANCES GIVEN TO DENMARK.

VIENNA, Oct. 19.—The *Tagespresse* says Germany has given friendly and satisfactory assurances to Denmark in regard to the expulsion of Danes from Schleswig. She has admitted the possibility of mistakes through the excessive zeal of the local authorities, and intimated her readiness to examine each case and give full satisfaction where wrong has been done. A fervent desire is expressed for the maintenance of good relations with Denmark.

GREAT BRITAIN.

FALL OF A HOUSE IN LEEDS—FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—By the falling of a house in Leeds this morning four persons were instantly killed and several injured.

GERMANY.

THE DOMICILIARY VISIT TO THE RESIDENCE OF COUNT VON ARNIM.

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—It is reported that the last domiciliary visit to the residence of Count Von Arnim was merely for the purpose of delaying his trial.

FRANCE.

THE ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS ON SUNDAY—THE RESULT IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF PAS-DE-CALAIS AND ALPES-MARITIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Full returns of the elections yesterday for vacancies in the Assembly show that M. Delisse Engrand heads the poll in the Pas-de-Calais, but, as he fails of a majority, a fresh election will be necessary.

In the Alpes-Maritimes, where there are two vacancies, MM. Medecin and Cheirs, the Republican candidates, were elected.

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE ELECTED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SEINE-ET-OISE.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The election in the Seine-et-Oise for member of the Assembly resulted in the success of M. Senard, the Republican candidate.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The Internal Revenue receipts yesterday were $537,939.

Henry Ward Beecher lectured before a large audience at Lynn, Mass., last night.

An unknown man was run over and killed at Billerica, Mass., on the Lowell Railroad, yesterday.

It is thought that the through route to New York, via the Portland and Rochester Railroad, will open as early as Nov. 18.

Charles H. Derby, a well-known resident of Milford, Mass., hanged himself in his stable yesterday. Dyspepsia induced the act.

Allen, the only prisoner who escaped from jail at Lewiston, Me., and not taken on Saturday night, was captured yesterday morning.

Henry Stone, thirty years of age, residing in Frankford, was found near Bridesburg, Penn., yesterday, with his head blown off. He had been gunning.

Lewis Coe was found dead in the barn of his brother Elias, at New-Paltz, N. Y., yesterday morning with his throat cut. Mental aberration is supposed to be the cause.

Henry McArdle, aged twenty-one, who resided at No. 1,110 Somerset street, Philadelphia, died yesterday, from the effects of a stab inflicted two weeks ago by James Boyle, who is at large.

B. T. Howard, Secretary of the National Pork-packer's Convention, met with an accident on Saturday last, which will delay the publication of the procedings of the convention for a few weeks.

At a meeting of the members of the Park Street Church, Boston, last night, the resignation of Rev. Mr. Murray was accepted, and gratitude was expressed to him for his services in and out of the church.

The Philadelphia Oyer and Terminer Court held yesterday, commenced the trial of homicide cases. Charles Vannetter, charged with the murder of David Stinson, on the 17th of last July, was acquitted, the evidence showing that the shot was fired in self-defense.

CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY OF THE BURNING OF THE BRIG PEGGY STEWART.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 19.—The centennial anniversary of the burning of the brig Peggy Stewart, with a quantity of tea on board, in the harbor of Annapolis, Oct. 19, 1774, on demand of the Committee of Anne Arundel County, was appropriately celebrated to-day, by the ringing of bells, firing of cannon, closing of all the city offices and public schools, a display of bunting on the shore and in the harbor, and a military parade in the afternoon.

At Annapolis the day was also celebrated by a general holiday. An address was delivered by Prof. Nelson, of St. John's College, and also one by Col. J. Thomas Scharf, as historiographer. In the evening a grand tea party was given by the ladies of Annapolis in the hall of the House of Delegates. The Senate Chamber, in which Washington resigned his commission as General in Chief of the army, was handsomely decorated, and was thrown open to the public. A number of State officials and officers from the Naval School were present.

MURDER IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—A car-driver named James Finacane this morning murdered a saloon boarding-house keeper named Matthew Ryan, at the residence of the latter, on Archer avenue. Finacane formerly boarded with Ryan, and when he left Ryan's house, lately, Ryan discovered that his revolver was missing, and, suspecting Finacane of the theft, he openly accused him of it to some friends. This fact coming to Finacane's ears, he went to Ryan's saloon this morning and asked him if he had made such statements, and receiving an affirmative answer he shot him through the breast, causing death instantly. Finacane has been lodged in jail.

THE MOVEMENT FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE CAPITAL.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—But few delegates, and those mostly from Kentucky, have as yet arrived to attend the convention, called to consider the question of removing the capital from Washington to St. Louis, which meets in this city to-morrow. It is supposed that the session of the convention will last three days. No one prominent in the movement seems yet to have reached the city, and definite information regarding it cannot be obtained. The St. Louis party is expected to-morrow morning.

MARRIED IN A BALLOON.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 19.—A very successful balloon ascension was made here this afternoon by Prof. Donaldson, who was accompanied by a bridal party of six persons. At the height of about a mile above the city the marriage ceremony was performed. The balloon landed safely about [illegible]

THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

ELEVENTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL CONVENTION.

AN OPEN SESSION DURING YESTERDAY FORENOON—A MOTION TO RESCIND THE RULE PROVIDING FOR SECRET SESSIONS LOST—MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the sessions of the Episcopal Convention were reopened by the reading of morning prayers. The service was celebrated by Right Rev. Dr. Lay, Bishop of Easton, assisted by Rev. S. M. Bird, of Texas; Rev. W. Richardson, of Texas, and Rev. W. G. Farrington, D. D., of New-Jersey. The attendance in the galleries, though considerable, was yet much smaller than previous to the beginning of the secret sessions. At 11 o'clock the President took the chair, and the minutes of Saturday were read and approved. On motion, Message No. 93 from the House of Bishops was referred to the Committee on Canons.

Mr. William Welsh, of Pennsylvania, moved that, if the House of Deputies continued its sessions during next week, evening sessions should then be held, and that immediate notice thereof should be given to the Board of Missions.

Rev. Mr. Barber, of Easton, offered a substitute providing for the immediate commencement of the evening sessions—from 7:30 to 10 o'clock—during the present week.

Rev. Dr. Stearns, of Easton, moved as an amendment—

> That after this day the House will sit in open session for the transaction of the general business of the convention from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M.; and that for the discussion of the question concerning the consecration of the Bishop elect of Illinois, and for that only, this House will sit every night from 7 o'clock till 10 o'clock, (unless sooner adjourned,) beginning with to-night and continuing till the discussion is ended; and that at 12 o'clock on the day next following the ending of the discussion this House will proceed to vote in open session on the question of consenting to the consecration of the Bishop elect of Illinois.

Mr. Welsh, of Pennsylvania, thought the amendment covered two subjects, and, under the rule of the house, he called for their division.

Mr. Cornwall, of Kentucky, thought the proposed amendment would seriously interfere with the very important business of the Board of Missions. He considered that the proper method of relieving the house of its press of business was to limit the length of the speeches.

Rev. Dr. Schenck, of Long Island, said he had noticed great restiveness at the prospect of a prolonged session, and the reason given for it by some members was that they were here at great inconvenience. He thought nobody had a right to entertain or to express this feeling. Once in three years they were sent to discharge the duty of sitting in this General Convention, and of discharging duties of very great importance to the Church. If the discharge of this was going to cause any one inconvenience he ought not to have accepted it. He deprecated the idea that any one had more important business elsewhere, for, except the duty of personal devotion to God, he thought no one could have more important business than to sit in this body. He himself was here at great inconvenience—much greater than if he had gone to San Francisco to attend the convention, because his duties as Pastor still continued. Earlier in the session he had made a motion for evening sessions, and had been met with loud cries of "No," "No." That was before the Board of Missions held evening meetings. Then the proposition ought to have been carried; but now it ought not, because of the interference of the sessions of the two bodies.

Rev. Mr. Stearns, of Easton, said that the object of his motion was simply to meet the case of those who wished to discuss a subject after the evidence was all in. The business of the house could thus be continued in the day and the secret discussion go on in the evening.

Mr. Barber's motion was so amended that the evening sessions should not begin until Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Rogers, of Texas, dwelt upon the importance of the work of the Board of Missions, and the inconvenience that would result if it held sessions concurrent with those of the house. He was unwilling to be deprived of attendance upon either body, and his constituents had a right to his vote in both cases.

Rev. Mr. Barber's motion, as amended, was lost, and Mr. Welsh's was carried. The latter gentleman then moved that the day sessions of the house should be held between the hours of 9:30 and 5 o'clock. On a suggestion from Gov. Stevenson, of Kentucky, 10 o'clock was substituted for 9:30, and the motion was carried.

Mr. Blair, of Maryland, asked that the house should take up his motion, made on Saturday, to strike out Rule of Order No. 17, which provides for the holding of secret sessions.

The question was put, and the President decided that it was carried. A division was called for, which resulted in 92 votes in the affirmative and 95 in the negative. Mr. Blair's motion was accordingly lost.

On motion of Rev. Dr. C. H. Hall it was

> *Resolved*, That the alteration of article 4 of the constitution proposed in the last General Convention, and made known to the several Diocesan Conventions, be and the same is hereby finally agreed to and ratified.
>
> *Resolved*, That this resolution be referred to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution.

It was so referred.

The message from the House of Bishops referring to the reduction of the size of the printed journal of the Convention was referred to the Committee on Expenses as the Joint Committee on the part of the House of Deputies.

Rev. Dr. Van Dusen, of Central New-York, from the Committee on the State of the Church, reported that they had nominated the following five laymen as a Board of Trustees for the Missionary Fund: Mr. Cambridge Livingston, of the Diocese of New-York; Henry Meigs, of New-Jersey; John B. Stebbins, of Massachusetts; William H. Battle, LL. D., of North Carolina; and Louis N. Whittle, of Georgia. As only $300 was raised for this fund during the past three years, they recommended the passage of the following resolution:

> *Resolved*, That the Trustees of the Missionary Bishops' Fund are requested to issue a circular-letter annually to the Rectors of all the Parishes asking an offering to this fund.

The report was placed on the calendar, and the nominations were confirmed by the house.

Dr. Abercrombie, of New-Jersey, presented an additional report from the Committee on the State of the Church, to the effect that great inconvenience had been felt by them on account of the delay in the reception of the journals and other documents, and that the delay had been occasioned in part by the omission of a fixed date for presenting the journals. The Committee recommended the passage of the following resolutions:

> *Resolved*, That section 4 of canon 15 of title 1, be amended by inserting after the words "at every General Convention" the words "on or before the first Monday of the session."
>
> *Resolved*, That section 5 of canon 15 of title 1 be amended by striking out the words "it is recommended that" and inserting instead thereof the words "it shall be the duty of," and after the words "within the diocese," inserting the words "and present the same to the Secretary of the House of Clerical and Lay Deputies on or before the first Monday of the session."

Mr. Burgwin, of Pittsburg, moved that all message, from the House of Bishops, communicating any legislation on their part shall, without debate, be referred to the proper committee. The subject was placed on the calendar of business.

Mr. Montgomery, of Georgia, proposed the following substitute for article 3 of the constitution, and moved its reference to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution:

> Whenever a General Convention is held the Bishops, when three or more are present, shall form a separate house, with a right to originate and propose acts for the House of Deputies, composed of the clergy and laity; and when any proposed acts shall have passed the House of Deputies, the same shall be transmitted to the House of Bishops, who shall have a negative thereupon; and all acts of the convention shall be authenticated by both houses, and in all cases the House of Bishops shall signify to the House of Deputies their approbation or disapprobation within three days after the proposed act shall have been reported to them for concurrence; and, in failure thereof, it shall have the operation of a law, unless the convention shall finally adjourn within three days after such proposed act shall have been reported to the House of Bishops, in which event the act proposed shall be inoperative.
>
> I. The three days herein allowed the House of Bishops for the consideration of a proposed act of the House of Deputies shall commence to be counted at 12 o'clock meridian of the first day in which the House of Bishops is in session after the receipt of the proposed act; provided the proposed act is received before that hour, otherwise the counting shall begin at 12 o'clock meridian of the next succeeding day in which the House of Bishops shall be in session.
>
> II. When less than three Bishops attend a General Convention the one or two who may be present shall be a member or members *ex officio* of the House of Deputies, with the right to vote, and a Bishop shall then preside.

The amendment was referred to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution. After its reading by the Secretary, Mr. Montgomery said, in its favor, that it was designed to obviate the uncertainty which now existed as to what became of any message sent from the House of Deputies to the House of Bishops, when an adjournment took place within three days before any action was taken. The amendment also fixed a period from which the three days should begin. The triennial report of the Board of Missions was sent to the House, but not read. It was referred to the Committee on Domestic and Foreign Missions.

Rev. Dr. Schenck, of Long Island, presented the following resolution:

> *Resolved*, That it be referred to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution, to enquire, and report to this House, what amendments, if any, are necessary to equalize the status of the Bishops of this Church, having either diocesan or missionary jurisdiction, for the purpose of securing to all alike the following franchises, viz.:
>
> I. That all have seats in the House of Bishops, upon the same terms of membership.
>
> II. That all may be eligible and transferable to any of the duly constituted jurisdictions of the Church, whether diocese or missionary, to which they may be elected.
>
> III. That all shall have, so far as it is practicable [illegible] ation to the effect that the co-ordinate ecclesiastical authority of the Standing Committee may be the same in missionary jurisdictions as in dioceses.
>
> IV. That the titular distinction between Diocesan Bishops and Missionary Bishops may be abrogated, and the latter be styled Bishops of such or such missionary jurisdictions. That the foregoing resolution and its several specifications be also referred to the Committee on Canons, to report to this house what new canons, changes, or amendments may be necessary to carry the same into effect.

Twelve o'clock having now arrived, the order of the day was taken up, the galleries were cleared, and the house went into secret session. The convention took a recess at 1:30, and met again at 2 o'clock, but at 5 P. M., when the house adjourned, no decision had been reached in the case of Dr. Seymour, Bishop elect of Illinois.

THE BRYANT ROBBERY.

HISTORY OF THE VETERAN COIN-SELLER—THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH LED TO HIS ARREST—HOW THE BURGLARY WAS EFFECTED—STATEMENT OF PRIVATE DETECTIVE ROSCOE.

The Police, up to the present time, have not succeeded in finding any trace of the person or persons who broke into and plundered the residence of Luther Bryant, at No. 1 Forsyth street, on the night of Sunday, the 11th inst. The utmost ingenuity of the ablest detectives has been employed in the consideration of this case, but the affair is in precisely the same condition as on the day of discovery. Superintendent Walling and Capt. Irving, of the detective force, who have taken especial charge of the case, do not despair, however, to effect some change in the aspect of the case. To fully understand the extraordinary character of the affair, it becomes necessary not only to consider the facts which led to Bryant's arrest, but also the character of the man, his mode of living, his mental and physical characteristics, his method of earning money, the style of his residence, the presumable cause of the robbery, and the manner of its commission. Luther Bryant, the man who alleges that his residence has been plundered of property worth $100,000, claims to have been born in Connington, Berkshire County, Mass., seventy-three years ago, his father being a physician in that place. The son graduated at Williams College when he was fourteen years old, and began the study and finally the practice of the medical profession. He traveled in Europe, and, returning to this country, settled in Burlington, Vt., where he resided for some years. He then went to Charleston, S. C., but, not finding the practice of his profession lucrative, came to this City, which he determined to make his home. So far the story of Bryant's life, as told by himself, is not contradicted. According to his own testimony, he next appears as a buyer of old coins, postal and revenue stamps, and mutilated currency, having a small stand at the lower end of the City Hall Park. For many years Bryant's face and figure have been familiar to passers-by. He was an excellent judge of old coins, and there is no doubt that by the careful purchase and sale of those rare tokens he amassed considerable amounts of money, which he carefully hoarded up. During twelve years past his residence has been in two rooms on the third floor of the large tenement-house on the corner of Bayard and Forsyth streets, known as No. 1 Forsyth street. In these rooms the old numismatist lived alone. He never married, had no children to cheer his lonely life, was never visited by friends, and, in fine, led a most solitary existence. On the commencement of the work on the new Post Office Building Bryant, with other owners of small stands, was ordered to remove from the City Hall Park, and did so. He selected as a stand the railing of the old Dutch Church, on the corner of Ann and William streets, and continued to carry on business there. On the 7th inst., William R. Evans, manager of the wholesale establishment of Eberhard Faber, lead-pencil maker, asked Capt. Caffrey, of the Second Precinct, to arrest Bryant for buying postage stamps from a messenger boy, who had stolen them from his office. Captain Caffrey requested Mr. Evans to procure a warrant. Mr. Evans went to the Tombs, and returning with a note from Justice Bixby. Captain Caffrey directed Officer Peters to arrest Bryant, which was done. He was brought before Justice Bixby, and committed in default of $500 bail. Shortly after, Mr. Evans returned to the court, with a private detective named Roscoe, and applied for a search warrant for Bryant's residence, which Justice Bixby denied. At this point in the narrative, a description of the normal condition of Bryant's rooms forms a necessary portion of the story. The door of Bryant's outer room, leading into the hall-way, was secured by three locks and a chain. On the outside of the door was a patent padlock, and the ordinary tenement-house door lock. On the inside of the door was fastened a patent spring latch, and from jamb to jamb extended a chain, which, when affixed at night, would not permit of the door being opened more than a couple of inches. Any clever thief, however, could cut through the panel of the door with an ordinary pocket-knife. The outer room was used as a sitting-room, and was furnished in a costly manner. The floor was covered with a heavy Brussels carpet. The most expensive article of furniture in the room was an elegantly-carved rosewood bureau, on the top of which stood a magnificent French clock. The bureau had apparently three drawers, but under the lowest drawer was a secret drawer, resting on side slats, and beneath this was a space reaching to the floor, concealed by the front and sides of the bureau. In this space and the secret drawer Bryant claims to have had at the time of his arrest $70,000 in $20 gold pieces. He claims to have weighed each piece carefully, then punched a small hole in the head of the Goddess of Liberty, and to have made up the pieces in rouleaux of $100 each. He also claims to have had in a large tin box which rested on a shelf, seven feet from the floor, rare coins worth $12,000, and in a bag hanging from a nail to the wall he claims to have had $1,700 in currency, a watch worth $500, a gold chain weighing 100 pennyweights, a diamond ring and some other jewelry in a trunk. Bryant asserts that he had $20,000 in postage stamps, which completed the list of his possessions. On the morning of Monday, the 12th inst., Miss Newbauer, of No. 78 Division street, whose mother is an intimate friend of Bryant, came to the house with some clean clothes for the old man. She at once saw that the place had been robbed. The padlock had been torn off the door with a jimmy, and the other two locks picked. All the drawers, including the secret one, were out of the bureau lying on the floor, and not a single gold coin was to be seen. The tin box and trunk had been forced open, and were empty. The bag had been cut open with a knife, and despoiled of its contents. Miss Neubauer at once informed the Tenth Precinct Police, and they communicated with Bryant, who at the time was confined in the Tombs. He became almost crazed with grief on hearing of his misfortune, and the District Attorney released him on his own recognizance, that he might assist the Police.

A TIMES reporter yesterday called at the private detective agency of Mr. H. W. Davies, Nos. 17 and 19 William street, and had an interview with Mr. Roscoe, who is there employed. Mr. Davies was formerly Superintendent of Pinkerton's Detective Agency in this City. Mr. Roscoe said that he had known Bryant for years. Bryant practiced medicine in this City, and was one of the unfortunately numerous class of practitioners known as specialists. He had given up that business for a hardly more reputable one. Mr. Roscoe stated that in addition to selling coins and buying stamps at the City Hall Park, it was well known that Bryant dealt in objectionable literature. Mr. Roscoe detailed the facts which led him to suspect Bryant of buying stolen postage-stamps, and said that he informed Mr. Faber that he was being robbed by his messenger boy. He also said that he had detected employes of J. M. Wentz & Co., No. 388 Broadway; Pomeroy & Plummer, of No. 61 Leonard street; Donaldson Brothers, of No. 4 Mission place; Chapman, Smith & Britton, of No. 78 Thomas street; the United States Tea Company, corner of Vesey and Church streets; Potter, Palmer & Lowry, of No. 1 Wall street, and of many other firms, stealing stamps from their employers and selling them to Bryant. All the messenger-boys referred to had confessed. Mr. Roscoe said that if Justice Bixby had granted the search-warrant Bryant's property would necessarily have been found by the Police and placed in the custody of the court, where it would have been safe from burglars. As it was, he felt deeply for Bryant, and was convinced from the appearances of the case that the old man had been robbed.

ANOTHER TENEMENT-HOUSE BURGLARY.

John Lawrence, a respectable-looking man, was committed in default of $3,000 bail, by Justice Flammer, at Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, on a charge of burglary. The case is deserving of attention to all persons living in French flats and tenement houses who think their rooms perfectly inaccessible when locked on the inside. Mrs. Maria Muller occupies the third floor of No 69 West Twenty-third street. About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon she had occasion to go from the rear sitting-room to a front-hall bedroom. On opening the door she was astounded to see two men engaged in ransacking the room of its contents. They pushed her on one side and fled down stairs, followed by Mrs. Muller, who called loudly for help. The first floor is occupied by Mr. James M. Gale, a real estate agent, who, hearing the cries and seeing the two men rush out the hallway, pursued them. They ran quickly down Twenty-third street to Sixth avenue, and turned up toward Twenty-fourth street at a rapid walk. Mr. Gale, unnoticed by the thieves, followed them on the opposite side of the street, intending to call on an officer when one should appear. The thieves turned down Twenty-fourth street to Seventh avenue, and when about to jump on a street car Officer Kelly, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, appeared on the scene. Mr. Gale called on him to arrest the prisoners, and the result was the capture of the prisoner Lawrence. His companion escaped by jumping over the front platform of the car and running down Twenty-third street. On the person of the prisoner was found jewelry valued at $1,700, all the property of Mrs. Muller. It consisted of a diamond brooch and earrings, several bracelets and rings, and other valuable trinkets. Mrs. Muller fully identified Lawrence as one of the men whom she caught in her room. Several burglar's tools were found upon the prisoner, also nippers, with which he turned the key in the lock from the outside of the door.

THE GLENDENNING TRIAL.

CONTINUATION OF THE CASE FOR THE PROSECUTION—THE ACCUSED CROSS-EXAMINES ONE OF THE WITNESSES AGAINST HIM.

The Jersey City Presbytery resumed the trial of Rev. John S. Glendening in the Prospect Avenue Church, of which the accused divine had been Pastor, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Dr. Imbrie stated that the prosecution had a witness who was about to start on a trip from which he could not return in less than two months. He asked permission to call him to the stand before Judge Aldridge resumed his statement. The Presbytery consented, and George E. Randell was sworn. He testified as follows: I am a member of the Prospect Avenue Presbyterian Church, and I knew Miss Pomeroy and know Glendenning. On the night of Glendenning's arrest, I was sent for by Mr. Miller. I went to his house. Glendenning was there with Officer Benson; he was talking with Mr. Northrup. Northrup told him it was a very serious matter, and asked what I thought. I told him that I agreed with him, and said to Glendenning that we had made an effort to find him during the evening, but had failed. He replied that that was what we ought to have done. A few minutes later Miss Pomeroy entered the room with Mr. Miller. As they entered Mr. Miller said: "Mr. Glendenning, here's the girl I want you to marry." Glendenning arose from his chair and advanced. Miss Pomeroy stretched out her hand and fell on his neck. He supported her to a chair, and after she had been seated Mr. Miller said, "Mary, does that child belong to Mr. Glendenning, or some one else?" She replied. "Glen., I have deceived you; its yours." He took her hand and said, "Why, Mary! You would not say this if you were not surrounded by these influences." Then I think Mr. Miller asked him if he would marry her. He said that he could not or would not under the circumstances. Mr. Miller then asked him, "What business have you sneaking into my house at all hours of the night?" and Glendenning answered that he would explain all that satisfactorily at the proper time. The officer then said something about its getting late, and that he would have to arrest him. Glendenning said he would furnish bail for his appearance. They were about to leave the room, when Mr. Hollowell asked Mr. Miller if he could have permission to ask Miss Pomeroy personally about the matter. Mrs. Miller said yes, and Mr. Hallowell asked her if she did solemnly swear that Glendenning was the father of the child. The question was repeated two or three times without an answer. Mrs. Miller then refused to allow Mr. Hallowell to press her to an answer. Then all went away. While Glendenning was in the house I did not hear him deny that he was the father of the child.

On cross-examination Mr. Randall stated that he attended the indignation meeting in McPherson Hall, and that he signed the resolutions denouncing Mr. Glendenning passed by the meeting. He felt that Mr. Glendenning had committed a great wrong.

Question—Did you make up your mind early that Mr. Glendenning was guilty?

Answer—I did.

Question—On what evidence?

Answer—From general information and from what I know of the case.

Mr. Dod said that he had not had an opportunity to consult with his client as to the evidence of this witness, and he asked that Mr. Glendenning himself be allowed to ask the witness some questions. No objection being made, Glendenning picked from the table a slip of paper bearing some notes, and in a tone of voice, and with a manner showing the most complete self-possession, put the following questions to Mr. Randell:

Question—Did you ever give Miss Pomeroy a pair of sleeve buttons?

Answer—No, sir.

Question—Did you ever endeavor to induce her to make any statement concerning her relations with me?

Answer—Never.

Question—Didn't some neighbors, on one occasion while you were showing Miss Pomeroy some improvements in the upper part of your house, call your wife down stairs, leaving Miss Pomeroy and yourself up stairs alone?

Answer—Never, Sir.

Question—Did you ever attend a party at Mr. Miller's house?

Answer—Yes; one.

Question—Did you, on that occasion, dance with Miss Pomeroy?

Answer—I invited her to dance, but she declined. I told her that I would not tell you, and she smiled.

Question—Did you ever give her any presents?

Answer—No, Sir.

Question—Have you ever given her any money?

Answer—No, Sir.

Question—Were you ever in the parlor at Mr. Miller's house alone with her?

Answer—No, Sir.

Question—And were you not surprised by hearing a noise in the little room off the parlor?

Answer—Never.

Question—And did she not leave you and go into the little room to find out who was there, and, coming back, tell you that Mr. Jones was there?

Answer—Never, Sir.

Mr. Randell said that these questions were very insulting, and he wanted to know whether he was obliged to answer.

Mr. Dod, counsel for the accused, said that his client had a right to ask such questions only as tended to his own exculpation.

Mr. Gendenning did not pursue his cross-examination further.

Justice Thomas Aldridge, whose examination had been interrupted in order to allow Mr. Randall to testify, was recalled, and Mr. Riggs went on with the direct examination of the witness. In addition to the testimony given on Saturday he stated that in drawing up the bonds upon which Glendenning, after his arrest, was released, he overheard a conversation between Mr. Gordon, one of the bondsmen, and Mr. Glendenning. Gordon asked Glendenning, "Did you know anything of this before." I understood Glendenning to say "yes." Gordon said "why didn't you speak of it." Glendenning's answer was, "on her account." I understood Mr. Gordon to say something about "the church, you know." The bastardy proceedings against Mr. Glendenning were discontinued because of the death of Miss Pomeroy.

THE TWEED CASE.

JUDGE BRADY DENIES THE MOTION TO CORRECT THE RECORD OF CONVICTION AS AMENDED BY CHIEF JUSTICE DAVIS.

Judge Brady yesterday rendered a decision denying the motion made a few days since on behalf of William M. Tweed to correct the record of his conviction by restoring the same to the form in which it was entered by the Clerk previous to the amendments made thereto by Chief Justice Davis, before whom the case on appeal was settled. The Judge's opinion is as follows:

"I deem it necessary only to state briefly the following answers to the motion made to correct the record. First—It is the duty of the Clerk of Oyer and Terminer, whenever a judgment upon any conviction shall be rendered, to enter such judgment fully on his minutes, stating briefly the offense for which conviction shall have been had. Second—It is the duty of the District Attorney, upon being required by the Clerk to prepare for him a statement of the offense of which any person shall be convicted, as the same is charged in the indictment, to be entered on the minutes of the Clerk, but it is declared by the statute that the court shall inspect such entries made by the Clerk and conform them to the facts, and shall inspect the statement made by the District Attorney for the Clerk, and conform it to the indictment, (3 R. S., 1,031, par. 5 and 6.) It is also further provided that a copy of the minutes of conviction, with the sentence of the court thereon, duly certified by the Clerk, in whose custody such minutes shall be, together with a copy of the indictment on which such conviction should have been had, certified in the same manner, shall be evidence in all courts and places of such correction, in all cases in which it shall appear by the certificate of the Clerk or otherwise, that no record of the judgment on such conviction has been signed and filed, (3 R. S. 1,032, sec. 12.) It thus appears that the entry on the minutes is subject to the inspection and correction of the court, to be exercised according to the facts and the indictment. The act is that of a court and not of a Judge, *sui nomine*, presiding therein. There can be no well-founded doubt that this power of correction may be exercised by the court when making up or supervising the record. That document is a full, formal, and solemn account of the charge, judgment, and sentence. It must be signed by a judge of the court, and when completed imports absolute verity. (Weed vs. People, 31 N. Y. Rep. 405.) It becomes the superior element. The minutes, as we have seen, are no longer proof. It is then the evidence of conviction and sentence. The record, having been made up and signed by the Justice of the court presiding therein at the time of the trial, and under the supervision of the court therefor, cannot be controlled by the minutes of the clerk, which are subordinate to it. It is unnecessary to consider for this reason, whether there is any substantial diffesense between them. Third—If these views be incorrect, there is still a fatal answer to the motion. The accuracy of the statements in the record, which the defendant seeks now to change, was the subject of a discussion before the court settling the form and substance of the record, and is, so far as the Court of Oyer and Terminer has any power over the matter, *res adjudicata* and binding. For these reasons, thus briefly stated, the motion must be denied."

The alteration of which the prisoner's counsel complain, and which was sought to be corrected on this motion, was the substitution of the word "misdemeanors" instead of "counts," of which Tweed had been found guilty.

A COSTLY SIDEWALK.

A Mrs. Hickey has recovered $1,250 damages from the City for injuries sustained by tripping and falling over a partially displaced flag on the sidewalk, at the corner of Seventeenth street and Avenue A. It was in evidence on the trial that the same unlevel flag awaits further victims.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—OCT. 19.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

1700	Western Union..	79½	1100	Pacific Mail....	46½
400	do.......s3.	79⅝	500	do.......b3.	46⅝
1200	do.......s3.	79½	1000	do.......	46⅝
1100	do.......	79½	300	do.......	46¾
400	do.......s3.	79⅝	400	do.......	46⅞
400	do.......	79⅝	500	do.......s3.	46¾
200	do.......b3.	79¾	300	Ohio & Miss.....	28½
1400	do.......	79⅝	200	do.......	28⅝
60	N. Y. C. & Hud..	101⅜	600	do.......	28¾
200	Erie Railway....	29	200	Union Pacific....	35
200	do.......	29⅛	1000	do.......	35⅛
300	do.......	29⅛	600	do.......	35¼
500	do.......	29⅝	400	do.......	35⅜
500	do.......	29½	1000	do.......	35¼
200	do.......c.	29½	300	do.......s3.	35⅛
100	do.......	29⅝	100	do.......	35⅛
1200	do.......	29¾	2300	do.......	35
1700	do.......	29⅞	200	North-west.....	38¼
1000	do.......	30	1700	Lake Shore.....	78½
1700	do.......s3.	30	2000	do.......	78⅝
900	do.......	30⅛	600	do.......b3.	78½
500	do.......	30¼	300	do.......	78½
700	do.......	30⅜	200	do.......	78¾
600	do.......	30½	2500	do.......	78¾
600	do.......	30¾	700	do.......b3.	78⅞
2000	do.......	30¼	300	do.......b3.	79
300	do.......	30⅛	600	do.......	79
600	do.......	30⅛	300	do.......	78⅞
500	do.......	30	1300	do.......	78¾
700	do.......	29⅞	500	Tol. & Wabash....	32
200	do.......	30	100	do.......b3.	32
500	do.......	30⅛	200	do.......s3.	31⅞
300	do.......	30¼	300	do.......	32
100	do.......b3.	30⅜	100	do.......c.	32⅛
800	do.......	30⅜	500	do.......c.	32
400	Rock Island.....	98	100	do.......	32
200	do.......	98¼	400	do.......	31⅞
200	do.......	98⅛			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$70,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C....	118⅝	$7,000 U. S. 5-20 R., '67.....117
10,000	U. S. 6s, '81, R....	118	500 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.....117⅞
500	U. S. 5-20 R., '65....	113	2,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.....112
500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65....	117	1,000 do.....112
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new....	116⅜	20,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.....b. c.111¾
			20,000 U. S. 6s, Cur.....118

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$1,000	Mo. 6s, L. b...	94½	100	Ill. Cen.......b. c.	91½
1,000	do.......	94⅝	100	Clev. & Pitts. G..	87⅞
10,000	Va. 6s, D..b.c.	9	300	do.......	87
5,000	C. & R.I.&P.7s.	106¼	17	do.......b c	87¼
13,000	do.......	106	400	Chic. & R. I....b. c.	98
2,000	St. L. J. & C.I.	95	100	do.......s3.	98
4,000	M. & St.P.Ss,1.	107	100	L.S.&M.So.b.c.b3.	78¾
16,000	Chic. & N. W. con. c. gold b.	81	200	do.......b3.	78⅝
			600	do.......s3.	78⅝
7,000	C., C.C. & I.I.	105	300	do.......s3.	78¾
5,000	M. & Es.7s,'71.	97¾	1400	do.......	78⅝
10,000	do.......	97⅞	700	do.......s3.	78½
2,000	N.Y.&N.H.6s..	100½	100	do.......s3.	78⅝
1,000	N. Y. C. 6s,'83.	97	100	do.......	78¾
5,000	Ohio & M. con.	92½	300	do.......s3.	78⅝
4,000	do.......	92¼	600	do.......b3.	78¾
1,000	Ohio & Miss.2.	74	500	do.......s3.	78⅝
10,000	Un. Pac. 1 M...	88½	800	do.......	78⅝
10,000	U. P. 7s,L.Gt..	86	700	do.......	78¾
4,000	C.P.G.b.b.c.s3.	92⅝	100	Chic. & N. W.b.c.	38¼
500	C.& Pitts. 4 M.	90½	100	do.......	38
2,000	C. C. & I.C 2d..	26	100	do.......b3.	38
5,000	Tol., Peo. & W. 1 W. Div...s3.	74¼	200	do.......c.	37⅞
			300	do.......s3.	37¾
2,000	do.......	74½	300	do.......	37¾
5,000	L.S.1M.c.r.b.c.	98¾	200	do.......b3.	37⅞
5,000	D.&H.r.b.'84..	105½	200	do.......	37⅞
2,000	Gt. West. 1 M. '88......b. c.	86¾	200	do.......	38
			100	do.......	37⅞
3,000	do.......	86⅞	5	do.......	38¼
75	Fourth N. B...b. c.	97	200	do.......	38
200	Mar. L.&M.Co.b.c.	6¼	100	C.&N.W.Pf.b.c.s3.	54
100	do.......	6	300	Un. Pac........b. c.	34⅞
5	Del. &H.Canal b.c.	115⅞	700	do.......	34¾
200	W. U. Tel. b. c.s3.	79¾	300	do.......	34⅝
300	do.......	79¾	400	do.......	34¾
300	do.......	79⅝	500	do.......s3.	34⅝
1,000	do.......	79½	2500	do.......	34½
300	do.......s3.	79½	500	do.......c.	34½
50	do.......	79⅝	300	do.......	34⅝
200	do.......b3.	79½	700	do.......	34¾
1700	do.......	79⅜	200	do.......b3.	34¾
950	do.......	79½	200	do.......c.	34⅝
500	do.......	79⅝	300	do.......	34⅝
200	do.......b3.	79½	500	do.......	34½
100	do.......	79½	200	do.......	34½
300	do.......	79½	300	do.......	34⅜
200	do.......s3.	79⅜	300	do.......s3.	34¾
100	do.......	79¾	9	New-Jersey Cen...	104⅜
100	do.......b3.	79½	200	T., Wab. & W.b.c.	31⅞
110	N. Y. C. & H...b.c.	101	200	do.......	31¾
100	do.......s3.	101	500	do.......b3.	31¾
100	Pac. M.S.S.Co.b.c.	46¾	500	do.......	31⅝
600	do.......	46⅝	13	N.Y.N.H.&H..b.c.	134½
500	do.......s3.	46½	100	Bos.H.&Erie.b.c.	1
900	do.......	46⅝	100	do.......	1
200	do.......s3.	46⅝	10	Del. L. & W...b. c.	107⅛
100	do.......b60.	46¾	34	do.......	107¼
900	do.......	46⅝	60	do.......	107⅜
700	do.......s3.	46½	200	do.......	107¼
1000	do.......	46½	50	Chic. & Alton..s3.	98
200	do.......s10.	46⅛	500	At. & Pac. Pf..b.c.	12¼
300	Erie Railway.b. c.	30⅛	100	do.......	12¼
300	do.......	30¼	25	do.......	12
100	do.......s3.	30⅛	100	do.......	12½
200	do.......b3.	30	400	Ohio & Miss.b.c.c.	28¼
500	do.......s3.	30	300	do.......	28⅜
100	do.......b30.	30⅛	300	do.......b3.	28⅛
200	do.......	30	200	do.......	28
700	do.......s3.	30	200	do.......	28
200	do.......b3.	30⅛	500	do.......s3.	27¾
800	do.......	30	100	do.......c.	27⅞
300	do.......b3.	30	100	do.......	28
500	do.......	29⅞	100	C., C. & I. C...b. c.	10½
2500	do.......	30			

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

300	Western Un...b3.	79⅝	1500	Lake Shore.....	78⅞
400	do.......b3.	79⅝	500	do.......s3.	78⅞
400	do.......b3.	79¾	300	do.......b3.	79
800	do.......	79¾	500	do.......	79
800	do.......	79⅝	1500	do.......s3.	79
500	do.......b3.	79⅝	700	do.......b3.	79⅛
400	do.......	79½	2400	do.......	79⅛
10	Mich. Central....	72½	800	do.......	79
100	Pacific Mail....	46⅝	500	do.......	79⅛
200	do.......b3.	46¾	1000	do.......	79¼
500	do.......	46¾	2100	do.......	79⅛
200	do.......	46⅝	200	Harlem.......	128¾
700	do.......	46½	200	Ohio & Miss.....	28⅛
500	do.......s3.	46½	500	do.......b3.	28¼
200	N. Y. C. & H..s60.	100½	200	do.......	28⅛
200	do.......c.	101⅛	300	do.......	28
200	Erie Railway....	29⅞	100	Un. Pacific....s3.	34⅝
400	do.......s3.	29¾	1000	do.......	34¾
100	do.......	29¾	100	do.......s3.	34½
100	do.......b3.	29⅝	400	do.......b3.	34⅞
100	do.......	29⅞	300	do.......	34⅞
200	do.......s3.	29⅞	500	do.......	34⅞
1200	do.......	30	500	do.......s3.	34¾
400	do.......	30⅛	300	do.......	34⅝
100	do.......	30¼	600	do.......	34½
600	do.......s3.	30	100	do.......	34¾
100	do.......s5.	30	200	Panama.......	113½
1800	do.......	30⅛	25	C. B. & Quincy..	101½
300	North-western....	38⅛	100	At. & Pacific Pf..	12½
100	Rock Island....	98⅛	87	C., C. & I. C.......c.	10
100	Toledo & Wab....	31⅞			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2 P. M.

$4,000	U.S. 6s, C.,'81.	118½	$20,000 U. S. 5-20, C., '68.....117⅞

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	Cen.Pac. G.B.	92½	100	Harlem R....b. c.	128¾
4,000	do.......	92⅝	100	Chic. & R. I...b. c.	98⅛
20,000	Un.Pac.7s,L.G.	88	100	T., W. & W..b. c.	31⅞
10,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	109	200	do.......b3.	32
6,000	M. & E.7s,'71.	98	800	L.S. & M. So..b. c.	79⅜
7,000	C., R.I. & P. 7s.	106	100	do.......	79¼
5,000	O.&M. Con.S.F.	94	2100	do.......	79⅜
3,000	O. & M. Con. B.	92	800	do.......	79½
10,000	C. & M.1st.b.c.	99	600	do.......s3.	79⅝
10,000	do.......	93½	1500	do.......	79⅜
5,000	do.......	93	1500	do.......	79½
2,000	St.L. & I.M. 2d.	63	500	do.......	79⅝
4,000	Clev. & P. 4th.	91½	2700	do.......	79⅝
1,000	N.Y.C. 6s, '83.	97½	1500	do.......s3.	79¼
25	Mechanics' Bank.	136	5	N. J. Cen.......b. c.	104
100	Mar. Land & Min.	6	50	P., Ft.W.& C. G'd.	92
100	Quick. Min...b. c.	30½	1100	Union Pac...b. c.	34½
100	Amer. D. Tel....	40	100	do.......b. c.	34⅝
1500	W. U. Tel...b. c.	79⅝	1000	do.......	34⅝
5100	do.......	79¾	1000	do.......	34½
700	do.......b3.	79⅞	2600	do.......	34⅜
1800	do.......	79⅞	1500	do.......s3.	34¼
500	do.......s3.	79¾	20	Chic. & N.W...b. c.	38⅛
400	do.......	79⅝	100	do.......	38¼
300	do.......	79⅝	100	do.......s3.	38¼
1600	do.......	79½	200	do.......	38⅜
300	Pac. Mail...b. c.	46⅝	100	do.......b3.	38⅜
100	do.......s3.	46⅝	1000	do.......	38¼
700	do.......	46¾	285	D.,L.&W. b. c..b3.	107⅜
200	do.......s3.	46½	100	do.......	107⅛
500	N.Y.C.& H.R...b.c.	101	88	Mor. & Es....b. c.	97⅞
200	Erie Railway.b. c.	30⅛	7	N.Y.,N.H.& H.b.c.	134½
500	do.......	30¼	550	Ohio & M.....b. c.	28⅛
1400	do.......b3.	30¼	100	do.......	28¼
500	do.......	30⅛	100	do.......	28⅛
3000	do.......	30¼	100	C., C. & I. C...b. c.	10½

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

200	West. Union...s3.	79⅜	200	St. Paul.........	33
400	do.......b3.	79½	500	Lake Shore......	79⅛
100	do.......	79⅜	100	do.......s3.	79
100	do.......	79½	2200	do.......	79⅛
900	Pacific Mail....	46½	500	do.......	79
300	do.......s3.	46⅜	800	do.......s3.	79⅛
500	do.......	46½	200	do.......b3.	79⅛
65	N. Y. C. & Hud...	101	300	do.......s3.	79
100	do.......	100⅞	600	Union Pacific....	34¼
100	Panama.......	113½	700	do.......	34⅛
100	North-west'n..b3.	38¼	100	do.......b3.	34¼
100	do.......	38	300	do.......b3.	34⅛
500	Erie Railway....	30⅛	600	do.......	34¼
1600	do.......	30	1000	do.......	34
500	do.......	30⅛	500	do.......	34⅛
200	do.......b3.	30⅛	500	do.......	34⅛
100	do.......	30	300	do.......s3.	34¼
1500	do.......	30	2000	do.......	34⅛
200	do.......s3.	29⅞	100	Del., L. & W.....	107¼
600	do.......	29⅞	100	Ft. Wayne......	92¼
100	do.......	30	300	Ohio & Miss....	28
100	do.......	30	300	do.......	27⅞
100	Tol. & Wabash....	31⅝	100	C., C. & I. C.....	10½
200	do.......	31⅝	100	Pacific R. of Mo..	36½
100	do.......	31⅝			

MONDAY, Oct. 19—P. M.

The opening of the week in financial and commercial circles has been marked by dullness and a generally weak or lower condition of the markets. The Stock market was spiritless and depressed throughout, and closed with a decline in the general list of ⅞ to ⅛ ⅌ cent., the exceptions being Wabash and Erie, which were ⅛ and ¾ higher respectively, under the influence of local causes. While the market is sustained, as at present, only by weak hands, who unload for realizations whenever there is an improvement in prices of ½ or ¾ ⅌ cent., no steady or strong condition of affairs need be looked for, and its course will of necessity be erratic, with a downward tendency. Sterling exchange was dull and unchanged, and Gold and Government Bonds firm but quiet. London advices represent consols and American bonds dull but firm. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance, to-day, was £211,000, but nothing is reported by cable as to the destination of this money. In view of the recent heavy losses in specie by both the Bank of England and the Bank of France, which induced the advance of 1 ⅌ cent in the Bank rate of discount at London on Thursday last, this movement is of considerable significance.

Money here to-day has ruled at 3 ⅌ cent. on Call Loans, with some few dealings at a fraction lower, and some nominal rates as much as 1 ⅌ cent. higher. Prime short date to four months' discounts range from 5 to 7 ⅌ cent. Sterling Exchange was dull but firm at $4 84½ @$4 84¾ for prime bankers' sixty days' bills, and $4 88@$4 88¼ for demand; nominal rates, $4 85@$4 88½. Continentals were steady at 95@96⅛ for Reichmarks; 96½ for Cables, and 5.15@5.12½ for Prime Paris francs. The Gold speculation is still utterly devoid of interest, the only price of the day being 110, with 110 bid at the close. The only rates on Gold Loans were, to borrowers 1-64 ⅌ diem and 2@3@4 ⅌ cent., and late in the day 2 ⅌ cent. was paid to have balances carried. Government Bonds have been firm, and in some of the issues a fractional advance on Saturday's prices is noticeable. The sales on the Exchange to-day, however, were limited, aggregating but $165,000 Coupon sixes of 1881 advanced from 118½ to 118⅝; registered do., 118; Coupon 5-20s, 1867, sold in small lots at 117⅝ and closed at 117¾, and Coupons of 1868s, brought 117⅞. At the close New Fives were firm at Saturday's prices, and Coupons, 1862, were ¼ ⅌ cent. higher. The prepayment of November interest, with rebate, will begin to-morrow and will be continued until Saturday next, after which time the interest will be paid without deduction.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated sales of 182,000 shares, the principal dealings being in Lake Shore, Erie, Union Pacific, Western Union and Pacific Mail. The dullness of the present market is notably illustrated by the fact that in many of the hitherto favorite speculative stocks which sold a week or two since as much as 20,000 to 50,000 shares per day, the dealings have lately been of the lightest proportions. In St. Paul Common, to-day, there were but 200 shares sold, and no Preferred Stock whatever; in Rock Island only 1,500 shares; in Wabash, 4,000; North-western, 4,500; C., C. & I. C., less than 400; Quicksilver, 100. As compared with the closing quotations of Saturday, Wabash opened at an advance of ⅜ ⅌ cent., Union Pacific and Pacific Mail at a decline of ¼ ⅌ cent., and Lake Shore, Erie, and Western Union ⅛ ⅌ cent., the remainder of the list having been unchanged. Before the call, Erie advanced from 29 to 30½; this imparted firmness to the whole market, and a general advance of ¼ to ⅝ ⅌ cent. ensued. At the first board weakness was developed, and a decline of ¼ to ⅞ ⅌ cent. took place. This was succeeded by an advance of ¼ to 1⅛ ⅌ cent., the strongest stock having been Lake Shore, which rose to 79⅝. With this exception, and Western Union, which remained firm at 79⅝ to 79⅞, the market was weak from the second call to the close of business, when even Lake Shore and Western Union declined to 79 and 79⅜ respectively. After the first call Erie was irregular, with frequent fluctuations between 29⅞ and 30⅜, closing at 29⅞@30. Union Pacific opened at 35, rose to 35⅜, and in the afternoon touched 34, closing at 34⅛. The other changes were less important and are given elsewhere. St. Paul, as above stated, was practically neglected. New-York Central was also very dull and attracted comparatively little attention. New-York, New-Haven and Hartford sold at 134½; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western at 107⅛@107⅜; Fort Wayne at 92@92¼; Pittsburg at 87@87⅞; Michigan Central at 72½; New-Jersey Central at 104; Morris and Essex at 97⅞, and Panama at 113½. The Railway Mortgages were firm on moderately active dealing, distributed over all the best-known issues. Chicago and Rock Island sevens sold at the First Board at 106¼@106; North-western Consolidated Gold Bonds, coupon, at 81; Morris and Essex sevens at 97¾@98; do first at 109; Cleveland and Pittsburg fourth advanced from 90½ at the first call to 91½ at the Second Board; Ohio and Mississippi Consolidated at 92½@92; Consolidated Sinking Fund at 94, and Second Mortgage at 74; Central Pacific Gold Bonds at 92½@92⅝; Union Pacific First, 88½; Land Grants, 86; Iron Mountain Second at 63, and Lake Shore First, consolidated registered at 98¾. State Securities were neglected, the only sales being in Missouri Long Sixes at 94½@95⅝, and Virginia Deferred Sixes at 9. Bank Shares were devoid of interest.

The Assistant Treasurer paid out on Government account $12,000 for interest on the Public Debt, and $1,000 in redemption. The receipts for Customs amounted to $295,000.

The closing prices of to-day compare as follows with those of Saturday's final sales:

Closing Quotations—Oct. 19.

	Saturday.	Monday.
U. S. New 5s, coup., '81	112⅜	112⅜
U. S. 5-20s, coup., '62	113	113¼
U. S. 5-20s, coup., '67	117⅝	117¾
American Gold	110	110
Bills on London, 60 days	$4 84½@$4 84¾	$4 84½@$4 84¾
New York Central and Hudson	101⅜	100⅞
Chicago and Rock Island	98⅛	98⅛
Pacific Mail	46¾	46½
St. Paul Common	33¼	33
St. Paul Preferred	52	52
Western Union	79⅝	79½
Union Pacific	35¼	34⅛
Lake Shore	78⅝	79
Toledo and Wabash	31½	31⅝
North-western Common	38¾	38
North-western Preferred	54	54
Delaware and Lackawanna	107¼	107¼
New-Jersey Central	104⅛	104
Panama	113½	113½
Erie	29⅛	29⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	28⅛	27⅞
C., C. and Indiana Central	10¾	10½
Harlem	129	128¾

The extreme range of prices in Stocks and the number of shares sold are as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	No. of Shares.
New-York Central	101⅜	100⅞	1,335
Harlem	128¾	128¾	300
Erie	30½	29	40,600
Lake Shore	79⅝	78⅜	45,500
Wabash	32⅛	31⅝	4,100
North-western	38⅜	37⅞	4,525
North-western Preferred	54	54	100
Rock Island	98¼	98	1,500
Fort Wayne	92¼	92	100
Milwaukee & St. Paul	33	33	200
Pittsburg	87⅞	87	417
Del., Lack. & Western	107⅜	107⅛	889
New-Jersey Central	104⅜	104	14
Michigan Central	72½	72½	10
Illinois Central	91½	91½	100
Union Pacific	35⅜	34	33,600
Pacific of Missouri	36½	36½	100
C., C. & Indiana Central	10½	10	387
Ohio & Mississippi	28⅜	27¾	6,350
Boston, Hartford & Erie	1	1	300
Panama	113½	113½	300
Western Union	79⅞	79⅜	29,600
Atlantic & Pacific Pref.	12½	12	825
Pacific Mail	46⅞	46⅛	14,100
Quicksilver	30½	30½	100
Chicago, Bur. & Quincy	101½	101½	25
Am. Dist. Telegraph	40	40	100
Mariposa	6¼	6	400
Morris & Essex	97⅞	97⅞	88
Chicago & Alton	98	98	50
Total sales			186,021

The latest quotations of prices for Government Bonds are the following:

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. Currency 6s	118	118¼
U. S. 6s, 1881, Registered	117⅞	118
U. S. 6s, 1881, Coupons	118½	118⅝
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Registered	109½	110
U. S. 5-20s, 1862, Coupons	113	113½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Registered	111¼	111½
U. S. 5-20s, 1864, Coupons	116⅛	116⅜
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Registered	113	113½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, Coupons	117	117¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Registered	116⅛	116½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865, new, Coupons	116⅜	116½
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Registered	117	117¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1867, Coupons	117⅝	117⅞
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Registered	117¼	117¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1868, Coupons	117¾	117⅞
U. S. 10-40s, Registered	112	112¼
U. S. 10-40s, Coupons	112	112¼
U. S. 5s, 1881, Registered	111½	111¾
U. S. 5s, 1881, Coupons	112¼	112½
Central Pacific Gold Bonds	92½	93
Western Pacific Gold Bonds	93⅜	93⅞

The day's quotations at the Gold Exchange Bank supplied as follows:

Gross clearances	$22,489,000
Gold balances	2,281,050
Currency balances	2,521,092

And at the Clearing-house as follows:

Currency exchanges	$83,582,194
Currency balances	3,271,805
Gold exchanges	11,366,811
Gold balances	1,405,612

The following are the bids made at the Exchange Board for the various State Securities:

California 7s	111	N. Y. 5s, Gold L., '76.	107
Connecticut 6s	103	N.C. 6s, o., Jan.&Jy.	21
Georgia 6s	75	N. C. 6s, April & Oct.	20½
Ga. 7s, new bds	88	N. C. 6s, N. C. R. Jan. & July	41
Ga. 7s, Indorsed	88	N. C. 6s, N. C. R., Ap. & October	42
Ga. 7s, Gold bds	72	N. C. 6s, N. C. R. cp. off, Ja. & J.	30
Indiana 5s	101	N. C. 6s, N. C. R., cp. off, Apl. & Oct.	30
Ill. coup., 6s, '77	101¼	N. C. 6s, Fd. Act, '66.	15
Ill. coup., 6s, '79	101¼	N. C. 6s, Fd. Act, '68.	15
Ill. War Loan	101¼	N.C. N. Bds., Ja. & J.	12½
Kentucky 6s	100	N.C. N. Bds., A. & O.	10
Louisiana 6s	22	Ohio 6s, '75	101
La. 6s, new bds	22	Ohio 6s, '81	102
La. 6s, Levee bds	22	Ohio 6s, '86	104
La. 8s, Levee bds	23	Rhode Island 6s	103½
Mich. 6s, '78-'79	103	South Car. 6s	20
Mich. 6s, '83	103½	S. C. Non-Fund. bds.	6
Mich. 7s, '90	104	Tenn. 6s, old	67
Mo. 6s, due in '74	100⅛	Tenn. 6s, Ex-Coup.	51½
Mo. 6s, due in '75	100⅛	Tenn. 6s, new bds.	67
Fund'g bs., due in '94	92⅛	Tenn. 6s, Ex-Coup.	51½
Long Bds, due '81 to '91, incl.	94¼	Tenn. 6s, new series	51¼
N. Y. Reg. B'ty L.	108	Texas 10s of '76	95½
N. Y. Cp. B'ty L.	108	Va. 6s, old	33
N.Y. 6s, Canal L., '75	108	Va. 6s, new bds, '66	33
N.Y. 6s, Canal L., '77	108	Va. 6s, new bds, '67	33
N.Y. 6s, Canal L., '78	108	Va. 6s, Cons. bds	52½
N. Y. 6s, Gold R., '87	110	Va. 6s, Cons. 2d ser.	40½
N. Y. 6s, Gold C., '87	110		
N. Y. 6s, Gold L., '83	110		
N. Y. 6s, Gold L., '91	112		
N. Y. 5s, Gold L., '75	107		

And the following for City Bank Shares:

America	149	Mechanics'	136
American Exchange	113½	Merchants'	118½
Central National	99½	Metropolitan	131
Chatham	137	Nassau	106
Chemical	1,500	New-York	120
City	300	New-York County	205
Commerce	116½	North America	90
Corn Exchange	120	Pacific	165
First National	200	Park	136
Fulton	145	People's	140
Hanover	100	Republic	104½
Irving	128	St. Nicholas	106
Marine	130	State of New-York	108
Market	120	Union	139

PHILADELPHIA STOCK PRICES—OCT. 19.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	101½	102
City 6s, new	104⅛	104¼
Camden and Amboy	128	128½
Pennsylvania	54⅜	54½
Reading	53⅞	54
Lehigh Valley	61⅛	61¼
Catawissa Preferred	43	43¼
Philadelphia and Erie	14	14¼
Northern Central	30¾	31
Lehigh Navigation	46⅜	46¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	97¾	98

The annual election of the Gold Exchange was held to-day, two tickets, both headed by James B. Colgate for President, being in the field. The result will be announced at the board to-morrow morning. The annual report of the Treasurer of the Gold Room shows a balance on hand of $152,486.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barrett, J.

Nos.
24—Schuyler vs. Crowley.
27—Lynch, Executor, vs. Keech.
31—Lange vs. Altenbrand, (No. 1.)
32—Same vs. Same, (No. 2.)
34—Howard vs. Dusenbury.
41—Philadelphia Coal Co. vs. Bass.
50—Smith vs. Long Island R. R. Co.
55—Second Union Co-operative L. & B. Society vs. Stech.
72—Roe vs. The Mayor, &c.
77—Stiles vs. Carman.
87—Phelan vs. Collender.
108—Goodheart, Jr., vs. Goodheart.
116—Matter of Chalmers.
117—The Mayor vs. Haw, Jr.
118—Weed S. M. Co. vs. Jacobus.

Nos.
121—Bird vs. Soles.
126—Banker vs. Fields.
129—Petshaw vs. Adams.
130—Matter of Eiselle.
133—Allerton vs. The Mayor, &c.
185—Marshall vs. Henriques.
186—Brookman vs. Armstrong.
190—Shaw & Wilcox Co. vs. Daggatt.
191—Shaw & Wilcox Co. vs. Sutphen.
192—Sparks vs. Sparks.
195—Basso vs. Levy.
220—More vs. Hermann.
233—Matter of Pinckney.
234—Matter of Allerton.
237—Lanigan vs. Smith.
238—Howland vs. Hutchings, &c.
239—Peters vs. Beardsley.

Call No. 241—Schirmer vs. Dalton.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Davis, P. J., Lawrence and Daniels, J. J.

Nos.
119—McGuire vs. The People, &c.
120—Murphy vs. The People, &c.
121—Foster vs. The People, &c.
122—Brennan vs. The People, &c.
123—Evers vs. The People, &c.
124—Bernard vs. The People, &c.
125—Sheffiin vs. The People, &c.
126—Wapcooitch vs. The People, &c.
127—Bielschofsky vs. The People, &c.
128—Gill et al. vs. The People, &c.
129—Conway vs. The People, &c.
130—Lenahan vs. The People, &c.
131—Charlick et al. vs. The People, &c.
58—White, Trustee, vs. Livingston et al.
16—Darling vs. Brewster et al.
24—Catlin vs. Catlin.
70—Toffey et al. vs. Williams.
78—Redmond et al. vs. Hoge et al.
194—Darling vs. Brewster et al.
199—Hallgarten et al. vs. Eckert et al.
200—Godfrey vs. Moser.
203—Stevens vs. Corn Exchange Bank.

Nos.
204—Moffatt vs. Cauldwell et al.
205—Hall vs. Madden.
164—Miller vs. The Mayor, &c.
206—Osborn vs. Keech.
207—Satterwaite vs. Vreeland et al.
92—Bartlett vs. McNeil.
149—Excelsior Petroleum Company vs. Lacey, Executrix, et al.
150—Same vs. Same.
151—Platt, Executors, et al. vs. Platt.
156—People ex rel. Alexander vs. Alexander.
7—Board of Commissioners of Pilots vs. Spofford et al.
8—Same vs. Same.
11—In the Matter, &c., of Little.
74—Panama Railroad Co. vs. Robinson.
91—U. D. Savings Institution, vs. Duryea, &c.
96—Bray vs. Poillon et al.
163——— vs. ——.
15—Darling vs. Brewster, et al.
80—Roberts vs. Hill.
84—Hirsch vs. Livingston, Executors, et al.
132—People ex rel. Schneider vs. Hartman.
147—Rollwagen vs. Rollwagen, Jr.
193—Saltonstall vs. Lard.
196—Clark vs. Donaldson.
103——— vs. ——.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART I.

Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART II.

Held by Van Brunt, J.

Nos.
28—Fitzgerald vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
1988—Vermilyee et al. vs. Suydam et al.
1834—Phelps vs. Chappell, impleaded, &c.
956½—Tompkins et al. vs. Marshall.
14—Barnard et al. vs. Campbell.
2104—Meyer vs. Levy et al.
3654—McCabe vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.
2130—Stigelar vs. Lynch.
2140—Mills vs. Hildreth et al.
2098—Appleby vs. The Astor Fire Ins. Co.
835—Poillon vs. Luling.
1760—Courtney et al. vs. Dimmick.
2598—Hewitt et al. vs. Fernandos.

Nos.
2592—Collender, Sur., &c., vs. Dinsmore, President, &c.
2594—Finckle vs. Busch.
2596—People's Bank of N.-Y. vs. Crane et al.
2600—Eddey vs. Walter.
2602—Ketteltas vs. Keyser et al.
2604—Fuller vs. Jennings.
2606—Hand vs. Ganrin.
2610—Payne vs. Britton.
2612—Cheever, administratrix, &c., vs. Dollner et al.
2614—Cunningham vs. Martin et al., &c.
2616—Stevant et al. vs. Brennan, Sheriff.
2618—Delemater vs. Rhodes.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Donohue, J.

Nos.
99½—Alker, P. Adm'r, vs. Salomon et al.
1653—Ives, Trustee, &c., vs. Heath.
1747—Covert vs. Beman, Executor.
1861—Smith vs. Sonnekalt et al.
2921—Smith vs. The Mayor.
1475—Gibbon vs. Davison.
599½—Seaver et al. vs. Moore.
1751—Ganong vs. *Tribune* Association.
2481—Nelson et al. vs. Odiorne.
1981—Gardner et al. vs. McNulty.
1983—Marshall vs. Am. Cor. Iron Company.
3639—Gelpcke vs. Quintell.

Nos.
1553—Hallister vs. Englebart, &c.
1145—McGrath vs. Wool.
1951—Walsh vs. Mead.
1959—Watson vs. Dimock.
3435—Hojer vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York.
457—Bronson vs. Trottingham et al.
2013—Lyons vs. Leichtenstein.
2015—Everett vs. Staples.
2017—Urbahn vs. Braach et al.
2021—Davis vs. Wilmerding et al.
2025—Baker et al. vs. Cumming.
2027—Johnson vs. Curtis.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Monell, C. J.

Nos.
699—Willis vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
653—Furlong vs. Allen.
659—Mendelshon vs. The Greenwich Ins. Co.
1247—Schreyer vs. The Mayor, &c., N. Y.
751—Brown vs. Silberstein et al.
787—Valentine vs. Bean et al.
261—Smith vs. Frost.
287—Hall vs. Durling.
661—Keogh vs. Levenson.
555½—Wright vs. Huggins.

431—Gleibs vs. Schafer.
551—Doyle vs. Sharpe et al.
1133—Brown vs. Fisk, Jr., et al.
737—Brewster et al. vs. Taylor.
739—Carrington et al. vs. Ward.
745—Grossmeyer vs. Heller et al.
753—Weiss vs. Brennan.
771—Treadwell vs. The Empire Mut. Life Ins. Co.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Sedgwick, J.

Nos.
382½—O'Brien vs. Williamsburg City Insurance Company.
700—Bleecker vs. Davidson et al.
672—Woods vs. Janes, impleaded.
678½—May vs. Hinckley.
1156—May vs. Brennan, Sheriff.
698—Medicus vs. the Germania Ins. Co.
572—Livingston vs. Keech.
865—Clare vs. The National City Bank.
744—Leavitt vs. Mallory et al.

728—Shattuck vs. McGrath.
730—Bull's Head Bank vs. Barhyte et al.
732—Simon vs. The Manufacturers' and B. Ins. Co.
734—Bull's Head Bank vs. McFeeters et al.
642—The Diamond State Iron Company vs. Lisberger.
428—Flinan vs. Malloy.
552—Heronymus vs. Petrie.
720—Turner vs. Mumford.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Held by Larremore, J.

Nos.
44—Vanderviele vs. Callanan.
45—Bates vs. Pelton.
32—Corliss vs. N. Y. & London Manuf. Co.
34—Stuckhause vs. Knickerbocker L. Ins. Co.
6—Herring vs. [illegible]
11—Mulvey vs. Mulvey.

30—Smith vs. Smith.
33—Cashman vs. Martin.
31—Same vs. Same.
52—Same vs. Same.
53—Same vs. Same.
54—Same vs. Same.
55—Same vs. Same.
38—Pendleton vs. Barnett.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Loew, J.

Case on.
1773—Shea vs. Larkin.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Daly, J.

Nos.
1918—Gross vs. Bonton et al.
1176—Gorsch vs. Kissam.
2137—Costello vs. The Mayor.
1991—McGowan vs. The Mayor.
344—Grinnell vs. Kerner.
167—Towle vs. Little et al.
712—Condit vs. Warren.
1692—Brown vs. The Mayor.
1192—Gardner vs. O'Reilly.
1171—Weed, Administrator, vs. Great Western Insurance Co.

Nos.
1253—Beaumont vs. Klumpton.
2019½—Knight vs. The Mayor.
2188—Holt et al. vs. Schmitt.
1149—Venable vs. Wolping et al.
1068—Moller et al. vs. Tuska et al.
1069—Same vs. Same.
1212—Howland vs. Murphy.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Alker, J.

Nos.
190—Wahmung vs. New.
329—Cohen vs. Sigel et al.
4—Klein vs. Fox.
229—Werder vs. Messer, Jr.
326—Lundberg vs. Griffis.
452—Kimmell et al. vs. Natchman et al.
1065—Henry et al. vs. Sefton.
1086—Schwarzschild vs. Oppenheim.
1135—Dalton vs. McDonald et al.

Nos.
435—Schefers vs. Mudge.
440—Hildebrant vs. Conover et al.
444—Noble et al. vs. McKee.
445—Noble vs. Taggart.
446—Noble vs. Sherwood, impleaded.
448—Crary et al. vs. Goeghan.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Joachimsen, J.

Nos.
286—Meighan vs. Reeves, Jr.
961—Schultz vs. De Mackiewicz.
127—Williams et al. vs. Peter.
1338—Kidd et al. vs. Newman.
413—Meyers vs. Fox.
280—Deane et al. vs. Wilson.
292—Beaton vs. Durlacher.

Nos.
447—Mullen vs. Page.
288—Phelps vs. Sioux.
289—Phelps vs. Rogers et al.
296—Hill et al. vs. Elliott.
297—Stanbury vs. Cary.
46—Carr et al. vs. The Sonzet S. F. M. Co.
391—Schwartz vs. Godchaud.
415—Guiterman et al. vs. Loebenberg.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Spaulding, J.

Nos.
1122—Sonhard vs. Rud.
606—Winans vs. Gardner.
5098—Leo vs. Myers.
1011—Ayres vs. McKinley.
36—Benito vs. Cueston.
603—Young vs. Pinckney.
205—Hart vs. Gallagher.
442—McNamara vs. Tallman.
339—Lloyd vs. Blees S. M. Co.

Nos.
833—Campbell vs. Voorhis.
1684—Woods vs. Ruggles.
1278—Marriott vs. Harrison.
1284—Lockwood vs. Carmeleer.
233—Baijer et al. vs. Dasendorff.
234—Baijer et al. vs. Loughran.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Hackett, Recorder.

John Reddy, James Campbell, and James Coy, robbery.
James J. Kelly and John Halloran, felonious assault and battery.
Parent Petre, felonious assault and battery.
Patrick Sloan, John Delany, and John Nolan, burglary.
Michael Ahearn, burglary.
Richard Ryan, burglary.
Isaac Tannenholz, grand larceny.
Edwin Hogan, grand larceny.
Edward McCabe and James Perry, grand larceny.
Patrick McCabe, grand larceny.
William L. Marshand, grand larceny.
Louis Nion, grand larceny.
Henry Welding, larceny from the person.
Jane Crane, larceny from the person.
Joseph Brady, grand larceny.
William Watson, false pretences.
Andrew Smith, grand larceny.
Jacob Smith, grand larceny.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Held by Brady, J.

John Hafnagle, manslaughter.
John H. Deckere and Edward Broderick et al., robbery.
William Dick, felonious assault and battery.
Harwood Cherry, felonious assault and battery.
William Burns, felonious assault and battery.
Peter Murphy, felonious assault and battery.
James O'Neil, felonious assault and battery.
Patrick Donovan, felonious assault and battery.
Michael Hogan, felonious assault and battery.
Archibald McIntyre, grand larceny.
Solomon Murburger, grand larceny.
Francis B. Dye, grand larceny.
Jacob Rosenberg, grand larceny.
Newman Harris et al., grand larceny.
Lewis Murks, grand larceny.
James Smith et al., grand larceny.
Albert E. Garrett, forgery.
Archibald M. Francis et al., false pretences.
Josiah Carpenter, false pretences.
George F. Havens, false pretences.
Mary Ann Spaeler, arson.
Richard Shannon, receiving stolen goods.
Alexander Skinner, receiving stolen goods.
Austin Black et al., attempt to induce perjury.
James Mulligan, misdemeanor.
Dennis Maher, assault and battery.
Mary and James Maloney, assault and battery.
John Joseph Gillen, manslaughter.
Patrick Doonan, felonious assault and battery.
James H. Heavy, felonious assault and battery.
James O'Niel, felonious assault and battery.
Mathew Halpin and James Monaghan, felonious assault and battery.
George Butler, grand larceny.
Henry F. Clark, forgery.
Curtis Mendell and Edward Haneschild, forgery.
Charles Harrison, receiving stolen goods.
George B. Coleman, receiving stolen goods.
Edward D. G. McKay, false pretences.
Philip Sarne, perjury.
Serson Bolhur et al., false pretences.
John S. Doll, assault and battery.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Barrett.

Smith vs. Simpson; motion denied without costs. Memorandum.

Meyer vs. Gluck; motion denied and temporary injunction dissolved with $10 costs.

Levy vs. Levy; Wilson vs. Kehoe; Wright vs. Lemon; memorandums.

The Mayor, &c., New-York, vs. Damat; motion to continue injunction denied and temporary injunction dissolved with $10 costs.

Merchant vs. Kasse: motion granted upon payment of the costs of the cause to the present date, and $10 costs of opposing the motion.

Vermyle vs. Post; upon the plaintiff's affidavit that the books are now within the jurisdiction and open at all proper times to defendant's inspection, the motion for a Receiver must be denied without costs.

By Judge Lawrence.

Mechanics' and Traders' Saving Institution vs. Lynch: Grocers' Bank vs. Mead; Clark vs. Willis; orders granted.

Davenport vs. Willis; order of reference granted.

Brewster vs. Hartigan; MacKenzie vs. Hyde; Leroy vs. Webb; in the matter of Dosteck, Marshall vs. Stacey; Averill Chemical Paint Company vs. Fire Association of Philadelphia; Scheuck vs. Stanley; Averill Chemical Paint Company vs. American Central Insurance Company; Kenny vs. Hinds; Farlon vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York; Glaccum vs. Hind; Lord vs. Johnson; The Chapin Machine Company vs. Williams; Schneider vs. Berlinghoff; The Produce Bank vs. Bergstein; Ford vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York; Fallon vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York, (No. 2;) Hart B. M. Manufacturing Company vs. Beaton; Furnial vs. Potter; Lanigan vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York; Sharpe vs. Wynkoop et al.; Bates vs. Barbor; Mauger vs. Welcke; The Chatham National Bank vs. Spyer; Roberts vs. Gibbs; Estes vs. King; Chatham National Bank vs. Trenner; Chatham National Bank vs. Wood; Potter vs. Campbell; Amidown vs. Copeland; granted.

Blackledge vs. Schmale; memorandum.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Curtis.

Hennessey vs. Hennessey; motion to vacate proceedings granted, with costs of motion to defendant.

Acker, &c., vs. Sharpe et al.; order signed.

Johnston vs. Johnston et al.; motion to amend granted.

Johnston vs. Johnston et al.; order settled.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Robinson.

Underhill vs. Parker; injunction denied, and temporary injunction dissolved with $10 costs to abide the event.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge Curtis.

THE CITY'S COAL—A CHARGE OF FRAUDULENT OVERPAYMENTS.

John T. Barnard vs. The Mayor, &c.—Plaintiff brought suit against defendant to recover $1,032 27 for coal delivered for the use of the public departments during the month of May, 1874. An answer was put in on behalf of the City in which it was set forth that, at various times between June, 1868, and February, 1870, the plaintiff had obtained from the City and County payments amounting to $90,000 and upward for fuel which he had never delivered to the various departments to which delivery was pretended to have been made, and this amount the City claimed the right to set up as an offset to plaintiff's present claim. In August last a motion was made before a Judge of this court, on affidavits alleging the defense to be without foundation and inspired by personal feeling on the part of some persons in the Finance Department, for an order to compel the City to furnish to plaintiff a bill of particulars giving the items in regard to the alleged fraudulent payments, the dates of the warrants and the departments on account of which such payments were made. On Sept. 9 the motion was granted by default, and an order made requiring the particulars of the defense to be given within ten days, and in default thereof, plaintiff to have the right to move to debar defendant from giving evidence as to such alleged frauds at the trial. The bill of particulars was not served within the ten days, and yesterday a motion was made for an order debarring defendant from giving testimony of the alleged frauds on the trial, according to the terms of the preceding order, the City having failed to furnish the required bill of particulars. On behalf of the city it was stated that the proper authorities were willing to furnish the required bill of particulars, but, owing to numerous vouchers having been lost from the departments, it would be impossible to make the bill complete, and in this respect, they could not name the departments to which the coal is alleged to have been merely pretended to be delivered. On behalf of plaintiff it was contended that if the city was in ignorance of the departments to which the pretended delivery was alleged to have been made, it could not be supposed they would be able to offer any proof thereof on the trial, and on the other hand, if any such fraudulent claims were in existence, the authorities ought to be able to state them; that the origin of the defense was really in personal feeling; that the plaintiff had been already damaged in his business by this defense, and the order asked for in his favor should be granted. Judge Curtis adjourned the motion for ten days to allow counsel for the City to serve such bill of particulars as he could, and also, if he saw fit, to move to modify the original order on which the present motion was based.

George W. Wingate, for the plaintiff; James C. Carter, for the City.

THE TINDLE BANKRUPTCY CASE.

The trial of William H. Tindle, who was indicted for acts of fraudulent bankruptcy, was begun yesterday before Judge Benedict, in the United States Circuit Court. The defendant's counsel objected to the indictment on the ground that it did not specify that the creditors had been defrauded, and that it also failed to state in what business the defendant had been engaged. Judge Benedict reserved his decision until to-day, when the trial will be continued.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Oct. 19, 1874.

COFFEE—Rio has been quoted up ¼c. ℔ lb. on a very good demand, and much lighter offerings. There have been further sales of 6,500 bags by the Halley, and 44 bags by do., taken from stock, clearing out the whole cargo of 20,496 bags from this vessel, which comprised all the receipts of the week of this description. In addition to which, sales have been made of 500 bags Rio and 362 bags Santos, by the Isabel, at full prices, reducing the stock in first hand, here this evening, to only 4,500 bags. Sales were likewise reported of 3,049 bags Rio, by the Waldemar, at Hampton Roads, for this market, said to have been at 17⅝c., gold, usual terms. The week's sales of Rio and Santos in our market have been 31,246 bags. The stock of these descriptions at the outports this evening consists of 6,000 bags at Baltimore, 3,800 bags at Charleston, 1,500 bags at Savannah, 3,200 bags at Mobile, and 6,500 bags at Galveston. Other descriptions have been in fairly active demand and held with more confidence. Of Maracaibo, 976 bags by the Clarabel sold on private terms. Through recent free purchases of Java, largely to arrive, the available stock of this description has been well concentrated, and values have been quoted strong and buoyant. We quote invoices thus: Rio, ordinary, 15¾c.@16c.; fair, 17½c.@17¾c.; good, 19c.@19¼c.; prime, 20½c.@20¾c., gold, ℔ lb., 60 days' credit; Rio, in job lots, 14¾c.@21¼c., gold; Java, 23c.@28c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@19c.; Porto Rico, 16½c.@18½c.; Costa Rica, 16½c.@19½c.; Mexican, 17½c.@19c.; San Domingo, 14½c.@15½c.; Laguayra, 17c.@19c.; Ceylon, 17c.@19½c.; Savanilla, 16c.@19c.; Curacoa, 16c.@18c., and Jamaica, 15½c.@18c., gold, ℔ lb., jobbing trade good at full rates.

COTTON—The market for early delivery has been dull, with prices ruling essentially unchanged. The export demand has been light, and spinners have been purchasing only to meet urgent wants at the current quotations. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,522 bales, (of which 515 bales were placed on Saturday evening,) including 802 bales to shippers, 696 bales to spinners, and 24 bales to speculators. The following are the quotations in New-York, as based on the old standard, and on Cotton, in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted: Ordinary, 13⅛c.; Good Ordinary, 14⅜c.; Strict Good Ordinary, 14¾c.; Low Middling, 15c.; Middling, 15⅜c.; Good Middling, 16⅛c. ℔ lb....For forward delivery a fair business has been reported at an advance of 1-16c.@3-32c. ℔ lb. Receipts at the ports liberal. Liverpool market tame, but quoted steady. Sales have been reported since our last of 16,400 bales, of which 5,700 bales were on Saturday evening and 10,700 bales to-day, with 2,400 bales more at the calls, on the basis of Low Middling, with October options closing 15c.; November, 15 1-32c.; December, 15 7-32c.@15¼c.; January, 15 15-32c.@15½c.; February, 15 13-16c.@15 27-32c.; March, 16⅛c.; April, 16 13-32c.@16 7-16c.; May, 16⅝c.@16 11-16c., and June 16⅞c. ℔ lb. The receipts at this port to-day were 9,576 bales, including 1,222 bales from Norfolk, 3,995 bales from New-Orleans, 3,957 bales from Savannah, and 402 bales per railroad. The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 27,555 bales, and thus far this week 43,757 bales, against 41,598 bales same time last week. The receipts at all the ports since Sept. 1, 1874, have been 416,041 bales, against 309,745 bales same time the previous year. Consolidated (one day) exports to Great Britain, 13,648 bales; to the Continent, 5,115 bales; stock in New-York, 60,525 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 257,817 bales. The following quotations are based on Cotton according to the new classification:

New-York Quotations, based on American Standard of Classification.

	Uplands.	Ala.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	12½	12½	12⅝	12⅝
Good Ordinary	14¼	14¼	14½	14½
Low Middling	14¾	14⅞	15⅛	15⅛
Middling	15⅛	15¼	15½	15½
Good Middling	15⅝	15½	15¾	15¾
Middling Fair	15¾	15⅞	16⅛	16⅛
Fair	16¼	16⅜	16⅝	16⅝

FLOUR AND MEAL—The movements in State and Western Flour have been on a somewhat restricted scale. The offerings of shipping Extras have been comparatively limited, and holders have been quite firm in their views, checking operations, though a fair inquiry has been noted. There has not been much inquiry for trade or family brands, and the dealings in this line have been mostly in small job lots within the previous range. Some demand has been noted for No. 2 and Superfine, mostly for the better qualities, at about former quotations. The sales since our last have been 13,850 bbls. of all grades, including No. 2 Flour at $3 50@$4 25, chiefly $3 75@$4; Sour Flour at $4 25@$5 75; poor to inferior fancy Superfine State and Western at $4 25@$4 85, chiefly at $4 50@$4 75; inferior to very good Extra State at $4 95@$5 35, mainly at $5 15@$5 25; very good to very fine do. and City Mills Extra at $5 25@$5 35, mostly at $5 30@$5 30; very poor to very choice shipping Extra Western, $4 90@$5 35, mainly at $5 12½@$5 25; poor to choice Round-hoop Ohio at $4 90@$5 35, mainly at $5 15@$5 25; poor to choice Minnesota Extra, for shipping, at $5 25@$6 10; Western Trade and Family Extras, Spring Wheat Stock, $5 30@$7 65; Western Trade and Family Extras, Red and White Wheat Stock, $5 35@$7 65; Western White do. Extras, $5 60@$6 25; St. Louis Extras, $5 50@$8 50; Extra Genesees, $5 30@$7 60; Minnesota Extras, patent stock, $5 50@$8 50; with some very fancy brands quoted much higher. Included in the sales have been 3,300 bbls. Shipping Extras on the basis of our quotations....Southern Flour has been in slack demand at essentially unaltered rates. Holders have not been offering supplies with much urgency at the ruling figures. Sales have been reported since our last of 850 bbls., in lots, at $4 70@$5 60 for very poor to choice shipping and trade Extras, and $5 60@$8 50 for ordinary to choice Family Extra....Canada Flour wholly nominal....Rye Flour has been moderately active within the range of from $4 25@$5 40 for fine to very choice Superfine. Sales 425 bbls., chiefly at $5 10@$5 40 for Superfine, ℔ bbl....Corn-meal has been more freely dealt in, but at somewhat irregular prices, within the range of from $4 40@$5 for inferior to very choice Yellow Western; $4 40@$4 65 for Jersey, and $5 25, in part, for Brandywine. Sales have been reported of equal to 1,250 bbls., including 700 bbls. Golden Ear on private terms....Corn-meal, in sacks, has been slow of sale at from $1 68@$2 05 ℔ 100 lbs....Oat-meal has been in light request, within the range of $7 25@$8 50 ℔ bbl....Buckwheat Flour has been in fair demand, within the range of $3@$4 ℔ 100 lbs., the latter an extreme.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been in fairly active demand, mostly on export account, at an advance of about 1c. ℔ bushel, though closing rather tamely at the improvement, owing, partly, to the scarcity of ocean freight-room, especially by steam, available for early shipments, and the firmer views of ship-owners. White Wheat has been in good request, chiefly for export, at full rates for the better qualities, in lines or boat-loads, which have been offered with less freedom. Red and Amber Winter Wheat in quite moderate demand at about previous quotations. Offerings of Red not of desirable quality, as a rule. Sales have been reported since our last of 181,000 bushels at $1 07@$1 03 for new No. 2 North-west Spring, chiefly at $1 07½@$1 08 afloat; $1 06@$1 08 for new No. 2 Chicago do., in store and afloat, the latter rate for choice, afloat; $1 11@$1 12 for good to strictly prime new No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, mostly car lots; $1 03@$1 04 for New No. 3 Spring; $1 12@$1 20 for inferior to choice old No. 2 Spring; $1 16@$1 25 for new and old No. 1 Spring; $1 02@$1 23 for ungraded Spring, car stock, the latter for very choice; $1 10@$1 22 for poor to very choice new red Western; $1 20@$1 25 for fair to choice new Amber Western, car lots; $1 25@$1 36 for poor to extra choice White Western, mainly at $1 30 for the best Michigan, and $1 30 for No. 1 do., afloat; $1 10 for very inferior White Illinois; $1 23 for Amber Tennessee. Included in the sales have been 30,000 bushels new No. 2 Chicago Spring, in store, for export, at $1 06 ℔ bushel....Corn has been moderately inquired for, mostly for home trade purposes, at an improvement of about 1c. a bushel. The restricted offerings and firmer views of holders operated against free dealings. The market closed dull. Sales have been reported since our last of 79,000 bushels at 91½c.@92½c. for sound Mixed Western afloat, the inside price for stock "out promptly;" 90½c.@91c. for do., in store; 92c.@93c. for Yellow Western, odd lots; and 81c. for new Mixed Western, car lots....Rye dull; held above the views of buyers. Quoted nominally at from 96c.@$1 02 ℔ bushel....Barley has been in limited demand and quoted easier as to price. Sales have been made of 9,500 bushels Canada West at 30c., and a car-load of two-rowed State at $1 20 ℔ bushel....Barley Malt, quiet and somewhat unsettled; sales have been reported of 7,000 bushels at $1 60@$1 75 for Canada—the latter an outside price, and $1 25 for Western....Canada Peas decidedly lower; sales 8,000 bushels, to arrive, at $1 08 ℔ bushel, in bond....Oats have been confidently sought after, and have advanced fully 1c. ℔ bushel, closing firmly, on reduced offerings of prime stock, both mixed and white; sales have been reported since our last, of 68,500 bushels at 59c.@61½c. for ordinary to choice mixed Western, chiefly at 61c. for prime Chicago, out to-day; 61c.@64c. for white Western, mainly at 62c.@63c. for about fair to good; 62½c.@63c. for white State; 59½c.@62c. for mixed State, chiefly at 61c. for good average lots....Feed has been in request, in a jobbing way, within the range of $22@$25 ℔ ton, the latter rate for extra....Stock of Grain in store at this port, 2,431,247 bushels Wheat, 2,109,659 bushels Corn, 13,584 bushels Rye, 29,534 bushels Barley, 110,739 bushels Malt, 482,762 bushels Oats, and 320 bushels Peas. These figures show a further considerable increase in the aggregates of Wheat and Corn in store.

MOLASSES—Business has been checked by the meagre offerings of desirable grades of stock. Holders have been very firm in their views. The demand has been mostly for grocery goods. Refiners have not been doing much, suitable grades of stock having been very sparingly offered. We quote: Cuba Muscovado Refining, (nominally,) at 40½c.@41½c. for 50 test; Grocery do., at 42c.@47c.; Cuba Centrifugal, (nominally,) at 36c.@38c.; Porto Rico, 45c.@65c., the latter for fancy; Barbadoes, 47½c.@55c.; Demerara, 40c.@50c.; St. Croix, 47c.@55c.; New-Orleans, old crop, 73c.@78c., the latter for strictly choice.

PETROLEUM—Crude has been in moderate demand, on the basis of 5⅛c. in bulk. Sales, 2,000 bbls....Refined, quiet here, at 12⅛c.@12¼c. for early delivery....At Philadelphia, 3,000 bbls. were disposed of, at 11¾c. ℔ gallon....Refined, in cases, quoted at 17½c.@17¾c....City Naphtha, at 10½c. ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quoted firmer, but somewhat irregular on a limited trade; sales for early delivery have been reported of only 165 bbls. Western Mess, in lots, at $20 50; and small lots of uninspected Prime Mess at $21. And for forward delivery, of Western Mess, sales were reported of 250 bbls., seller October, at $19 50, though the general asking price was $20....Dressed Hogs have been in better supply and moderate request at easier prices; City quoted at 8¼c.@8⅝c. ℔ lb....Cut-meats have been in moderate demand at about steady rates, with sales reported of 10,000 lbs. Pickled Bellies, in bulk, on private terms, quoted at 11c.; 500 Pickled Shoulders at 9½c.; 2,000 Pickled Hams at 11½c.@11⅞c.; 1,750 Smoked Hams and Shoulders at 13⅞c. and 10½c. respectively....Bacon has been in limited demand, at lower rates, with sales of 140 boxes City Long Clear, part at 10¾c., with 500 boxes reported as under refusal at the same rate....Lard has been quiet in the local market, with Western Steam contract stock held firmly for prompt delivery on the basis of 14½c. as nominal asking quotation to the regular trade, with 14c. reported as the lowest bid, on this account; while on speculative account bids are reported of 14½c. for stock wanted for immediate shipment to Chicago, in view of the "corner" there. In addition to the lot reported in our last as having been forwarded from this market to Chicago, 300 tcs. from Philadelphia, on New-York account. Of new Western Steam, 350 tcs. have been marketed here, in lots, at 14c. Of City Steam, 140 tcs. at 13¾c., generally quoted at 13¾c.@13⅞c. Of No. 1 City, 95 tcs., a 13⅛c.@13¼c. And of Refined, 650 tcs. for the Cuban market, at 14⅛c.@14¼c., with Continental lots quoted at 14¼c. And for forward delivery, of Western Steam, 250 tcs., buyer last half of December, were sold at 12⅛c., with regular December options quoted at 11 15-16c.@12c.; October at 14⅛c.; November at 12½c., and February at 12c.@12 1-16c.; and 500 tcs., seller six months, at 12c., quoted at the close at 11⅞c.@12....Barreled Beef has been quiet, but nominally unchanged in price. Small lots of new have been reported sold on the basis of $13@$14 for extra Mess and $11@$12 for plain Mess, uninspected and inspected....Tierce Beef quiet at $20@$21 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$23 for India Mess; $25@$26 for Extra do., ℔ tierce. Sales, 60 bbls....Beef Hams, $22 for Summer-cured Western....Butter, Cheese, and Eggs about as last quoted.

SUGARS—Raw have been in quite moderate demand since our last, almost wholly on Refining account, at essentially unchanged prices. Holders have not been urgent in their offerings of stock at the ruling figures. Sales have been reported of 629 bbls. prime Refining Cuba at 8⅛c., 1,000 bxs. Clayed at 8¼c. and 150 bxs. Demerara at 9¼c. ℔ lb. We quote: Fair Refining, 8⅛c.; good do., 8⅜c.; prime do., 8⅝c.; fair to very choice Grocery, 8⅞c.@9⅜c.; No. 12 Box Clayed stock at 8⅞c.@9⅛c.; Centrifugal stock at 8¾c.@9⅛c.; Manila bags, 7¾c.@8¼c.; Molasses Sugars at 7½c.@8⅛c.; Melado, 5½c.@7c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars have been in moderate demand, with Crushed quoted at 11¼c.@11⅜c.; Powdered at 11⅛c.; Granulated at 11⅛c.; A's at 10⅝c.@10¾c., and Yellow at 9¼c.@10⅛c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Has been purchased to the extent of 250 bbls., in lots, at $1 03½ ℔ gallon; market about steady.

FREIGHTS—A fairly active inquiry prevails for room on the berth, chiefly by the steam lines, for British ports, at firm prices. The offerings have been mostly of Grain and Provisions. Cotton room has been less urgently sought after. In the chartering line the business has been very moderate, with rates quoted rather weak. The inquiry has been mainly for vessels for Petroleum, Grain, and Cotton. Tonnage in fair supply. ....For Liverpool, the engagements reported, since our last, have been, by steam, 650 bales Cotton, at 9-32d.@11-32d. ℔ lb.; 36,000 bushels Wheat, at 6d. ℔ bushel; 500 bbls. Apples at 4s. ℔ bbl.; 3,100 bxs. Cheese at 30s.; 2,400 bxs. Bacon on the basis of 25s. ℔ ton. Also, an Italian bark, 490 tons, hence, with about 3,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 3s. 4½d. ℔ bbl., and £10 gratuity. And a British bark, 482 tons, with Sugar, reported from Lomas and another port, at 72s. 6d....For London, by sail, 200 bbls. Flour at 1s. 9d. ℔ bbl., and by steam, 600 bales Hops at ⅝d. ℔ lb. Also, a British ship, 1,311 tons, with Guano, reported from the Peruvian deposits, at 70s.... For Bristol, by steam, 50 tons Provisions at 25s. ℔ ton. ....For the United Kingdom, a British bark, 674 tons, with Nitrate, reported from Iquique, at 70s., with option of the continent, at 75s....For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 549 tons, with about 3,600 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, reported at 4s. 6d. ℔ quarter. Also, three ships, 1,860, 1,249 and 915 tons, and a bark, 648 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms....For an Irish port, direct, a Russian bark, 588 tons, with about 3,800 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, on private terms. ....For Havre, two ships, with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at 1¼c. ℔ lb....For the Continent, direct, a Norwegian bark, 430 tons, with about 3,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 4s. 3d. ℔ bbl....For Bremen, a German ship, 1,201 tons, with about 8,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 3s. 6d. ℔ bbl....For Hamburg, by steam, 200 bxs. Bacon (forward shipment) at 32s. 6d. ℔ ton....For Rotterdam, by steam, 16,000 bushels Grain at 7½d. ℔ bushel; also a Norwegian bark, 462 tons, hence with Staves, on private terms....For Lisbon, an Italian bark, 430 tons, hence with about 2,400 quarters Grain, in ship's bags, at 13¾c. ℔ bushel....For Gibraltar, by sail, 400 bbls. Flour at 55c. ℔ bbl....For the Mediterranean, a bark, with Timber, reported from New-Orleans, on private terms....For the north side of Cuba, a schooner, from Philadelphia and back north of Hatteras, (two trips,) reported at $5, $4 25, and $3 25. ....For a Sound port, a schooner, with Lumber, from Pensacola, reported at $8 50....For Philadelphia, a schooner, with Lumber, from Pascagoula, reported at $9, with option of Baltimore; and another, with do., from St. Mary's, at $7 50....The steam-ship Western Metropolis arrived to-day from New-Orleans, with 3,995 bales Cotton, represented as being the largest amount ever brought to this port.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Oct. 19, 1874.

There was a brisk demand for good quality Steers on yesterday forenoon at One Hundredth Street Yard, and an extremely dull trade in coarse and inferior quality Steers. Prices ranged from 8¾c.@13c. ℔ lb., weights from 5¾ to 12 cwt. On this forenoon, at Harsimus Cove, trade was a reflex of yesterday's. Prices ranged from 7¾c.@13½c. ℔ lb., weights from 4¾ to 9½ cwt.; from 55 lbs. to 58 lbs. has been allowed to the cwt., net. Milch Cows were not quoted. Smooth quality Veals scarce; prices 8c.@9c. ℔ lb. Grass Calves at 6c. ℔ lb., and from $8 25@$11 ℔ head; demand fair. Sheep fair of sale from $4 56¼ to $6 75 ℔ cwt. Lambs fell ½c. ℔ lb., and sold freely from 6½c.@8¼c. ℔ lb. Live Hogs sold at 6¾c. ℔ lb.; City-dressed from 8⅜c.@8⅝c. ℔ lb. Trade fair.

SALES.

At One Hundredth Street Yards—T. C. Eastman sold for self 143 poor Illinois Steers, at 8¼c. ℔ lb., weight 5¾ cwt.; 87 common Illinois Steers at 10c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; 52 fair Illinois Steers at 11c. ℔ lb., weight 7½ cwt.; 34 fair Illinois Steers, at 11¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7¾ cwt.; 113 fair Illinois Steers at 11¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; 68 good Illinois Steers at 12⅜c. and a fraction on ℔ lb., weight 7¾ cwt. T. W. Sieler held on sale for customers, 101 good Illinois Steers. Ulery & Cary sold for Ulery & Goff 150 good Kentucky Steers, from 12c.@13c. ℔ lb., weight 8 cwt. Wollerton & Vail sold for selves 38 Texan Steers at 9c. ℔ lb., weight 6 cwt., scant. Burchard & Merritt sold for Bedford & Kennedy 171 Kentucky Steers, from coarse to choice, from 11½c.@13c. ℔ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 12 cwt.; for W. Lower, 103 common Kentucky Steers at 10¼c. ℔ lb., with $. on ℔ head, weight 7 cwt., scant. T. Gilles held on sale for customers 97 choice Illinois Steers. Siegel & Meyer sold for selves 108 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; 17 fair Illinois Steers at 11c. ℔ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 96 fair Illinois Steers at 11c. ℔ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 111 fair Illinois Steers at 11¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; 30 good Illinois Steers at 12¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7¾ cwt. W. Thompson held on sale for customers; 16 fair Illinois Steers, and 96 choice Kentucky Steers. C. J. Fagan sold for W. V. Wood 39 Michigan Steers at 9c. ℔ lb., weight, 5¾ cwt. The herds forwarded by Morris, Waixels & Co. were disposed of as follows: D. Waixel sold 72 Corn-fed Texan Steers at 10¼c. ℔ lb., weight 6¼ cwt.; 19 fair Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ℔ lb., weight 7 cwt. M. Goldschmidt sold 69 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@13c. ℔ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 7¾ cwt.; 45 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6¼ cwt. M. Lauterbach sold 109 common Iowa Steers at 10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt. F. Samuels sold 37 common Iowa Steers at 10c. ℔ lb., weight 5¾ cwt.; 40 Texan Steers at 8¾c. ℔ lb., weight 5¾ cwt.

At Harsimus Cove—Martin Fuller & Co. sold for L. Meyer, 96 Virginia Steers, from fair to good, from 11½c.@13c. ℔ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 9½ cwt.; for Morrison & Co., 33 poor Kentucky Steers, at 8c. ℔ lb., weights 5 cwt.; for Sadler, Haven & Co., 48 Texan Steers, held on sale. B. Westheimer sold for Lehman Bros., 146 Virginia Steers, from poor to fair, from 9½c.@11c. ℔ lb., weight 6 cwt. G. W. Martin shipped for Bermuda, 11 Steers, mixed Ohios and Kentucky, terms private. A. H. Moorehouse sold for M. M. Doty, 36 common Ohio Steers, from 10c.@10¾c. ℔ lb., weights from 6¾ cwt. to 7 cwt. H. Westheimer sold for Wadsworth & Williard 53 State Steers, coarse quality, from 10¼c.@10⅝c. ℔ lb., weight 7 cwt. Bray & Fitch sold for Hasket & Co. 220 Texan Steers at 7¾c. ℔ lb., weight 5½ cwt., strong; for Hedges, Hoff & Co. 85 Ohio Steers, from poor to good, from 9¼c.@12½c. ℔ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. Moses & Schomburg sold for selves 151 fair Ohio Steers from 11c.@11½c. ℔ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 7½ cwt. S. Moses sold for self 46 Ohio Steers, from fair to good, from 11½c.@12¼c.@12½c. ℔ lb., weight 7¾ cwt.; 16 poor Ohio Steers from 9½c.@10c. ℔ lb., weight 6 cwt. Coney & McPherson sold for A. Casteline 30 common Ohio Steers, at 10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; for S. Brown, 36 common Indiana Steers, from 9c.@10c. ℔ lb., weight 6 cwt.; for Greaves & Schocency, 49 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7 cwt.; for J. Bourne, 101 Kentucky Steers, from fair to choice, from 11c.@13¼c. ℔ lb., weights from 7 to 9 cwt.; for F. Dideman, 126 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12½c. ℔ lb., weight 7¾ cwt.; for Bell & Baws, 33 rough Kentucky Steers, at 9¾c. ℔ lb., weight 7½ cwt.; for W. H. Duffey, 30 Virginia Steers, at 10c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; held on sale for same, 102 Ohio Steers; sold for J. M. Harper; 54 poor Kentucky Steers, from 9½c.@10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; held on sale for Speck & Kent 193 Indiana Steers, for Greene & Ashbrooke 45 Kentucky Steers. The herds forwarded by Morris, Waixels & Co. were disposed of as follows: W. A. Dudley sold 100 Texan Steers at 8¼c. ℔ lb., weight 5¼ cwt.; 21 poor Illinois Steers at 8c. ℔ lb., weight 5 cwt. D. Waixel sold 68 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ℔ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 38 Cherokee Steers at 9½ ℔ lb., weight 5¼ cwt. M. Lauterbach sold 62 Texan Steers at 8c. ℔ lb., weight 4¾ cwt.; 36 Texan Steers at 8½c. ℔ lb., weight 5¼ cwt. F. Samuels sold 93 Texan Steers, from 8c.@8¼c. ℔ lb., weight 5¼ cwt.; 40 poor Iowa Steers at 9c. ℔ lb., weight 5½ cwt. Toffey & Sons sold 133 Texan Steers, from 8c.@8¾c. ℔ lb., weight 5½ cwt. Kase & Sons sold 180 Kentucky Sheep, weight 17,500 lbs., at 6c. ℔ lb. C. Khan sold for Khan & Baker 172 Indiana and Kentucky Steers, from common to good, from 10c.@12½c. ℔ lb., weights from 6 to 7¾ cwt.; for Stiefelt & Co. 18 common Indiana Steers, at 10¼c. ℔ lb., weight 7 cwt.; for Ford & Co., 55 Texan Steers, at 8¼c. ℔ lb., weight 6½ cwt., with $1 on ℔ head; held on sale 3 cars of Sheep. J. N. Pidcock sold 240 Kentucky Sheep, weight 17,230 lbs., at $5 20 ℔ cwt.; 167 Kentucky Sheep, weight 14,180 lbs., at 5⅛c. ℔ lb.; 645 Kentucky Sheep, weight 54,650 lbs., at 5¼c. ℔ lb.; 102 Kentucky Sheep, weight 9,150 lbs., at 5½c. ℔ lb.; 25 Kentucky Sheep, weight 130 lbs. ℔ head, at 6½c. ℔ lb.; 301 Ohio Sheep, weight 28,470 lbs., at 6c. ℔ lb.; 81 Kentucky Lambs, weight 5,000 lbs., at 7c. ℔ lb.; held on sale 4 cars of Sheep and Lambs.

At Fortieth Street Sheep Market.—Judd & Buckingham sold 44 Sheep, weight 87 lbs. ℔ head, at 5⅛c. ℔ lb.; 13 Sheep, weight 81½ lbs. ℔ head, at 5½c. ℔ lb.; 188 Lambs, weight 71½ lbs. ℔ head, at 7⅝c. ℔ lb. P. Lerch sold 437 Sheep, weights 79 lbs. to 83 lbs. ℔ head, at 5c. ℔ lb.; 219 Sheep, weight 75½ lbs. ℔ head, at 5¼c. ℔ lb. T. H. Reid sold 265 Ohio Hogs, weight 193 lbs. ℔ head, at 6¾c. ℔ lb.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market.—S. McGraw sold 17 Sheep, weight 1,860 lbs., at 6¼c. ℔ lb.; 13 grass Calves at $8 25 ℔ head; 16 grass Calves at $8 50 ℔ head; 17 grass Calves at $9 ℔ head; 34 grass Calves at $11 ℔ head. J. Kirby sold 201 Sheep, weight 15,550 lbs., at $4 56¼ ℔ cwt.; 133 Sheep, weight 12,240 lbs., at 5⅝c. ℔ lb.; 100 Sheep, weight 9,430 lbs., at 6c. ℔ lb.; 16 Sheep, weight 1,830 lbs., at 6½c. ℔ lb.; 100 Sheep, weight 10,800 lbs., at 6½c. ℔ lb.; 8 Lambs, weight 480 lbs., at 6¼c. ℔ lb.; 110 Lambs, weight 8,080 lbs., at 7¾c. ℔ lb.; 117 Lambs, weight 7,580 lbs., at 8c. ℔ lb. Hume & Elliott sold 47 Sheep, weight 3,600 lbs., at 4¾c. ℔ lb.; 176 Sheep, weight 13,800 lbs., at 5c. ℔ lb.; 70 Sheep, weight 5,900 lbs., at 5¼c. ℔ lb.; 240 Sheep, weight 20,156 lbs., at 5⅜c. ℔ lb.; 199 Sheep, weight 17,210 lbs., at 5⅜c. ℔ lb.; 77 Sheep, weight 6,990 lbs., at 5⅞c. ℔ lb.; 212 Sheep, weight 24,420 lbs., at 6c. ℔ lb.; 48 Sheep, weight 6,250 lbs., at 6¾c. ℔ lb.; 90 Lambs, weight 5,290 lbs., at 7¼c. ℔ lb.; 252 Lambs, weight 18,030 lbs., at 7½c. ℔ lb.; 192 Sheep, weight 13,550 lbs., at 7¾c. ℔ lb.; 305 Lambs, weight 23,770 lbs., at 8c. ℔ lb.; 112 Lambs, weight 8,140 lbs., at 8¼c. ℔ lb.; 81 Texan Grass Calves, weight 9,290 lbs., at 6c. ℔ lb.; 3 Canada Veals, weight 630 lbs., at 8c. ℔ lb.; 27 State Grass Calves, at $9 ℔ head. Also, sold for week ending Oct. 19, 1873, 8,625 Sheep and Lambs for $44,505 19; average ℔ head, $5 16; 437 Calves and Veals for $6,842 40; average ℔ head, $15 20.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth Street Yards for week ending Oct. 19, 1874—3,891 head of Horned Cattle, 14 Cows, 528 Veals and Calves, 249 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market for week ending Oct. 17, 1874—14,959 Sheep and Lambs, 12 Cows, 308 Veals and Calves. Fresh arrivals at same yards for yesterday and to-day—6,230 Sheep and Lambs, 1 Cow, 299 Veals and Calves, 30 Yearling Calves.

Gross arrivals at Fortieth Street Hog Yards for week ending Oct. 17, 1874—21,219 Hogs, 6,145 Sheep and Lambs, 117 Veals and Calves. Fresh arrivals at same yards for yesterday and to-day—8,865 Hogs, 67 Calves, 1,524 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at Harsimus Cove for week ending Oct. 17, 1874—5,215 head of horned Cattle, 13,326 Hogs, 10,597 Sheep and Lambs. Fresh arrivals at same yards for yesterday and to-day—3,216 head of horned Cattle, 4,072 Hogs, 3,714 Sheep and Lambs.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Cattle very dull; receipts 5,500; market depressed throughout at considerable decline for all grades; Texans sold at $1 75@$3 25; fair to choice Steers, $4 25@$5 75; extra Steers, $6 25@$6 30; shipments 2,600. Live Hogs very dull, owing to heavy receipts; receipts, 16,000; prices declined 15c.@25c., and a large number remain unsold; common, $3@$5 25; fair to good, $5 50@$5 90; choice to extra, $6@$6 40; shipments, 7,000. Sheep dull; receipts, 400; only one sale at $2 80.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Cattle dull and prices firmer; receipts, 4,000 head; sales, extra Pennsylvania and Western Steers, $7 25@$7 50; a few choice at $8; fair to good, $5 50@$6 50; common, $4@$5. Sheep rather lower; receipts, 15,000 head; sales at 4c.@5½c. Live Hogs firmer; receipts, 6,500 head; sales at $10@$10 75.

PRINT CLOTHS MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 19.—Printing Cloths remain dull at the prices last reported.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 19.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No. 1 Spring, 93c.@93½c.; No. 2 do., 88¾c., cash; 88½c., October and November; No. 3 do., 84½c.@84¾c.; Rejected, 80½c.@81c. Corn opened firm, but closed dull; No. 2 Mixed, 75½c.@75¾c., cash; 75c. bid, October; 71c., November; 69c., bid all the year; Rejected, 74c. Oats opened firm, but closed dull at 48¾c., spot; 48¾c., October; 46½c., November. Rye firm and in fair demand; No. 2 at 82c.@82½c. Barley steady; No. 2 Spring, $1 06@$1 08, spot; $1 06, October; $1 05@$1 05½, November. Pork dull, lower, and steady at the decline; sales at $19 25@$19 50, spot; $16 90, seller all the year. Lard, 14c.@14½c. Whisky, 98c. Freights dull and nominal. On Call Board this afternoon Wheat closed at 88½c.@88⅝c., cash and October; Corn, 74⅞c., cash and October; 70¾c., November. Receipts—7,000 bbls. Flour, 125,000 bushels Wheat, 76,000 bushels Corn, 63,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Rye, 21,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—11,000 bbls. Flour, 132,000 bushels Wheat, 76,000 bushels Corn, 154,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Rye, 19,000 bushels Barley.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Grain in store: Wheat, 370,931 bushels; Corn, 295,835 bushels; Oats, 117,636 bushels; Barley, 52,325 bushels; Peas, 3,108 bushels. Lake and rail imports for the last forty-eight hours—Flour, 19,320 bbls.; Wheat, 310,062 bushels; Corn, 141,091 bushels; Oats, 245,947 bushels; Barley, 57,300 bushels. Canal freights weak; Wheat, 10c.; Corn, 9c.; Oats, 6c. Flour quiet; sales, 1,000 bbls. on range, Western Spring, at $5 75@$6; Baker's, $6 75@$7; Amber, $6@$6 25; White, $6 50@$7 50. Wheat dull and nominal; no sales; quoted, Milwaukee No. 1 Spring, $1 10@$1 12; do. No. 2 do., $1 01; Chicago No. 2 Spring, 96c.@97c.; Red Winter, $1 11@$1 14; White Winter, $1 11@$1 14. Corn dull; sales, 20,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 83c.@84c., closing firm. Oats quiet; sales No. 2 Western on track at 53c. Rye, nominally 90c. Barley irregular; sales of Canada at $1 30@$1 35. Barley Malt steady; Canada, $1 50@$1 60; Western, $1 40@$1 50. Provisions unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 19.—Flour dull and unsettled; round lots lower to sell; business small. Wheat steady; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 09½@$1 10; No. 3, 98c.@98½c. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 Mixed Old, 77c.@78c. at East St. Louis, in elevator. Oats dull and drooping; No. 2 at 50c.@50½c., in elevator. Barley quiet and weak and unchanged. Rye dull and lower; No. 2 at 85c.@86c. Pork dull and nominal; held at $21 50. Bulk Meats dull and nominal. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard dull and lower; Summer Steam, 12½c.@13c.; prime Steam, cash and October, 12⅞c.; first half November, 11½c. Whisky quiet at 98c. Hogs quiet; Stockers, $3@$4; Yorkers, $5@$5 50; Bacon, $5 25@$5 60; Butchers', $5 75@$6 25. Cattle quiet and unchanged. Receipts—11,000 bbls. Flour, 40,000 bushels Wheat, 20,000 bushels Corn, 30,000 bushels Oats, 36,000 bushels Barley, 3,000 bushels Rye, 3,500 Hogs, 2,500 Cattle.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Flour unchanged; sales, 2,900 bbls. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1 15; extra White Michigan, $1 30. Corn lower and quiet; sales of 2 cars High Mixed at 91c. Barley unchanged; sales, 20,000 bushels Canada at $1 30. Corn-meal, $39 for bolted, $38 for unbolted, ℔ ton. Millfeed unchanged; Shorts, $22; Shipstuffs, $25; Middlings, $32, ℔ ton. Canal Freights higher; Wheat, 7¼c.; Corn and Rye, 6½c.; Barley, 6¼c., to New-York; Barley, 5½c. to Albany; Lumber, $2 75 to the Hudson; $3 50 to New-York. Lake Receipts—83,000 bushels Wheat, 185,500 bushels Barley, 4,200 bushels Rye, 1,561,000 feet of Lumber. Canal Shipments—22,900 bushels Wheat, 85,400 bushels Barley, 783,000 feet of Lumber.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 19.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat weak; No. 1 at 97½c.; No. 2 at 91¾c., cash; 91¼c., October; 89¾c., November. Oats higher and in good demand at 48c. Corn in moderate demand; No. 2 Mixed, 75c. Rye nominal; No. 1, 85c. Barley firmer and higher; No. 2 Spring, $1 08@$1 08½; No. 3 do., 94c. Lake Freights—Wheat, to Buffalo, 4½c.; to Oswego, 7½c. Receipts—5,500 bbls. Flour, 105,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—5,500 bbls. Flour, 53,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 19.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn firmer; Old, 73c.@75c.; New, 55c. Oats firm at 53c.@57c. Rye steady at 95c. Barley dull; Spring, $1 20; Fall, $1 20@$1 40. Butter quiet and unchanged. Pork, nothing doing. Lard in good demand; sales current make at 12⅞c., this week's delivery; 12½c., October. Bulk Meats quiet; sales Shoulders at 6½c. Sides nominal. Bacon quiet; Shoulders, 7⅝c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13½c.; Clear Sides, 14¼c. Whisky firm at 97c.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet and unchanged; White, 75c.; Mixed, 70c. Oats quiet and unchanged; Mixed, 54c.; White, 58c. Rye dull at 90c. Pork—None here. Bacon in fair demand and higher; Shoulders, 7¾c.@8c.; Clear Rib Sides, 13¾c.; Clear Sides, 14¼c.@14¾c. Hams—Sugar-cured, 12c.@14c.; plain, none here. Bulk Meats and Lard—None here. Whisky, 97c. Bagging unchanged.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 19.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; Extra, $1 17½; No. 1 White, $1 13½@$1 14; Amber Michigan, $1 05½@$1 06. Corn dull and lower at 82c.@83c. Oats in good demand at 49¾c. Receipts—3,000 bbls. Flour, 29,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn. Shipments—4,000 bbls. Flour, 31,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 19.—Spirits of Turpentine firm at 35½c. Rosin quiet; $2 05 for Strained. Crude Turpentine steady; $1 60 for Hard; $2 60 for Yellow Dip; $2 60 for Virgin. Tar steady at $2.

UTICA CHEESE MARKET.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Seven thousand bxs. of Cheese were offered here to-day, and 3,000 bxs. sold at 15¾c.@16⅛c. The market was dull, salesmen generally holding for 16c.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 19.—Cotton—Demand good; Middling, 14⅝c.; Low Middling, 14¼c.; Good Ordinary, 13¼c.; net receipts, 4,930 bales; gross, 5,764 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 10,781 bales; to the Continent, 664 bales; sales, 2,000 bales; last evening, 530 bales; stock, 45,294 bales.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 19.—Cotton firm; Middling, 14¼c.@14⅜c.; Low Middling, 14c.@14⅛c.; Good Ordinary, 13½c.@13⅝c.; net receipts, 4,705 bales; gross, 4,804 bales; exports, coastwise, 2,293 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 36,290 bales.

GALVESTON, Oct. 19.—Cotton dull and easier; Middling, 14¼c.; Low Middling, 13⅞c.; Good Ordinary, 13c.; net receipts, 2,568 bales; gross, 2,568 bales; exports, coastwise, 2,526 bales; stock, 25,445 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 19—12:30 P. M.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, 105¼; 10-40s, 104. Erie Railway Shares, 26@26¼; do. preferred, 45.

2:30 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 26½.

3:30 P. M.—The amount of Bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day is £211,000. Erie Railway Shares, 26¾.

4:30 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 27¼.

5:30 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 27¼@27½. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 62f. 5c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is quiet and unchanged; sales, 12,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, deliverable October, at 7⅞d.

2:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, shipped November and December, at 7⅞d. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Corn, 35s. 9d. ℔ quarter. Provisions—Lard, 62s. 6d. ℔ cwt.; Pork, 77s. ℔ bbl. for new Mess; Bacon, 53s. ℔ cwt. for Long Clear Middles, and 54s. 6d. for Short Clear Middles. Produce—Tallow, 42s. 9d. ℔ cwt.

3:30 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day, 5,800 bales were American. Sales on the basis of Middling Orleans, nothing below Low Middling, shipped October and November, at 8 1-16d.

4:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped October and November, at 7 13-16d.; do., do., deliverable October, at 7 13-16d.; do., deliverable October and November, at 7 13-16d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, deliverable December and January, at 7 13-16d.

5:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Low Middling, shipped October and November, at 7 13-16d. Provisions—Lard, 62s. ℔ cwt.

Evening.—Common Resin, 5s. 9d. ℔ cwt.; Spirits Turpentine, 26s. ℔ cwt.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Spirits Petroleum, 13d. ℔ gallon. Tallow, 43s. 9d. ℔ cwt.

Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 26s. 3d.@26s. 6d. ℔ cwt.

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REV. MATTHEW HALE SMITH, D. D., will deliver his second lecture, "Former Days and These," in the Allen Street M. E. Church, (between Delancey and Rivington sts.,) on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20. Tickets 50 cents. To be had of Putnam's Sons, 4th av. and 23d st.; W. C. Palmer, Jr., No. 14 Bible-house, Astor place; Methodist Book Concern, No. 805 Broadway; S. P. Squire, No. 182 Bowery; Chas. Heards & Co., No. 301 Grand st.; American Tract Society, No. 150 Nassau st., and at the door. Doors open at 7; lecture at 8 o'clock.

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CHAMBER-MAID, AND WAITRESS.—IN City or country, by a Protestant young woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or as nurse and seamstress; best of references. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, by a competent young girl, as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-maid and laundress; excellent reference; country preferred. Can be seen for two days at No. 230 East 46th st., first floor, front.

CHAMBER-WORK.—BY A YOUNG SWEDISH girl, speaking English; is willing to do anything required; is smart and active; has lived out but a short time; wages moderate; City or country. Inquire for G. M., at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, (colored,) who is also an excellent laundress, waitress, or house-work; has several years' City references; is bright, tidy, pleasant. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl, as chamber-maid or waitress; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; three years' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 446 West 28th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL, AS chamber-maid in a first-class family; speaks good English; has some years' City reference for honesty and capability; is neat and obliging. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over Russian Baths.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS chamber-maid and fine washing and ironing; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 181 East 64th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT WELSH woman as chamber-maid; good reference from her last place, from which she advertises. Apply for two days at No. 16 West 25th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young woman as chamber-maid and waitress; three years' best City references. Apply at No. 447 West 46th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT person to do chamber-work and plain sewing, or would assist with grown children; best City reference. Address No. 525 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN with excellent references, as chamber-maid and waitress; no objection to the country. Apply at present employer's, No. 164 West 45th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A VERY RESPECTable young Swedish woman as chamber-maid and to do plain sewing; is thoroughly competent and well recommended. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, as chamber-maid and waiting; no objection to assist with washing and ironing; good City reference if required. Apply at No. 254 West 37th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid and waitress, or as first-class laundress; three and a half years' City references. Call at No. 119 West 24th st., rear.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL, TO DO chamber-work and waiting, or chamber-work and nursing; three years' City reference; City or country. Call for two days at No. 236 West 20th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl lately landed as chamber-maid, and to make herself generally useful. Call at No. 367 West 15th st., for two days.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE American Protestant woman as chamber-maid and seamstress; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 243 East 25th st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT person; chamber-maid and seamstress, or seamstress and child's maid; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 337 East 36th st., up stairs.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat, respectable young woman; excellent City reference. Call at No. 859 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL as chamber-maid, in a private family; good reference. Call for two days at No. 304 East 26th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat, respectable German girl; best City reference. Call at No. 859 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN girl as chamber-maid in a gentleman's family. Can be seen at No. 33 Delancey st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS chamber-maid and waitress, and would assist in the washing; City reference. Call at No. 248 West 41st st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, highly respectable, and a very good cook; country or City; very best City testimonials; will do washing; meat, game, soups, fowls, pastries, creams, jellies; gets up nice side-dishes; excellent bread, biscuit, and all other baking. Call at Bookham's, removed to No. 309 4th av.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—BY A thoroughly competent young woman, who is a good cook; cooks meats, fish, game, poultry, &c., in best style; also makes good bread, biscuit, plain pastries, &c.; is a good washer and ironer; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—A NEAT and tidy young woman, who is a good family cook and an excellent bread and biscuit baker, and a superior laundress, would like a place in City or country; can furnish unexceptionable reference. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, WHO is an excellent family cook; would like a place in City or country; makes all kinds of soups, desserts, pastry, &c.; is also an excellent bread and biscuit baker, and willing to assist with the washing; can furnish the very best of reference. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway. Inquire for K. G.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A Protestant young woman as cook, washer, and ironer, or would do general work in a small family; is an excellent laundress and a good baker. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER, OR GENeral House-work.—By a respectable German girl; is a first-rate laundress and good family cook; has very good City references; City or country. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's German Registry, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

COOK, WASHER, IRONER, AND HOUSE-work.—By a Protestant North of Ireland woman; very good cook, washer, and ironer; willing to go to the country and make herself generally useful; good testimonials. Call at Bookham's, removed to No. 309 4th av.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO REspectable girls; one as cook, washer, and ironer; other as chamber-maid and waitress; prefer to go together in a small private family; are both willing and obliging. Best City references from last place. Call for two days at No. 263 West 32d st.

COOK.—BY A SUPERIOR COOK, IN CITY OR country, who thoroughly understands her business; is a first-class baker and pastry-cook; would be willing to assist in the washing. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—A SMART, willing young woman, (Protestant, but does not object to Catholic help,) for City or country; knows how to work well; will go for moderate wages. Inquire for Mary J., at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT WOMAN; is a first-class cook; City or country; is a very quiet, reliable, satisfactory person as well; has best City references. Call at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO YOUNG women (Protestant) to go together; one as cook; can do all kinds of American cooking; willing to assist in washing; the other to do chamber-work and waiting; the best of City references. Call at No. 411 8th av.

COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, AS COOK; understands her business in all its branches; is a good baker; will go out by the day or week; has best reference. To be seen at No. 409 West 33d st., a few doors west of 9th av.

COOK—WAITRESS.—BY TWO GIRLS; ONE AS cook and assist in washing; two years' reference; the other as waitress and assist in chamber-work; has five years' reference; will go together or separate. Call for two days at No. 12 East 54th st.

COOK—WAITRESS.—BY TWO RESPECTABLE servants; one as professed cook; understands all kinds of cooking and desserts; the other as thorough waitress; understands all kinds of salads; best City references. Call at No. 737 6th av., corner 42d st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, AS FIRST-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; is a good pastry cook and excellent bread and biscuit baker; has first-class City references. Call at No. 23 West 44th st.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, IN A small private family as cook; is a good washer and ironer; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 497 7th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS good cook; no objection to do the coarse washing; best City reference. Call at No. 363 6th av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; thoroughly understands her business; good City reference. Call at No. 451 9th av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK.—BY A TIDY, NEAT WOMAN IN A PRIVATE family; is willing to do coarse washing; can get up a nice dinner; is a first-rate baker and dessert maker. Call at Jacquin's French Bureau, No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO YOUNG women to do the work between them, one is a good plain cook, washer, and ironer, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; best City references; willing to go to the country. Call at No. 411 8th av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN AS good cook; understands baking and pastries and soups of all kinds; would assist with coarse washing; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., near 7th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; best City reference. Address No. 157 West 24th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; perfectly understands her business; willing and obliging; first-class City reference. Call at No. 801 6th av.

COOK AND HOUSE-WORK.—BY TWO SWEDish young women, for City or country; have good references; one has a child, and wages no object. Can be seen at the Protestant Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av.

COOK, AND TO WASH AND IRON.—BY A steady and very competent woman in a private family or nice boarding house; good City reference. Call at the agency, No. 69 6th av.; no fee charged.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, AS GOOD plain cook, washer, and ironer; first-class references. Call at No. 137 West 28th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS COOK and to assist in washing and ironing; three years' City reference. Call for two days at No. 571 3d av., between 37th and 38th sts.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD cook and excellent baker; City or country; good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 614 2d av., near 34th st., third floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS AN EXCELlent cook, and willing to assist with the washing; best of City reference. Call at No. 238 East 54th st., two pairs of stairs, back.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMan as first-class cook in a private family; has several years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 338 9th av.

COOK, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN TO COOK, wash, and iron; excellent bread and biscuit maker; good City reference; willing and obliging. Call at No. 735 2d av., near 39th st., in candy store.

COOK AND WAITRESS.—BY TWO SISTERS; one as first-class cook, the other as waitress in a private family; five years' City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 419 West 42d st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH THE best of City references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway; kitchen-maid wanted. Call at Bongrand's French Office.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PERSON, AS FIRST-class cook or working housekeeper; best City references. Apply at No. 244 West 30th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT WOMan as first-class cook, by the day or week; good references. Address No. 693 8th av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS FIRST-class cook; best City reference. Call for two days, No. 38 West 13th st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS COOK and assist with the washing; good City references from last place. Call at No. 290 7th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN TO do the cooking in a private family. Can be seen for two days at her last place, No. 39 West 48th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class cook; will assist with washing; good reference. Call at No. 116 West 19th st.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH WOMAN; UNDERstands her business in all its branches; has good City reference. Call at No. 490 6th av., Room No. 16.

COMPANION.—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH person as companion to a lady; willing to assist in household duties; is kind and expert in sickness; salary no object. Address O. P., Times West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d st.

DRESS-MAKING.—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESS-maker, to go out by the day, would like the work of a few more first-class families; none to surpass in fitting or trimming. Call at No. 881 6th av.

DRESS-MAKER AND SEAMSTRESS.—CAN cut, and fit, and trim. Has her own machine. Good City references. Call or address, for two days, No. 201 East 39th st., ring third bell.

DRESS-MAKER.—(TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIence in a first-class Broadway house,) desires a few more engagements by the day or week. Call at No. 76 West 36th st.

DRESS-MAKING.—A DRESS AND CLOAK maker wishes to make a few more engagements to go out by the day; can make up all kinds of dresses. Address No. 202 East 36th st., one stairs up.

GOVERNESS.—BY A YOUNG LADY AS GOVerness in a family; has a knowledge of French; is willing to assist with sewing; object more a good home than a large salary. Call on or address M. S., No. 236 East 37th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A WILLING, HARD-WORKing Scotch girl, who is a good plain cook, nice washer and ironer, and willing to make herself generally useful wherever her services may be required; good recommendations. Call at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman as housekeeper in a first-class hotel; will be found competent and trustworthy; willing to go South, has been there; best of reference. Call or address No. 86 6th av., first bell.

HOUSEKEEPERS—FOR HOTELS, PRIVATE families and institutions, first-class and thoroughly competent, can be found at the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving place.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, to do house-work in a small family; is a good washer and ironer. Call for two days at No. 246 1st av., third floor.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to do general house-work; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 243 Mulberry st., two stairs up, back room.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work; good washer and ironer and good plain cook; can come well recommended. Call at No. 224 East 54th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general house-work in a small private family. Call for two days at No. 247 West 53d st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL TO do general house-work; good City reference. Call at No. 95 9th av.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A SCOTCH GIRL AS FIRST-class lady's maid; is a thorough hair-dresser and seamstress; hand or machine sewing; cuts and fits; is Protestant, neat, handy, and willing; the best references. Call at the Swedish Office, 108 East 27th st.

LADIES' DIRECTORY,
For faithful domestic service.
LADIES' RECEPTION ROOM, No. 1502 Broadway.
LADIES' COMMITTEE ROOM, No. 172 West 45th st.
WORK ROOM, corner Broadway and 45th st.
EMPLOYMENT OFFICES, Nos. 170 and 168 West 45th st.
COOKING SCHOOL, No. 166 West 45th st.

Situations wanted for governesses, companions, housekeepers, &c.

Country orders should be received two days in advance of visit.

Classes for ladies in the cooking-school on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Terms, $5 for ten lessons. The girls belonging to the Directory are taught free of charge.

The management earnestly request the co-operation of all who are interested in this reform, and prompt replies from those to whom they apply for information.

LAUNDRESS AND WAITRESS AND CHAMber-maid.—By two excellent Swedish Protestant girls; one is a first-class laundress; flutes, puffs, polishes, &c.; the other is an experienced chamber-maid and an excellent waitress; will take a place together or separately; can furnish undoubted reference. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner of Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A WELL-RECOMMENDED respectable woman, who understands her business in every branch; can starch, puff, polish, flute, and do up gentlemen's shirts in superior style; is an obliging, well-tempered woman. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

LAUNDRESS, CHAMBER-MAID AND Laundress, or Fine Washing.—By a Welsh Protestant woman; highly respectable and thorough laundress; French fluting and all kinds of fine work in the best manner; very best City references. Call at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS, who is not afraid of work or a large washing; can do all kinds of French fluting and puffing; is willing to assist in the chamber-work the end of the week; can give first-class references. Apply at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SWEDISH WOMAN, THORoughly competent to take a first-class laundress' place; is willing, and has the best of references; stay long in her situations. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., over the Russian Baths.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress; understands ladies' fineries and French fluting; would assist with chamber-work; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th st., first floor.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a private family; willing to assist at light chamber-work; best of City reference can be given. Call or address No. 203 East 56th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of fine washing, French fluting, &c.; is neat and tidy; unexceptionable City reference. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av., near 38th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COLORED WOMAN, TO GO out by the week or week, washing, ironing, cooking, or house-cleaning. Apply at No. 153 West 24th st., third floor, back room.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS LAUNdress; understands her work and would be willing to do chamber-work and washing. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS first-class laundress in a private family. Best City reference from last employer. Apply at No. 151 East 32d st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS laundress in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference. Call at No. 337 East 36th st., up stairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; is a fancy suit and shirt ironer; is a laundry preferred; good reference. Call at No. 237 West 15th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

LAUNDRESS—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO respectable girls, in a private family, one as first-class laundress, the other as first-class chamber-maid; best City reference. Call at No. 213 East 22d st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS laundress in a private family; understands the business thoroughly; would go in the country; has five years' City reference. Apply at 241 East 31st st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS, understanding French washing and fluting, with the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS first-class laundress in a private family; five years' reference from last employer. Call at No. 296 7th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS laundress. Call at No. 319 East 38th st., between 1st and 2d avs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND PERfectly competent laundress. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 18 Gramercy Park.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTESTant (German) young woman; is a first-class seamstress and very experienced nurse; has excellent City references; City or country. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's German Registry, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery; entrance on Bleecker st.

NURSE.—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT young woman; highly respectable, neat, tidy, kind, and experienced in the care of children; good seamstress, good operator on machines; very pleasant and agreeable; good City reference. Apply at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as thorough infant's nurse; is capable of taking sole charge and of bringing it up by the bottle; excellent City reference given; a good home preferred to high wages. Call at No. 715 6th av., in the millinery store, between 40th and 41st sts.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT WOMAN, who has had many years' experience with young children; fully competent to take entire charge of an infant from birth; thoroughly experienced in the management of a nursery; can give many years' City reference. Call at 125 East 50th st.; ring third bell.

NURSE, &c.—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL, WITH several years' experience, as nurse and seamstress; is fond of children and a nice seamstress; willing, neat, and very useful; City or country. Inquire for Alice G., at No. 106 6th av., over shoe store.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT middle-aged woman, as infant's nurse; capable of taking charge of it from its birth; most respectable reference given. Call or address for two days No. 126 West 17th st.

NURSE.—FOR INVALID OR INFANT FROM BIRTH; is thoroughly experienced and competent, either with sick or well; careful, kind, and obliging; country or City or travel; has best of references. Call at the Protestant Home Bureau, 138 6th av., above 10th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as nurse; can give the best of references—one of twelve years—from her last place. Call or address No. 685 6th av., Concannon's shoe store, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

NURSE, &c.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN (PROTestant) as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothing and operate on Wheeler and Wilson's machine; best of City references. Call at No. 411 8th av.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE; CAN take entire charge of an infant or bring it up on the bottle if required; good plain sewer; City or country; two years' references. Can be seen for two days at No. 371 6th av., near 23d st.

NURSE.—BY AN EXPERIENCED INFANT NURSE; can take full charge of a baby from its birth; is a fine hand sewer; City reference. Can be seen at No. 645 Eighth av., between 37th and 38th sts.; A. Pelton & Co.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT PROTESTANT WOMan, capable of taking entire charge of an infant from its birth; or would see to growing children; best of City reference. Call or address, for two days, No. 467 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as nurse; excellent plain sewer; has long experience; no objection to chamber-work; best City reference from last places. Apply at No. 201 East 58th st.

NURSE.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING A good place for a competent and reliable infant's nurse, or to wait on a lady; has no objection to travel. Call at or address No. 198 Madison av.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A MIDDLE-aged woman; as nurse or seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothing; or to take care of an invalid; good references. Address No. 388 3d av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, TO TAKE entire charge of a baby from birth; is a good plain sewer; best City reference. Call at No. 825 6th av., between 46th and 47th sts.

NURSE.—BY A NEAT, TIDY YOUNG GIRL AS INfant's or grown children's nurse; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway, Bongrand's French Office.

NURSE.—BY A FIRST-CLASS INFANT'S NURSE who thoroughly understands her business, with several years' references. Can be seen at Bongrand's French Office, No. 1,233 Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT NORTH-GERMAN girl for grown children, having the best of City references. Can be seen at Bongrand's French Office, No. 1,233 Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS NURSE; can take entire charge of an infant; City or country; good City reference. Call at No. 302 West 44th st.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS INfant's or growing children's nurse; is willing and obliging; best of reference. Call at 28 West 57th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, as nurse; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 12 West 31st st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A QUIET, RESPECTABLE woman, who is a good family seamstress; will assist with the chamber-work or make herself otherwise useful; is also fond and kind to children; has best City recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A COMPETENT SEAMstress, who understands making and altering ladies' and children's dresses, and all kinds of family sewing; is willing to do light chamber-work or assist in the care of children; best City references; wages moderate. Call at No. 238 East 36th st.

SEAMSTRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY a young girl as seamstress and chamber-maid; understands dress-making; best City reference. Call at No. 490 6th av., 3d floor, front room, between 29th and 30th sts.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A GIRL, AS SEAMstress and lady's maid; understands her duties thoroughly; best of City references. Call at No. 24 East 14th st., between University place and 5th av., in the hair store.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE person, in a private family, as competent seamstress and dress-maker; no objection to wait on a lady; many years' references. Call for two days at No. 70 5th av.

SEAMSTRESS, &c.—BY A COMPETENT SEAMstress and dress-maker; understands family sewing; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; will assist with children; best references. Call at No. 628 6th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A YOUNG SCOTCH WOMAN as thorough seamstress and dress-maker; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Can be seen for two days at No. 65 West 21st st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS SEAMstress; understands dress-making and a machine. Call at No. 256 West 32d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman; understands the care of silver and getting up salads in the best manner; or would take chamber-work and waiting, or chamber-work and sewing; very neat and tidy, willing and obliging; very highest testimonials for honesty and sobriety; City or country. Call at Bookham's new office, No. 309 4th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY NEAT AND TIDY YOUNG woman as first-class waitress in a private family; understands making salads and care of silver thoroughly; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS; willing to do the chamber-work; is thoroughly competent in the above capacities; has the very best of testimonials; is tidy, obliging, and fully experienced. Can be seen at 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMan, (Protestant,) as first-class waitress in a private family, or would do general house-work for a small private family; best of City reference. Call corner 23d st. and 7th av., over drug store; ring third bell.

WAITRESS.—BY A NEAT, TIDY YOUNG GIRL AS first-class waitress; understands her business in every respect; has three years' City reference from her last employer. Can be seen for two days at No. 204 East 15th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, as first-class waitress; takes care of the silver and dining-room in style. Call at No. 490 6th av., room No. 16.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT WAITRESS, who understands the care of silver and salads; would assist with the chamber work; nearly two years' reference. Call at or address 131 West 32d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN as waitress; understands the care of silver thoroughly; unexceptionable City references. Call at No. 323 Madison av.

WAITRESS, &C.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG lady as waitress or chamber-maid; is also willing to assist at washing; best City reference. Inquire at No. 314 East 25th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A NEAT, TIDY, YOUNG WOMAN as waitress; understands her duties in every respect. Call at present employer's, No. 17 East 32d st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS FOR the country; has good City references. Can be seen at No. 1,233 Broadway, Bongrand's French Office.

WASHING.—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS WISHes gentlemen's or family washing; five years' City reference. Address Mrs. Sheerin, No. 131 West 19th st., in the rear.

WASHING.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, AT her own home, a small family's washing or some gentlemen's washing; good references. Call at private stable, No. 229 East 20th st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WILL take families', and gentlemen's washing to her own home; polishing and fluting done, if required. Call at No. 551 9th av.

WASHING.—AN EXPERIENCED COLORED LAUNdress wishes gentlemen's and families' washing. Call at No. 112 West 26th st., near 6th av., top floor.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND EDUCATED Protestant young woman, to wait on an elderly or invalid lady. Apply at No. 103 West 20th st.

MALES.

BUTLER.—BY A VERY ACTIVE YOUNG MAN IN a private family; thoroughly understands his business; best City reference. Address J. B., No. 601 6th av., hardware store.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—KNOWS THE CITY well; has three years' good reference from last place; was one year in England; can wait on table if necessary; is willing to be useful. Call or address Lewis Watson, No. 587 7th av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN; thoroughly understands his business, and has two and one-half years' reference from last place. Call at or address No. 136 West 17th st., rear.

COACHMAN.—BY A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands his business in every respect; eight years' reference from last place. Call, for two days, at No. 5 East 19th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN; HAS best City reference from his last employer as to capability, honesty, and sobriety. Call on or address Coachman, No. 319 East 31st st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE MAN AS COACHman; thoroughly understands his business; five years' City reference. Address or call at No. 5 East 19th st.

COACHMAN.—BY A COMPETENT MAN; FOUR years' best City reference from last employer, to whom he refers. Address L. P., at Brewster's carriage repository, 14th st. and 5th av.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN; TWO CHILdren; City or country; can be highly recommended; references will bear the strictest investigation. Address S. P., No. 644 6th av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A FIRST-class coachman and groom. Call on or address J. D., No. 24 Lexington av., in private stable, for two days.

DRIVER.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN AS truck-driver; has two years' City experience with one party; best City reference given. Apply for two days at No. 449 8th av., second floor.

FIREMAN OR PORTER.—BY A YOUNG MAN as fireman or porter; can take charge of steam boilers; City or country; best of references. Address H. H., Box No. 225 Times Office.

GARDENER, USEFUL MAN, &c.—BY A Scotch Protestant single man, who can do all parts of flower and vegetable gardening, including green-house, hot and cold graperies, fruits, &c.; also a good farmer and coachman; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN; ENTIRELY understands gardening, green-houses, and make himself generally useful in the care of cattle. Apply at Bridgeman's, Broadway, No. 876, for R. V.

GARDENER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS GARDENER. Apply at Flemming's seed store, No. 67 Nassau st., for R. Marks.

PORTER AND COACHMAN.—BY A COLORED man that can be recommended highly in every respect. Call at No. 7 Pine st., Room No. 5.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN AGED twenty-six years, who is a good coachman and groom; can also milk, care cattle, build fires, tend furnace, and do other chores about a place; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, MIDDLE-aged, as waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly; takes whole charge of his silver; also makes the best of salads; can be recommended highly from his last place. Address H. D., Box No. 29 Times Up-town Office No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER MAN, who has lived in the best families; can produce first-class testimonials as regards capability, honesty, sobriety, and thoroughly understands his duties. Apply for two days at No. 526 6th av., between 31st and 32d sts., first floor.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN AS waiter in a private family, where he would be found efficient and obliging; best reference. Call on or address Mac, No. 871 Broadway, corner 18th st., in the fruit store.

WAITER.—BY A SWISS SINGLE MAN AS FIRST-class waiter; speaks French and English; has the best City references; is willing to do anything about the house; can dress salads excellently. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH WAITER, who speaks English perfectly, and is thoroughly efficient in every respect; unexceptionable references, which will bear strict investigation. Address A. B., Box No. 76 Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT MAN as first-class waiter; thoroughly competent in his duties; best City reference. Call or address for two days H. F., No. 868 Broadway, china store.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN WITH FIRST-class City references, as waiter in a private family. Address, for two days, F. W., Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCHMAN AS waiter; speaks English; is thoroughly accustomed to the above duties; can give the best of references. Call at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN AS WAITER in a private family; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has unexceptionable City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITER.—BY A FRENCHMAN WHO SPEAKS English, as waiter in a private family. Address Eugene, Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A YOUNG COLORED MAN, IN A private family as waiter. Apply at No. 120 33d st., near 6th av.

WANTED.—THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN Association requests merchants and all business men in the City or in the country, who are in want of bookkeepers, cashiers, entry clerks, copyists, salesmen, porters, &c., to apply at the rooms, 23d st., corner 4th av.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE JEUNE FILLE DESIRE SE PLACER pour lady's maid; les meilleurs recommandations. S'adresser au 17me rue, No. 116.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A THOROUGHLY experienced waiter, who can bring good references for capacity, honesty, and sobriety; French or English preferred. Answer, stating name, references, and address, to Box No. 4,675 Post Office.

WANTED—A NEAT GIRL TO COOK, WASH, AND iron, to go to a neighboring City; good references required. Call to-day from 10 to 3 o'clock, at No. 39 John st., City.

WANTED—A COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER, with City references; Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 89 Park av.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF New-York.—ADAM STOHR, plaintiff, against WILLIAM EGENBERGER, defendant. Summons for a money demand on contract. Com. not served. To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the County Court-house in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 194 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and seventy-five dollars, with interest thereon from the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, besides the cost of this action.—Dated September 2, 1874.

DIXON, WHITLOCK, & ANDERSON, Plaintiff's Att'ys.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was this day duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.—Dated October 5, 1874.

DIXON, WHITLOCK, & ANDERSON, Plaintiff's Atty's.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New-York, Richmond County.—EDMUND UNKART, Frederick Meissner, and George Jonas Bechtel, Jr., Executors of and Trustees under the last will and testament of ANNA MARIA ELIZABETH UNKART, deceased, plaintiffs, against FREDERICK D. THORNS, William Pearce, and —— Pearce, his wife, Maria L. Trew, Julia J. Trew, Andrew Langden, and Carrie A. Hill, and Walter Mitchell, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not ser.)—Action No. 1.—To the defendants above named, and to each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond, at Richmond, Staten Island, New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 54 Wall street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated, Aug. 28, 1874.

JAMES B. SILKMAN, Plaintiffs' Attorney.
s22-law6wT No. 54 Wall st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW-York, Richmond County.—EDMUND UNKART, Frederick Meissner, and George Jonas Bechtel, Jr., Executors and Trustees under the last will and testament of ANNA MARIA ELIZABETH UNKART, deceased, plaintiffs, against FREDERICK D. THORNS, William Pearce, and —— Pearce, his wife, Maria L. Trew, Julia J. Trew, Andrew Langdon, and Carrie A. Hill, and Walter Mitchell, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not ser.)—Action No. 2.—To the defendants above named and to each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond, at Richmond, Staten Island, New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 54 Wall street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated August 28, 1874.

JAMES B. SILKMAN,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
s22law6wT No. 54 Wall st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF New-York.—VICTOR FAUCHE, plaintiff, vs. RUNYON W. MARTIN, JOHN DE RUYTER, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant, Runyon W. Martin: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed on the 19th day of September, 1874, in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, New-York City, State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, number 54 Wall street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated September 19, 1874.

ANDERSON & MAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
o20-law6wTu* No. 54 Wall street, New-York.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, CITY and County of New-York.—ABRAHAM D. HOAGLAND, plaintiff, against STEPHEN H. ALDEN, defendant.—To Abraham D. Hoagland, plaintiff:—You are hereby summoned and required personally to appear before me at Chambers of this court, at the County Court-house in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of October next, at ten and a half o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to give your testimony as a party before trial, in an action between yourself, Abraham D. Hoagland, plaintiff, and Stephen H. Alden, defendant, pursuant to the provisions of the Code of Procedure, and for a failure to attend you will be punished according to law. Dated New-York, July 22, 1874.

ABM. R. LAWRENCE, Justice.
WM. HENRY ANTHON, Defendant's Attorney.

METALS.

PHELPS, DODGE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF METALS,
TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIN,
WIRE, &c.,
CLIFF ST., between John and Fulton, NEW-YORK.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.
METALS.
NO. 292 PEARL ST.,
NEAR BEEKMAN ST., NEW-YORK.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, OCT. 20, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Matinée at 1.—GRAND CHARITY PERFORMANCE by artists from the leading theatres.
WALLACK'S THEATRE.—THE RIVALS—Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. Harry Beckett, Miss J. Lewis.
BOOTH'S THEATRE.—HENRY VIII.—Miss Charlotte Cushman, Mr. George Vandenhoff.
FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—MOORCROFT—Mr. D. H. Harkins, Mr. Louis James, Miss Fanny Davenport.
UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—THE SPHYNX—Mr. Parselle, Mr. Rankin, Miss Morris, and Miss Thompson.
LYCEUM THEATRE.—MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING—Miss Adelaide Neilson, Mr. J. H. Barnes, Mr. G. B. Waldron.
NIBLO'S GARDEN.—THE DELUGE; OR, PARADISE LOST—Kiralfy Brothers, Miss Julia Seaman, Grand Ballet.
OLYMPIC THEATRE.—VAUDEVILLE AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.
BOWERY THEATRE—KIT CARSON—THE BROKEN SWORD.
AMERICAN INSTITUTE HALL.—GRAND EXHIBITION OF ART AND AGRICULTURE. Day and evening.
WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Curiosities.
COLOSSEUM.—PARIS BY NIGHT—MISCELLANEOUS. Afternoon and evening.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.—MINSTRELSY and NEGRO COMICALITIES—Messrs. Birch, Wambold, and Backus.
BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—MINSTRELSY—NEGRO DELINEATIONS, &c.—Mr. Bryant, Mr. Seymour.
STEINWAY HALL.—PERSONATIONS AND SONGS by Mr. Frederick Maccabe.
SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY.—EXHIBITION OF THE PAINTING OF THE "BATTLE OF LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN."
ROBINSON HALL.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best daily family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence; all objectionable advertisements are rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
New-York City.

The legal rate of postage on THE DAILY TIMES, including Sunday edition, addressed to its regular subscribers, is $1 40 per annum, or 35 cents per quarter; DAILY, without Sunday edition, $1 20 per annum, or 30 cents per quarter, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE at the office where the paper is received. Subscribers who receive their copies by letter-carriers will please hand the annual or quarterly postage to the carriers, taking their receipts.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at No. 54½ West 32d st., junction of Broadway and 6th av.; No. 308 West 23d st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ For the accommodation of east-side advertisers, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at the East-side Advertising Office, No. 504 3d av., corner 34th st., Third Avenue Railroad Building, at the same rates as are charged at the office of publication.

☞ Advertisements for THE WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

It is a good sign for the success of the Republican Party in this State that the press of the interior is presenting very effectively the excellent administration of the State Government since it came into Republican hands. This is a point that cannot be too strongly urged throughout the rural districts, where such matters are considered much more independently and with far less partisan prejudice than in the great cities. The tax-paying farmer appreciates such facts as these: That the average yearly expenses under Democratic rule were greater by $1,119,085 than under Republican rule; that the appropriations for sectarian purposes by the Democrats were nearly $1,000,000 a year, while the Republicans made none; that the annual cost of running the canals was nearly $800,000 more under the Democrats than under the Republicans; that the yearly cost of the Legislature was with the Democrats $156,000 more than with the Republicans, and that the Democrats spent, beyond the appropriations and illegally, two and three-quarter millions in 1871, while in a Republican year (1874) not a cent has been expended more than was appropriated. If these, and the many similar facts which might be stated, were effectively laid before the people by good speakers, as well as by the press, we should have good returns from the effort.

TWEED's counsel have again been foiled in their attempt to show that the statesman of Blackwell's Island was really convicted of but one misdemeanor, and that his term of imprisonment should therefore expire with the first year. Judge BRADY declined to order the "correction" of the record of conviction, for the following, among other reasons: The entries made by the Clerk of the Court on the minutes of any trial do not absolutely determine the phraseology of the record of judgment. They may be supervised and corrected by the presiding Judge, and when the record has been drawn up and signed by the Judge, the minutes of the Clerk cease to be proof of the intention of the court. Judge DAVIS' departure from the terms employed in the minutes was, therefore, not only perfectly admissible, but the question having been raised before him and decided by him in settling the form of the record, it cannot be reopened by any Judge of the same court.

Recorder HACKETT made a very correct statement of a perfectly just principle of law yesterday, in the case of the woman YAGER, on trial for stealing a child. The defense was that the woman was drunk, and therefore not responsible, but Judge HACKETT very properly told the jury that drunkenness could not shield the woman from punishment. It is altogether too common a thing for juries to be made to believe that what one does when one is drunk, one cannot be held accountable for. The accountability ought really to be more strict, for drunkenness itself is an offense against society, and in all but a very few instances it is, so far as the beginning of drunkenness is concerned, a deliberate offense. One of the greatest aids the Legislature could contribute to the Temperance movement would be an enactment that in all cases of crime drunkenness should be considered as an aggravation of criminality.

The Chicago *Times* (Democratic) cannot stand the representations of the New-York *World* in reference to the elections in Indiana and Ohio. While the *World* is incessantly calling out for "hard money," it exults over a victory which means simply repudiation and inflation. It has been denying that any public man in Indiana was in favor of the repudiation plank inserted in the platform, and yet the Democrats have won solely on the strength of that plank. The Chicago *Times* is a much stancher Democratic paper than the New-York *World*, and it has no motive for deceiving the public when it talks about its own party. We elsewhere quote an article from it, and advise our readers to read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest it.

There is much force in the reasoning of Special Agent ELLIOTT on the subject of Icelandic emigration to Alaska. He asks why these people should be encouraged to go to Alaska, where they can only earn a bare subsistence, when there are millions of unoccupied land, cool Summers, and plenty of fish in the Puget Sound country. The Icelanders seem to have been attracted to Alaska by the jokes which our own people have cracked at the expense of the wily diplomatists who bought for us those wastes of ice and snow. They have a fellow feeling for the Alaskans. But we can do better by them than this. We can give them all that Mr. ELLIOTT promises for Puget Sound. But, if it comes to that, the whole North Pacific coast as far south as San Francisco is cool, foggy, not sterile, but productive enough to astonish an ordinary Icelander. We need population, not only in Alaska, but in every State and Territory of the Union. If we can have a thrifty Iceland colony, there is no excuse for being mean enough to send them to Alaska. We may as well keep that spot for the immigrants of 1974.

THE TWO PARTIES.

Whatever the Democrats may say of their late successes in the West, of one thing we are glad: we now know where to find them. They have heretofore succeeded in keeping their real policy out of sight. The party out of power is always able to do this. A guerrilla attack all along the line is easy and natural for the party that desires to get in; the party which is actually in power is obliged to show its hand every day. The Irishman who, on casting his first American vote, wanted to use it "agin the Government," because he had always been "agin the Government" at home, was a good type of the party which he then joined. It is easy to find fault with the Government and the political organization which it happens to represent. Just now, however, while the Democrats are crowing so lustily over their victories in Ohio and Indiana, we can take them at their word, and discover something of the policy that has been disclosed in the canvass. There is not even a pretense of third-partyism about any of these "notable successes." It is pure, unadulterated Democracy—the Democracy of VALLANDIGHAM, VOORHEES, SEYMOUR, and TWEED. The false pretenses which Mr. GREELEY's nomination in 1872 added to the Democratic Party have been removed. There is no more twaddle about "clasping hands over the bloody chasm," no more such gushing reunions of blue and gray, or of "scholars in politics," as one saw in the silly season of the Cincinnati Convention. It is now a contest between Republican and Democratic principles.

Everybody knows that the clearest heads in both parties have long prophesied that the financial question would sooner or later be the prominent one in American politics. It was the chief issue in the elections over which the Democrats are now hurrahing so loudly. If the people of Ohio mean anything by electing a Democratic ticket in that State, they mean that they are in favor of increasing the volume of currency at will, paying Customs duties partially in greenbacks, abolishing the national banks, substituting an enormous legal-tender medium, and paying the 5-20 bonds in paper money. This is exactly what the Ohio Democratic platform declared for, and the election of a solitary hard-money Democrat no more disproves the general statement concerning the party than the election of BUTLER in the Essex district would prove that the whole Massachusetts delegation were pledged to the salary grab. The same statement is true of Indiana. There the Democrats were more explicit in their declarations. They announced themselves in favor of open repudiation and limitless inflation. Does any man in his sober senses pretend to believe that the financial policy of this party, should it ever get possession of the Government, would be anything else than that which is here shadowed forth? It may be the popular will that we shall cure financial ills by the stimulant of expansion, or give a deceitful appearance of prosperity to the country by flooding it with legal-tenders. If this be so, we are on the eve of a great national calamity; but no honest and intelligent man should fail to do all in his power to stave it off.

And we are bound to look back on the record of the Democratic Party, particularly in this State, to discover what its policy is and is to be. TWEED's thefts and TWEED's vulgar display of his crimes were debauching enough to public sentiment, as all the world knows; but the frightful and unblushing frauds upon the suffrage, the corruption of the Bench, the deliberate tyranny perpetuated through the stolen machinery of the ballot-box, were a thousand-fold more dangerous to the liberties of the people. The enormous conspiracy that made New-York elections a farce, and frightened away thousands of voters from the polls, was the work of the Democratic Party—the party that Mr. TILDEN prattled to in 1870—the party that supports Mr. TILDEN in 1874. Even HORACE GREELEY in those days told Mr. TILDEN that he had it in his power to stop this corruption and abuse by simply walking into the City Hall and exerting his own personal influence. But Mr. TILDEN did not walk into the councils of his fellow Democrats with any such reproof. Why should he now, or next year, if it were necessary?

Nor is there even an appearance of plausibility about the Democratic plea that the party is in favor of reform. Reform of what? In the administration of the Treasury—National or State? Reform in the disposal of official patronage? Everybody must laugh at promises of reform from a party which, under its last President, held the wildest saturnalia of corruption and office-grabbing ever known in Washington. It must be a sudden conversion to good works of the Democracy of New-York, when, after piling up an enormous State debt, multiplying official sinecures, and boldly plundering the cash-box of this City, it proposes to reform anybody or anything! What reason have we to suppose that the gang that stands behind Mr. TILDEN will now become honest men and reformers? It is too late to set up that pretense now. The financial platform of the Democrats, and the public record of the party in the nation and in this State, alike forbid the possibility of any change for the better. It is in vain for the destitute Mr. TILDEN to protest that he is virtuous; his party is corrupt to the core. The people, after all, must choose between the Republican Party, with its noble record of works well done, though with abuses that may be corrected, and the Democratic Party, without a single accomplished purpose to which it can point with just gratification. It is an issue between a party with many good deeds and a few imperfections, and one with empty promises and a shameful record.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF SPANISH BARBARITY.

When Ex-Gov. JEWELL recently returned from St. Petersburg he brought with him in the capacity of private secretary a young Englishman bearing the name of CECIL BUCKLAND. This young man had, during the first few years of what promised to be a long and brilliant literary career, seen more of men and of manners than falls to the lot of most people in a lifetime. Five years ago, he was short-hand writer in the office of a parliamentary agent in London. Between that time and the date of his arrival in this country, he occupied the positions of editor of the Monmouth *Beacon*, joint-editor of the Ceylon *Daily Times*, agent of the Central Press Association of London, and Private Secretary to Minister JEWELL in St. Petersburg. Mr. BUCKLAND left the Russian capital bearing the most flattering testimonials to the efficiency of his work and the warmest wishes for his success in Washington from his personal friend, the Secretary of Legation, Mr. EUGENE SCHUYLER. Mr. BUCKLAND soon wearied of Washington, and came in search of employment to this office on the personal introduction of Postmaster General JEWELL. His taste for travel and adventure had not been sated, and he desired to be sent to any post where there was a chance of distinction and a spice of novelty. Mr. JEWELL bore the highest testimony to the ability of his Ex-Secretary, and offered to guarantee in any manner that might be desired his perfect trustworthiness. Partly at his own suggestion, Mr. BUCKLAND was tendered the position of special TIMES correspondent among the Carlists. He promptly and gladly accepted the offer, was duly furnished with credentials and ample funds, and without losing a day departed for the post to which he had been assigned.

Such is the extent of our knowledge of the promising fellow-laborer who, there is too much reason to believe, has just been butchered in cold blood by the Republicans in the north of Spain. THE TIMES of Saturday, apparently the day of his murder, contained Mr. BUCKLAND's first letter. In that communication he jestingly refers to the fact that he had fallen into very dangerous company, in the shape of a regularly-accredited "Commissioner" from the English Carlist Committee. That gentleman bore some very compromising documents, whose custody our correspondent good-naturedly shared while yet in French territory. Once on Spanish soil, however, he had resolved to have no more to do with these Carlist dispatches, so that if taken prisoner by the Republicans he might be tried on his "own merits alone." Mr. BUCKLAND and his companion seem to have been delayed for several days at Bayonne, where the latter was probably in communication with the Carlist Committee which directs so many important operations from that half-Spanish town on the French side of the frontier. The distance from Bayonne to Irun, the nearest Spanish town, is about twenty miles. On Saturday morning our correspondent set out in company with the Carlist "Commissioner" to make that journey. Their movements at Bayonne had probably been watched by Spanish spies, and they seem to have been hardly more than across the frontier when they were arrested. Our Paris correspondent telegraphs us that before the close of the day they had both been shot, and an Associated Press dispatch from Bayonne confirms the report. We fear that there is but a dim ray of hope for their safety to be found in the announcement that the United States Legation in Paris is as yet without confirmation of the news.

Whatever show of apology there may be for the shooting of Mr. JERRARD, the representative of the English Carlist Committee, there cannot be the slightest show of justification for the murder of Mr. BUCKLAND. There could be no mistake about his vocation, any more than there could be about his purpose in visiting Spain. The men who compassed his death were simply guilty of an act of brutal assassination, whatever forms of law, and we suspect there were very few, were the preliminaries of the deed. The transaction is another of those inexcusable atrocities by which Spaniards have contrived to alienate the sympathy of the civilized world in every struggle in which they have recently been engaged. Like the dastardly outrages perpetrated by the Spanish loyalists in Cuba, like the *Virginius* massacre, like the slaughter of prisoners and hospital patients during the Carlist war, it is an indication of the relapse into semi-barbarism of a nation once great, though always sanguinary. The world is asked in bombastic proclamations from the Spanish Foreign Office to believe that all the cruelties of the civil war have been perpetrated in the name of Don CARLOS, and yet a correspondent commissioned to find out the entire truth about the struggle between absolutism and so-called liberty no sooner finds himself face to face with the representative of the republic than he fares worse than he would have done among a gang of professional cut-throats.

For acts like this the Spanish Government has a responsibility, not only on grounds of ordinary humanity, but also of international obligation. Mr. BUCKLAND was a British citizen, and the Government of his country will no doubt be prompt enough to exact proper apology and such reparation as is possible for his murder. The event will cause at least as profound indignation in England as in the United States. The murder of an unoffending newspaper correspondent born in the one country and serving the other, is a curious way of making a return for the share which the two Governments had in sustaining the claims to recognition of the Spanish Republic. On the poignant grief which the murder of Mr. BUCKLAND will cause to his relatives in England we forbear to enlarge. We cannot tell whether his parents are alive, but one is tempted to wish that they are not spared to feel so cruel a blow. He has a brother in England to mourn his loss; Mr. FRANK BUCKLAND, the well-known naturalist, and editor of *Land and Water*, is his cousin, and he appears to have been engaged to the niece of the Mayor of Waterford, in Ireland. To the sorrow of these and many other friends whom he made in both hemispheres, there is at least the alleviating reflection left that Mr. BUCKLAND unquestionably died like the honorable and courageous gentleman of pure life and unblemished fame which he was. The resentment which the people of Great Britain and the United States will feel over his barbarous taking off will certainly not fail of proper diplomatic expression from any want of readiness in the State Department to do all that can be done to fortify the representations on the subject which will undoubtedly be made by the British Government.

DEMOCRATIC DIFFICULTIES.

The Democrats in the country districts of the State are finding so much difficulty in obtaining candidates for Congress who will "stick" that, were they engaged in a worthier cause, they would be deserving of sympathy. And in several districts, where the man selected is willing enough, and even anxious, to run, there seems to be an unusual outbreak of bickering in the party. This is especially true of the Fifteenth District, from which there come loud complaints of bribery and fraud in the elections of delegates to the nominating convention. In fact, so violent is the indignation in Greene County that many of the Democrats refuse to be pacified, and are beginning to manifest an inclination to vote for the Republican candidate, rather than, to use the Democratic phrase, to be "trod upon."

In the Twenty-eighth District, the Democratic Convention, with unexpected good sense, looking at it from the Republican standpoint, but with remarkable stupidity as viewed by the true-blue Democrats, deliberately placed in nomination for Congress a gentleman who has been a consistent Republican all his life, and who himself says that had a bombshell exploded at his feet, he could not have been more astonished than he was when he was informed of his nomination. Hon. EDWARD T. ESTY, the gentleman referred to, has felt called upon to decline the nomination, saying that he has always been a Republican, and apparently fearing that he would be charged with inconsistency were he to consent to run. Incidentally, he says that he cannot account for his selection unless it be that his open and unqualified denunciation of tainted and dishonorable men holding official positions, whether false Republicans or false Democrats, may have led the convention to think that, in condemning some Republicans who hold office, he intended to condemn the Republican Party and its principles. There are other persons, besides the Democrats of the Twenty-eighth District, who fall into the same grievous error. Under the circumstances, we are not sure that it would have been a matter wholly to be regretted had Mr. ESTY felt authorized to accept the nomination thus thrust upon him. The election of such a man upon the platform he has hinted at in his letter of declination would not be without its advantages.

In the Albany District, the Sixteenth, there is a split in the Democratic Party of the most aggravated kind. Each faction claims to be regular, and denounces the other as bolters. They have placed two candidates for Congress in the field, and the candidate of one has been nominated for the Assembly by the other, and is said to have written letters accepting both. The Democratic division is the Republican opportunity. They have a strong candidate, and should bring out their full vote, for with it they have an assurance of victory.

In the Twenty-sixth District the Democratic candidate is excessively unpopular, and several Democratic papers refuse to support him. In fact, it is asserted that only one party paper in the district heartily indorses him. One refuses because it is "not a nomination that commends itself on the principles of Democracy;" another giving him a mock support, protests that the House would have in him "a member of dignified presence and awe-inspiring form, an ornament to literature and society, a soldier, a scholar, and a theologian." A new convention is to be held, and will probably place a second Democratic candidate in the field.

In the Twenty-fifth District, also, Democratic experiences are peculiar. The convention nominated Judge GEORGE F. COMSTOCK, and he very speedily wrote a letter in which he declared that he would not accept, and added that if he were certain of election in a district which politically is against him, his reason for declining would have a still more imperative force. This was a very sensible conclusion, and we are surprised to learn that he has since reconsidered the matter and has withdrawn his declination on the ground that having been regularly nominated by a Democratic Convention he does not, as a Democrat, feel at liberty to decline. It is to be supposed that, as a citizen, he will not feel at liberty to complain of his defeat in a district politically so strongly opposed to him.

Then the Democrats of the Twenty-seventh District have put up a nominee, Judge S. D. FAULKNER, of Livingston County, who cannot accept. He says that the state of his health will not permit him to take upon himself the anxieties and responsibilities of the campaign, to say nothing of its necessary work. And, accordingly, the Democrats there also are out on a scout in search of a candidate who can be induced to stick in the face of overwhelming defeat.

Such is the picture presented at this point in the campaign for Democratic contemplation in the country districts of the State. We suggest to them whether it would not be worth their while to cast aside all their embarrassments and perplexities, and give a united support to the Republican Congressional candidates.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AND THE LAWYERS.

The fate of these amendments, which, if adopted, would remedy so many of our evils, will depend on whether the mass of voters can be made to understand them. A very moderate proportion really comprehend either the evils or the conditions of relief, and the few who do, show very slight evidence of intending to take the trouble to instruct others. This is much to be lamented. It has been with great trouble and expense that the pending reforms have been brought to their present stage, and if they are not now adopted, it may be a long time before the people will have another good chance of sweeping away the abuses under which they labor. A grave duty rests upon every good citizen who can aid the masses to vote intelligently on these amendments to do so. Among those most competent for such a work are our experienced politicians; but fear of their adversaries and of damaging their own prospects with a certain class of voters, does not permit much hope from this quarter. Both the great parties hesitate to complete a work which each has co-operated in bringing to this stage, and which both know would promote the general welfare. Thus, at a moment when there can be no doubt that a vast majority of the honest voters of this State would earnestly support these amendments, if they understood them, there is great danger of their being lost from the mere lack of explanation and attention.

We naturally look for those who are best qualified to speak intelligently to the people, and we find none who can do so with so much propriety and intelligence as the lawyers. Above all others, they are familiar with the abuses to be removed, and with the fitness of these amendments to accomplish that result. From their experience they are better informed than any other portion of the people, what expense, what needless litigation, what confusion and uncertainty in the laws, what multiplication of frauds and crimes, have grown out of those constitutional provisions, and the want of such provisions, to which the amendments relate. It seems to us that they ought now to take a decided stand. A profession which has a monopoly of practicing in the courts is under more than common obligations to make sacrifices for the common benefit. There is no way in which the legal profession can do more to advance itself in public estimation. It justly sinks in public regard in proportion as it shows itself incapable of rising above mere personal interests and private aims. If it would enjoy public regard, let it be courageous, unselfish, and patriotic. It has, therefore, been with surprise and regret that we have heard that the great organization of lawyers here, known as the Bar Association, which gained so much honor and did so great a service by procuring the impeachment of the corrupt Judges, is hesitating whether it will do anything to promote the adoption of these amendments. To-night, we are informed, it has a meeting on the subject, and we hope it will not disappoint its best friends outside the profession. If this association will set the example, the more independent lawyers all over the State will let the people know the opinions on the subject to which their experience has led them, and there is not a doubt that these amendments will receive an overwhelming vote. We know not who else can insure so great a victory for honest government. It is no question of booty or of personal ambition, but one of public safety and honor, upon which the legal profession has no right to be silent.

BISMARCK'S LETTERS.

The affair of the Von Arnim letters will undoubtedly form one of the most curious chapters in diplomatic history. As most persons are aware, the metropolitan province of Prussia proper is Brandenburg, a vast plain of poor, sandy soil, covering an area of 15,000 square miles, only slightly above the level of the Baltic. Among the grandees of this province, the VON ARNIMS have for centuries held a very prominent position, being, in fact, among the greatest of the Prussian nobility. Their principal seat, where the family has been settled for nearly a thousand years, is at Boitzenburg, about fifty miles from Berlin. Their possessions around it are very large, their wealth great, and theirs is one of the few families in which the landed estates descend to the eldest son. The young Count who served as Secretary of Legation at Washington and passed some time in this country two years ago, was a brother of the reigning Count at Boitzenburg, but the Minister now in collision with Prince BISMARCK, is a more remote connection of his. The Minister is a man rather past middle life, who has, on more than one occasion, been the Prince's *collaborateur* in important business, and it may be presumed that the Prince must have had particular confidence in him, or he would hardly have appointed him to the most difficult and anxious of diplomatic posts, and this, notwithstanding that he had become involved in a good deal of difficulty when representing the Court of Prussia at Rome No one can be so thoroughly odious, and, it may be added, so dangerous, as a former friend. Prince BISMARCK appears to be a man of frank character, and in all probability in his intercourse with VON ARNIM he never proceeded on the principle which advises us to treat a friend as though he might some day be an enemy. Hence, we doubt not, it is that the latter has become a repository of secrets whose revelation may be so inconvenient.

It will be interesting to learn on what precise legal grounds the Count is detained in confinement, as at present the proceedings against him savor of an arbitrary exercise of power suggestive of *lettres du cachet*, and such as probably cause not a few of our fellow-citizens who once were liable to similar treatment to congratulate themselves on being American citizens. It is pretty much the same story at Berlin as it was a hundred years ago. An executive practically absolute, a people one vast army, and an administrative machinery whose main business is preparation for killing the neighbors. The grand aim and object now, as then, is to be best fighter. If all this makes a nation happy, the Prussians are blessed indeed. And it must be owned they seem to hug their military chains. They continue, moreover, cheerfully to submit to the tremendous and impassable gulf fixed between the different ranks of society, and to the overbearing assumption of the bureaucracy, soothing themselves, no doubt, with the conviction that it is all a necessary part of that system which gives them what is called a United Germany, and crushes France, and above all by the reflection that "BISMARCK knows best."

Yet, if we may judge at all by our immigration returns, there must be not a few disposed to agree with the poet who pointed out,

> "How wide the limits stand
> Between a splendid and a happy land,"

and to feel that they pay rather dear for their glories. To our way of thinking, a country less free than Prussia scarcely exists. MONTALEMBERT found it necessary, now and then, to cross the channel for what he called "a bath of freedom," and Count VON ARNIM is, perhaps, by this time, thinking that he needs a course of such bathing to restore his tone.

PHILOSOPHERS ASTRAY.

When the astute philosophers of Berlin are weary with analyzing the indefinite, and speculating on the unknown, and when they feel it necessary to come down to sublunary topics for a time, they always fall upon the condition of France. Criticism of their sprightly neighbors is as necessary as beer and mild tobacco to their existence. Impaling a Frenchman, whistling down the wind the latest Gallic project, and reading frightfully impressive lessons to the Teutonic masses from the degeneracy and recklessness of modern France, are pleasures which never pall upon the German and, above all, the Prussian mind.

The Germans, who have recently been criticising with fresh vigor, went at their work in the old fashion. France, they say, has learned no real wisdom, from her wounds, her battles, and her misfortunes. She has, here and there, undertaken petty economies, has set up a few schools, has begun to strengthen her fortifications, but is by no means weaned from her vanities. And then the philosophers go into hysterics over the folly of wasting so much time and money as the French are doing on such trivial matters as the frescoes of the new Grand Opera in Paris, by BAUDRY; the apotheosis of the venerable actress, DEJAZET; the revival of immodest and flippant dramas, and the new and splendid decoration of many streets and public parks and squares. "Ah, Lutetia, thou wert ever, and ever wilt be, a coquette!" is the substance of their complaint; and, as they steadfastly continue in their ancient belief that Paris is France, they refuse to see anything like symptoms of progress in the whole country.

According to these critical philosophers Republican Paris seems, on the surface, quite as gay, as full of joyous *abandon*, as in 1869, ere Sedan or Republic or Commune or National Assembly had come upon the scene. It rushes as frantically as ever after all the glittering bubbles of the present; gabbles as absurdly and growls as angrily about its public men as of old; and, with the exception of its journalists and the more serious statesmen who make the great city their home, its inhabitants appear as little concerned about how or by whom they are governed, as in the days before the fatal "Second of December." The news from Versailles appears to possess, for the mass of them, about as much interest as the telegrams from America. It is as necessary as formerly that a politician should do some bizarre thing if he would be known of the Parisians; they care little for his real merit, or for the good or harm he may do them. The middle class is still in doubt, whatever it may say to the contrary, whether, if there should ever be a *plébiscite* which should require them to decide between Republic and Empire, it might not be better to vote for an Emperor, and to slip back into the old ways of dull obedience. And the philosophers point to the Bonapartist reaction as an evidence of the feeble hold which republicanism, in their opinion, really has upon the country.

Singularly enough, the philosophers and wiseacres who make these statements disagree in their testimony with many intelligent German witnesses in humbler walks in life. These latter do not attempt to judge of all France by the condition of Paris. The rest of the world seems to have got over that vulgar error of judgment, albeit the philosophers cling to it. A new France, too, has sprung up since the philosophers last devoted some attention to the condition of that country; a France which, however much depressed by ignorance and lack of earnestness among certain classes, has yet set its feet firmly upon a new path leading to independence and self-government; a France which, while it cherishes some dreams of vengeance, and allows partisan warfare and the intrigues of base men sometimes to hinder its progress, is still determined to preserve and deserve all reasonable liberty.

The people of Paris, who seem to the smoke-dried critics who come out of their abstractions to gaze on them, rather too gay and reckless, are really profoundly impressed with the importance of their new political opportunities. They are also at this time very much in earnest about reforms in education, in the general condition of the working man and woman, and in the manner of conducting elections. Quite as many of the native Parisians are seriously employed just now as are given up to the frivolities and follies of the capital. The citizen of Paris does a good many serious duties without being ponderous, as the Germans sometimes are, in their execution; he skips rather than walks, but he has not made many mistakes lately, whatever the Teutonic philosophers may think; and if the sleepy critics would throw aside their dressing-gowns, don their traveling gear, doff their skepticism, and take train to Paris, they might change their minds. Their mistaken criticisms, sent out to the world from the dingy recesses of their studios, are not likely to be accepted as just by close observers of the present condition of Paris. And as for the rest of France, it was never more serious, never more active, never more progressive, despite efforts of priests and politicians to keep it down, than now.

OBITUARY.

JOHN AUSTIN STEVENS.

John Austin Stevens, one of the oldest merchants of this City, died yesterday. Mr. Stevens' father was Gen. Ebenezer Stevens, a prominent soldier of the Revolution, and subsequently a large merchant in the West Indian and Mediterranean trade. He was twice married. His first wife was a Miss Hodgdon. His second, the mother of the subject of this sketch, was Miss Lucretia Ledyard, of Hartford, a sister of the gallant Col. William Ledyard, who was so brutally slain at the surrender of Fort Groton, New-London, on the invasion of Connecticut by Benedict Arnold in 1781. Mr. John A. Stevens was born in this City on the 22d of January, 1795, and was, consequently, in his eightieth year at the time of his death. He graduated at Yale College in the Class of 1813, where he distinguished himself chiefly in literary and scientific studies. He was a graceful and forcible speaker, both then and in his after life. His fondness for general reading, which included in his later years controversial divinity and scientific treatises, was one of his chief consolations in the struggles and responsibilities of the various positions in which he was placed. He became, with his brother, Byam K. Stevens, a partner in his father's house in 1818. The long career and success of the firm is well known. Mr. Stevens was from its foundation and for a long period the President of the Merchants' Exchange. He also became, on the death of John Pintard, the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. He became a member of this body on March 7, 1820, and he and William F. Carey, who still survives him, were the oldest members of that body. To the present generation, (says the *Evening Post* of yesterday,) Mr. Stevens was best and most widely known as the President of the Bank of Commerce, a position which he held for more than a quarter of a century. That bank was among the first formed under the general Banking law of 1838. It was organized in 1839, with Chancellor Kent, James Boorman, James Brown, Isaac Carow, James Donaldson, Archibald Gracie, Robert B. Minturn, Russell H. Nevins, Peletiah Perit, John Rathbone, Jr., Robert Ray, Samuel B. Ruggles, Charles H. Russell, John Austin Stevens, Jonathan Sturges, Peter G. Stuyvesant, Samuel Ward, and Stephen Whitney as its first Directors, five only of whom survive.

A chapter in the history of this country which is less known than it ought to be is that of the action of the banks of this City at the outbreak of the rebellion—an action the momentous importance of which can hardly be overstated. It is no disparagement of other bold and loyal men to say that Mr. Stevens was *primus inter pares* of the wise and patriotic men who inspired that action. He was selected as Chairman of the Committee of the Banks of New-York, Boston, and Philadelphia which assembled here at that critical moment, (August, 1861,) and which, after conflicting views, and anxious, and at times even angry, discussions, decided to lend to the United States $50,000,000. This loan was assigned, $5,000,000 as the proportion to be taken by Philadelphia, $15,000,000 by Boston, and the residue by New-York. Boston declined to take more than $10,000,000, and the $5,000,000 which she refused were at once taken by the banks of New-York. It so chanced that during these very serious proceedings most of the Directors of the Bank of Commerce were absent from the City, but the action of Mr. Stevens, and of Mr. Vail, the Cashier, was promply confirmed and cordially approved by every one of the Directors. But for this energetic and timely action of the banks, and especially of our New-York banks, the Government, for the first time in its history, would have failed in its obligations. The banks of the three cities subsequently lent to the Government $50,000,000 more, and upon the payment of this sum again subscribed for a third loan of $50,000,000, all of which $150,000,000 were, with small exception, paid in coin. It was an example of patriotism, boldness, and financial wisdom on the part of these moneyed corporations which history has hardly equaled. Mr. Stevens, at the outset, for himself and his associates, pledged to the Government the support of the great bank over which he presided, and by his courageous counsels greatly aided in securing the result of the momentous struggle. Throughout the rebellion his advice was sought by the Financial Department of the Government, and the greatest weight was given to his opinions. The infirmities of advancing years induced him to resign his position as President of the bank in 1866. In politics Mr. Stevens, though never a violent partisan, was always identified with the Whig Party. Upon the breaking up of that organization he entered into harmony with the Republican movement. While, however, a Whig in the general bias of his political principles, he was also an earnest and consistent advocate of free trade, and was a delegate from this City to the Free-trade Convention held in Philadelphia about 1820. He was a man of excellent heart, of a high sense of honor, of entire uprightness, strictly conscientious, firm in his convictions, and faithful and unswerving in the performance of what he deemed his duty.

MRS. LEONOWENS' FIRST LECTURE.

Last Saturday evening Mrs. Sylvanus Reed gathered, at her fine establishment in Fifty-third street, a company of friends to hear a lecture on Christian Missions to Pagan Lands. The lecturer, Mrs. Leonowens, was for some years a resident of Siam, and labored there as a successful missionary and teacher. Her discourse was illustrated by numerous recollections and personal experiences of Asiatic society, customs and manners, and was listened to with manifest pleasure. At its close Dr. Morgan moved a vote of thanks to the lecturer and the lady of the house. This lecture is to be followed, during this season, by several others on kindred subjects. Mrs. Leonowens' purpose is to awaken an interest, and enlist sympathies, in behalf of missionary labors, particularly in their relation to the destiny of Asiatic women.

AN EXCELLENT INSTITUTION.

St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Women celebrates its twenty-third anniversary today at its new building on the corner of Madison avenue and Eighty-ninth street. The exercises will begin at 1:30 P. M. At 11 A. M. the house will be open for inspection. The Trustees would be much pleased at a full attendance of the friends of the institution, which is one of the most needed and best managed in the City. Those who care for the welfare of helpless and deserving women will find this occasion one of interest aside from the exercises, and the modest little customary festival.

UTAH AFFAIRS.

A CHARGE AGAINST JUDGE M'KEAN—HE ASKS THE GRAND JURY TO INVESTIGATE IT—GEORGE Q. CANNON NOT YET ARRESTED.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 19.—Sunday morning, the Salt Lake *Herald* published an item taken from the Virginia (Nevada) *Independent*, which, commenting upon the charge of Judge McKean to the Grand Jury to look after the disposal of vast tracts of land and vast forests of timber by the Territorial Legislature, says:

> "What will be done with them after they have been inquired into we do not know, unless, indeed, with the accommodating spirit for which the Chief Justice of Utah is so remarkable, he appropriates them to his own use and profit, as he did the Silver Shield and a couple or other mines."

This morning the Chief Justice called the Grand Jury into the court-room and read this item to them and called upon them to investigate the matter, and if they found him guilty to indict him, and if they found the allegations in the item false to indict the editor of the *Herald* for libel.

George Q. Cannon is on the streets to-day, and shows no disposition to run away. If he has been indicted for lascivious cohabitation, as was telegraphed from here several days ago, the officers seem to be dilatory in making the arrest.

R. N. Baskin will contest his right to a seat in the next Congress as Delegate from this Territory.

UDDERZOOK DECLARES HIS INNOCENCE.

WEST CHESTER, Penn., Oct. 19.—W. E. Udderzook, in a statement to the public to-day, declares his innocence. He emphatically states that the parties in Baltimore charged with a knowledge of the conspiracy are guiltless. He forgives every one.

COLORADO NOTES.

BY GRACE GREENWOOD.

MANITOU, Saturday, Oct. 10, 1874.

Never go mountaineering in the middle of September. We ventured this year, in the very teeth of the equinox, and came to grief. Our first "onpleasantness" after leaving sunny, sheltered Manitou, was a cold, ferocious wind-storm at Denver. All day long the coarse sand of the street was driving and drifting and surging before a regular tornado—rising to the tops of the houses, and beating like hail against the highest windows. It was what Mr. Donn Piatt calls "a pulverized continent," on its travels. The next morning was tolerably pleasant, though chilly, and we were able to enjoy the incomparable railroad climb up Clear Creek Cañon, to Blackhawk. This grand rocky passage loses nothing of its beauty and impressiveness by being seen for the fourth or fifth time. Yet on this trip I found myself looking out more than ever before for the minor beauties, and the quaint and curious objects on our winding way. I saw all the great stone faces, grand and grotesque, spoken of in the guide-books, and made some new discoveries in colossal physiognomy. I caught my first view of the pre-Adamite "mule"—a wonderful photograph on the rocks of that sacred and much-abused animal.

The sulphurous air of Blackhawk's smelting works is peculiarly horrible to me. It brings back certain dreadful orthodox discourses heard in my childhood; it suggests all the torments of—the asthma and asphyxia. We found Central City in a state of stunning bustle and confusion from rebuilding. The destructive fire of last Winter, which nearly "cleaned out the town," has proved a blessing in disguise, as streets are being straightened and widened, and buildings of brick and stone are being erected in place of miserable, unsightly wooden structures. Fortunately the Teller House and the office of the *Register*, the two finest buildings of Central, escaped the conflagration. We were especially glad, for the sake of our good friend the landlord of the Teller, who keeps a good hotel under difficulties almost inconceivable to "dwellers in the valley land"—and for the sake of our other good friend, the editor of the *Register*, Col. Frank Hall, late Secretary of the Territory, and one of the ablest, most popular, and trustworthy men the General Government has ever removed from office in Colorado—and that is saying a good deal. The "powers that be" at Washington seem to bowl at our officers from mere wantonness. Last Winter they made a "ten strike," and with the pins knocked down the Republican Party. The Democrat and carpet-bagger who watched the game smiled at the royal play, and the Fifty-niner who kept the score swore as he wrote it down.

At night came a sullen rain, and the next day we drove over to Idaho in a snow-storm, which made Virginia Cañon look more awfully beautiful than ever. It is a fearful grade, and has been fatal ground to more than one hapless traveler. Here Hi Washburn, the ideal stage-driver, most popular of his kind in the mountains—brave, yet careful, jolly, yet gentle—an honest, faithful, good-hearted young fellow, and handsome withal, met with the terrible accident which disabled and saddened him for life. An axle broke, the horses took fright and ran, dragging a portion of the coach and passengers. Hi would not let go the reins till his horses were quieted, though his leg was broken and crushed. He played the hero in his unconscious way, and cannot now see that there was any merit in obeying what to him was the simple instinct of duty—the sudden impulse of manliness.

A warm welcome, genial fire-light, and the best of good cheer, awaited us at the cosy, comfortable Beebee House—the most enjoyable of mountain hostelries—the point of rest and refreshment I am always thankful to reach and regretful to leave. Idaho is a romantic and sheltered watering-place, but is somewhat too bare and sombre for beauty. It needs more water and trees, and they are so easily obtained that the people here have little excuse for not making the place a wild little paradise. It is chiefly frequented for the sake of its delicious hot soda baths, that almost rejuvenate one—make auld wives look amaist as weel as the lasses. But the town has many other attractions and advantages; sparkling mineral springs, pleasant Summer cottages, good hunting and fishing grounds, billiard and bowling saloons, Gospel privileges, and charming rides and drives in various directions. We tested the latter during the two pleasant days of our stay. The ascent of a small mountain on horseback was a glorious little experience. The air was balm and gold. Below us lay the lovely lonely valley, sleeping in the hazy, lazy sunshine, and through dark green cañons wound silver-shining streams. Afar on every side rose craggy steeps and rocky pinnacles and grand granite domes and "snowy summits now in story." The most imposing among the near mountains were the members of that aboriginal family group known as the "Chief," the "Squaw," and the "Pappoose." The old folks had their Winter night-caps on.

On the breezy, piny summit we dismounted, and were fortunate enough to discover some peculiarly agreeable and sparkling springs, which we were told were called the "Heidsick" and the "Mumm." The first would prove, it was suggested, a homeopathic specific for cutaneous disorders, and the other ought to be a cure or preventive of that fearful moral epidemic which has been raging of late in a certain Eastern city. It does not trouble us out here much. It is essentially a disease of the highest civilization—is scandal. Another day we drove for some eight miles up a deep, wide cañon toward the Chicago Lakes, the scene of Bierstadt's "Storm in the Rocky Mountains." The scene seems bound to keep up its reputation and do credit to the painter of big pictures, for it always storms up there. We drove into a cloud of dark, rolling mist, chill as death, and turning, fled before it, without the most distant view of the enchanted, immortalized lakes—so tempestuous and treacherous, though lying so near heaven.

I must not fail to chronicle one of my Idaho drives—the most memorable of all, and not the least enjoyable. A charming little gentleman and lady called at the hotel one afternoon, sent in their cards in due form, and invited me to take an airing with them in their donkey-carriage. The drive was necessarily short, for the reason that the small animals—stubborn, perverse, and overfed—moved at a funereal pace, which neither whip nor halloo could quicken into a trot. Perhaps they rebelled against the unwonted tax on their muscle. I certainly threw the Lilliputian establishment out of balance and proportion; but, after all, the drive was a very jolly affair, and created not a little sensation. Everybody came out to see—some idle folks lingering in their doorways till we had clean gone by—perhaps taking the slow and stately passage for the much-talked-of transit of Venus.

We had the next day a stage-coach ride up the picturesque valley to Georgetown, with outside seats. There is no mountain journeying like it for fine, exhilarating, deep-down enjoyment—dainty, fastidious Mme. "H. H." to the contrary notwithstanding. That brilliant and distinguished woman seems to have been made up, by some unhappy oversight of nature, without enthusiasm for horse-flesh and without relish for "Bits of Talk" with stage-drivers. We were too late for Gray's Peak. It had put on its crown of silver and its mantle of ermine for the Winter, but on the morning after our arrival we had the temerity to set forth with a party of resolute friends for the Divide and the Argentine Pass. It was cold and cloudy and misting heavily, but everybody said it would clear up, which it didn't. The clouds darkened and thickened as we toiled up the rocky, romantic road along by a sparkling creek of roaring rapids and a thousand cascades; the mist turned to rain, and the rain to snow, and before we reached timber-line we were forced to give up the long-anticipated expedition. We stopped at a miner's cabin, where we were made welcome, and where we unpacked our lunch-baskets and uncorked our bottles of cold tea, and proceeded to be "jolly under creditable circumstances."

The storm accompanied us home, and raved about the pleasant and luxurious house of our entertainers all night. Of course, the next day was aggravatingly mild and brilliant—"just the day for the Divide." We spent it on the coach, and in dear little Idaho. We returned to Denver for the last days of the Grand Territorial Fair, and spent several uncomfortable, but doubtless profitable hours on the crowded dusty grounds, and in the mighty crush of the grand stand. To me, the great sight of all was the people—the sturdy, hearty, eager actors and spectators of the busy, noisy scene. The men were of more account even than the horses, the women than the gold and silver bricks, the plump, roly-poly babies than the mammoth pumpkins. By the way, there was one pumpkin exhibited that was said to weigh 200 pounds. It were a proper throne for the genius of Yankeedom or Thanksgiving. Owing to the devastations of the grasshoppers the fair was principally a success through its horse show and races. Luckily horse "flesh" is not "grass." Mr. Colfax delivered the address, which was in his old pleasant vein, and was enthusiastically received. People out here don't care much about *Credit-Mobiliers*; they believe "Colfax is a good fellow," and a stanch friend to Colorado, and they like him none the less that he has honey on his lips and hay-seed in his hair. They know that his heart is in the right place, and that a good wife holds the key.

One of the latest shows was a foot-race between two Pueblo Indians belonging to a deputation of those interesting and well-to-do aboriginal agriculturists, brought up from New-Mexico by their agent on purpose to see a little Christian civilization and jockeying. They are a dignified, pensive-looking people, bearing in their great, soft, black eyes somewhat of the patient melancholy with which, through sad centuries of toil, peril, and harassment, they have watched and waited for the return of Montezuma. We showed them with what pleasant pastimes of racing, betting, drinking, and gaming Christians are wont to beguile the weary time of waiting for the second coming of their great prophet, priest, and king. Doubtless the bringing of them here was a good missionary enterprise. They must have learned from us how to take life and religion easy. Doubtless they went home wiser if not better men—went home to discontinue some tiresome old heathen customs, such as the morning lookout from their house-tops for Montezuma—and to shrug their shoulders and say to the simple, devout Pueblos who have never seen Denver or ridden on the rail, "What is the use of being any longer at the trouble and expense of keeping up the Sacred Fire? That thing is played out. Montezuma will take his time—perhaps he won't come at all—but the Denver and Rio Grande Narrow Gauge Railroad is bound to come. Let us take stock in that!"

THE CONDITION AND PROSPECIS OF SPAIN.

THE EXPERIENCE OF THE NATION SINCE THE REVOLUTION OF 1868—PLUNDERING BY THE CARLISTS—WHY THE WAR IS NOT ENDED—SPANISH OFFICERS DESIRCUS FOR ITS CONTINUANCE.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* telegraphs the following letter received by him from Eastern Spain, with the date of the 2d inst.:

"The month of September has just passed away, and with it the anniversary of the revolution of 1868, which at the time was vaunted as so glorious. Gone, too, are some of its chief contrivers—poor Prim, murdered at a street corner, and Salustiano de Olozaga dead in the foreign land whence he so powerfully contributed to prepare and mature the outbreak. Those of the conspirators who remain might be at some loss to show us what the country has gained by their action. Were the question asked them they might be reduced to an evasive answer. The country would be less at a loss how to reply, but instead of acknowledging a gain it would be fain to deplore grievous losses. That things did not go well under Isabella's reign may be too true, but whose reign have they gone well under in Spain for more than a century past? Ask the tax-payers, ask commerce, industry, and the property-holding classes what they have gained by the change, and they will tell you ruin and bankruptcy. The national debt has been doubled, the taxes are nearly trebled, owing to the burdens of the war; the country, without a permanent Government, has had two civil wars upon its hands, the worst of which is further than ever from its conclusion; and, to complete the wretched picture, there seems every chance of things getting worse instead of better. In my last I promised you some authentic particulars of the damage done to property in this part of Spain by the Carlists. From the manager of the Valencian Railway Company I have just received a note of that which has been done on his line since the commencement last year, and which I sum up as follows: Eighteen railway wagons, four engines, and seven bridges have been destroyed. After breaking down the bridge at Boquilla, they got up the steam of two engines attached to a complete train of eighteen carriages, and sent the whole of them over the precipice into the chasm below. On five or six different occasions, after having taken possession of trains to convey themselves from one point to another, before abandoning them they have detached the engines, have taken them to some distance, and then have started them full tilt against the trains, so as to destroy the carriages. They have also destroyed on that particular line twenty-nine kilometres of railway and seventy-five of telegraph posts and wires, besides greatly damaging various other stations, bridges, tanks, &c., the whole of which is an estimated loss to the company of 25,000,000 reals, or more than a quarter of a million sterling. Seventy-seven of the employes have been wounded, beaten, carried off as prisoners, or otherwise ill-treated, and one has been killed. Finally, the Cabecilla or petty Chief Lozano has published a decree (after having burned a number of stations and destroyed a great amount of stock and materials on the Murcian lines) by which he declares that any railway functionary caught within one hour's distance of any point of the line shall be immediately shot. I cannot say from personal observation what the Carlists are like in the North, but here, in these Eastern Provinces, they are neither more nor less than a horde of robbers and assassins, whose chief object is plunder, and they no sooner enter a town or village than they commence sacking it. Their appearance and language are on a par with their acts. I have no hesitation in saying that I firmly believe the Carlists could even now be easily put down, at any rate in this part of the country, if they will to do so were equal to the means still available; but there is a growing belief that neither the present Government nor the majority of the officers of the army desire to bring the war to a conclusion. The Government is thought to be conscious that if peace were restored to Spain its reign would be at an end, while the officers ask no better than to prolong the conflict for the sake of full pay and promotion, of which numbers of them would lose all chance were peace made. The troops, on the other hand, from the sergeants downward, long for peace, as well they may, poor fellows, since hardships and short commons are their chief guerdon for patient service, and in some regiments discontent has been manifested owing to the too apparent desire of those in command to allow the Carlists to escape, by not following up advantages gained, and by taking circuitous routes instead of the most direct one when in pursuit of the enemy, with other stale devices of the same kind. This, however, is a chronic malady with Spanish officers, as all well know who remember the civil war of 1834 to 1840, and the higher the rank the more confirmed becomes the disease. In corroboration of what I have above stated, a friend of mine, who was at Jativa the other day at the time of Cucala's raid through the Ribera del Jucar, told me this morning that the troops then and there almost mutinied on this very account, declaring that, if all the officers of their battalion, from ensign upward, were superseded, they themselves would undertake to bring Cucala to an account within a few days, and to bring him in dead or alive under pain of death if they failed. You will say that this is mere brag and insubordination combined, and I grant that it is so, but it not the less shows the feeling of the Government troops and their opinion of their officers."

ALLEGED WIFE-MURDER.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 19.—Robert Mahan was arrested to-day for killing his wife. He was heard beating her yesterday afternoon, and reported her death this morning as having been caused by a fall.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.

MISS CUSHMAN AS KATHARINE—MR. VANDENHOFF AS WOLSEY.

The return of two such actors as Miss Charlotte Cushman and Mr. George Vandenhoff to the stage of a City where they are so much admired and respected, and from which they have been missed so long, is a dramatic event of unusual interest, and last evening Booth's Theatre was filled to its full capacity by an audience eager with welcome and with anticipation of pleasure. Both these distinguished histrionic artists must have been pleased with the greeting, hearty but not boisterous, which they received, and which, in Miss Cushman's case, was, of course, particularly marked, not only in compliment to her sex, but because of the general understanding that she is now about to take leave forever of the profession in which she has labored so long and so faithfully, and with such success. It is well that she gives the outside world its last glimpse of her as an artist, and says her adieu in the City, although, unfortunately, not upon the very stage, where she first won public favor.

The play of the evening, Shakespeare's "Henry VIII.," was perhaps the best of the three which she is to play in (the others being "Macbeth" and "Guy Mannering,") for her first appearance. It is far less severely taxing to the powers of the principal actress than either of the others, for which she will be in better mood when she has been warmed up by a few performances of *Queen Katharine*—put again into dramatic training, as it were.

"Henry VIII." is a great play, because it is Shakespeare's; but, for Shakespeare, it is not a great play. Indeed, it is notably lacking in dramatic plan and progress; being, in fact, less a tragedy, or even a simple drama, than a series of historical scenes grouped effectively together, and presented in that high imaginative style in which all the Elizabethan dramatists wrote, with more or less success. It is simply what Shakespeare himself called it—a dramatic *history*. But it does not compare well with the other like works of its author. It was probably the last play that he wrote, but its inferiority is not in any way the consequence of failing powers, of which it shows no evidence, rather to the facts that it was written in haste, (of which its versification and language show traces throughout,) and also that it was prepared as a show piece. They wanted to get up, not a "sensational and emotional" performance at the Globe Theatre, but a "gorgeous and magnificent" one, and going to William Shakespeare for some sort of play to hang their magnificence upon, he gave them "Henry VIII.," with *Woolsey* in it, and *Buckingham*, and the noble *Queen Katherine*. He could do that sort of thing, although only for a show piece. Why not? If he did it at all it was as easy for him to do it in that way as in any other. Moreover, he did not write quite all the play, although his hand is very plain in all the principal scenes. But notwithstanding all that he did for this history, it has a singular defect as an acting play. This is the lack of a continuous and culminating interest dependent upon the fortunes of the principal personages. Of these *Buckingham*, the most captivating of all, disappears in the second act; *Wolsey*, the motive power of the piece, in the third act; *Queen Katharine*, the heroine, passes away at the end of the fourth act, and the fifth is given up to show and festivity. In the acting play, however, this is much modified; and although the original work is Shakespeare's, it must be confessed that as to stage effect, transposition and curtailment have made great improvement. Nothing, however, could be done which would give the play that sort of dramatic interest which attaches to tragedy or to comedy. Our forefathers, who had not Froude to read, or Macaulay, or even Hume, liked these acted bits of history, in which they fancied that they saw things as they had been, which to a certain extent they did; but to us they are somewhat disconnected and purposeless.

"Henry VIII.," however, has always held the stage because of the opportunities which it gives for fine acting in certain scenes, and last evening we had the pleasure of seeing its three principal personages represented by three thoroughbred artists—we mean Miss Cushman, Mr. Vandenhoff, and Mr. Wheatleigh, for the latter's performance of *Buckingham* deserves special commendation, as being dignified, discreet, and impressive. And it is worthy of particular remark that the two principal actors, Miss Cushman and Mr. Vandenhoff, owe their positions not less to a stage education that began at the beginning, and to their general culture, than to their special histrionic talent. Without the former such even and well-sustained performances as they gave us last evening would be impossible. The "sensational drama" of the day has its fitting representatives, but *Queen Katharine* and *Wolsey* are not to be attempted by half-educated actors, save at the risk of ridiculous failure.

Miss Cushman's performance of *Queen Katharine* is too well known need or to bear special analysis. It is now what it always was; for it showed no loss of force or spirit. Her reading is, as it always was, better than her action; and, indeed, in that respect, she is little short of perfection. The ease and naturalness of her enunciation—which almost conceals the fact that she is speaking in blank verse, while she never loses the fine rhythmical effect of verse, never steps down into that common-place level of speech which some actors mistake for naturalness—cannot be too much commended. To this simplicity and ease her action, although always suggested by the emotion proper to the scene and always impressive, does not entirely conform. Her chief defect is and always has been, repose. Last evening she was particularly effective in the scene with the two cardinals. Her expression of the crushed heart but the firm spirit of *Katharine*, and of the aversion with which she looked upon the two churchmen, whose duplicity she saw through, were very admirable.

Mr. Vandenhoff did many fine things; but nothing was finer than his perfect repose when action was not called for. He was content to be quite unnoticed when the *Queen*, or even the *King* had the stage; and in the great scene of the fourth act—really the greatest in the play—he rose completely to the demands of the situation, and gave us a very fine tragic performance. He labors under one disadvantage for the part of *Wolsey*, which comes of an advantage personal to himself. His traits of countenance are too fine and delicate to enable him to make himself up into a likeness of the *Cardinal* who was "begot by butchers, though by bishop's bred." The play was in general well performed, and *King Henry* and *Anne Boleyn* had representatives who looked as if they might have walked out of Holbein's canvass.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

"The Rivals" was played last evening at Wallack's, with a cast which did not very materially differ from that with which this famous comedy was presented last season. The attendance was not particularly large, but the terse and epigrammatic wit of the play received the customary acknowledgment. The adequate production of such plays as "The Rivals" and "The School for Scandal" never fails to revive pleasant traditions, and when the management of Wallack's undertakes their representation there is never any doubt as to their success. In the first place, the matured talents of Mr. John Gilbert stand in the foreground, and then, the general capacity of the company is beyond question. The most noticeable difference between the present cast and that of last season is the appearance of Mr. J. B. Polk, in the rôle of *Sir Lucius O'Trigger*, which is so intimately associated with the name of Mr. John Brougham. The change may be necessary, but it isn't particularly fortunate. Mr. Polk is a very good actor, but he fails to present, or at least gives only an approximate idea of the character which the dramatist contemplated. The mellow brogue which Sheridan knew how to fit to the station of an Irish gentleman, has a rather undecided and hesitating character in his impersonation, and, on occasions, lapses altogether. Mr. John Gilbert's *Sir Anthony Absolute* is of the old order, and, therefore beyond adverse criticism. Mr. Arnott is an excellent *Captain Absolute*, without any stiffness or constraint in his acting, and with a very fine appreciation of the character. In the rôle of *Bob Acres*, Mr. Beckett is particularly amusing, almost as amusing as Mr. Buckstone, whose very presence suggests laughter. Mme. Ponisi represents *Mrs. Malaprop* as of old, and the part of *Lydia Languish* is assigned to Miss Jeffreys-Lewis, while Mr. Carroll personates *Falkland*, whom, we believe, Mr. Macready once embodied. "The Rivals" will be repeated to-night, and on Wednesday night Mr. Montague will resume his position, appearing in the adaptation from Feuillet's drama, "The Romance of a Poor Young Man."

MISS NEILSON AT THE LYCEUM.

Miss Neilson appeared at the Lyceum last evening, for the first time this season. Her rentrée attracted a fine audience, and her first performance in America of *Beatrice*, in "Much Ado About Nothing"—which was gotten up under the supervision of D. W. Waller, Esq., and illustrated by singularly beautiful scenery—brought her the wonted tribute of applause and flowers. Mr. J. H. Barnes, a young artist from the Edinburgh theatres, made a very successful début as *Benedick*, and the recital of Shakespeare's witty comedy passed off, as a whole, smoothly and impressively. It will be repeated to-night, and shall have more extended notice in these columns hereafter.

GERMANY.

AN INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CODE.

LONDON, Oct. 20—5:30 A. M.—The *Morning Post* reports that Germany has definitely proposed to the Powers the adoption of an International Maritime Code.

RUSSIA.

FAMINE IN THE PROVINCES OF KHERSON AND BESSARABIA.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A special dispatch to the *Times* says famine prevails in the Russian provinces of Kherson and Bessarabia.

THE WEATHER.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—1 A. M.—The pressure has decreased over the North-west and Upper Lakes and southward to Missouri, with southerly winds, warmer, and partly cloudy weather; gentle or variable winds, partly cloudy and colder weather prevail over the Lower Lakes and Ohio valley; falling barometer, north-easterly winds, cool, clear weather in the Gulf and South Atlantic States and Tennessee; north-westerly winds, rising barometer, cold, clear weather in the Middle and Eastern States. The rivers remain unchanged.

PROBABILITIES.

For the North-west and upper lakes and southward to Missouri and Kentucky, falling barometer, south-east to south-west winds, veering to north-west; in the North-west, cloudy weather and occasional rain.

For the Lower Lakes and the Upper Ohio Valley, falling barometer, south-westerly winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather.

For Tennessee and the Gulf States, falling barometer, south-easterly and southerly winds, warmer and generally clear weather.

For the South Atlantic States, slowly-falling barometer, north-easterly winds, nearly stationary temperature, and clear weather.

For the Middle States and New-England, stationary barometer and temperature, respectively falling and rising north-west, and northerly winds and clear weather.

THE MEANING OF THE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES IN INDIANA AND OHIO.

From the Chicago Times.

A party organ is a publication (erroneously styled a newspaper) that knows of no law to prevent it from being a persistent and irreclaimable idiot. In the "interest of the party"—that is, in the interest of some ring of unprincipled spoil-seekers—it considers itself licensed to make the most preposterous statements of untruth; to be, with or without occasion, a "perspicuous and sublime liar." It has no perception of logical or otherwise coherent relations among things. "Things equal to the same thing are equal to one another," may be an axiom in mathematics; but in the political conceptions of the party organ, things that cannot be measured at all by the same things are found to be the exact equivalents of each other. And so conversely. The party organ does not reason; it only dogmatizes. It has no notion of first principles, or secondary principles, or any principles at all; it thinks only on the postulate of a prejudice. Its primary concept is the party; and the party is anything which the prejudice of the organ may incline it to say it is—except that it cannot be anything rational. This irrational, indefinite, undefinable, and incomprehensible thing is its world, and the *World* (a publication issued in the City of New-York) is surely its chief, by reason of being its most idiotic, apostle.

"Democracy," says that apostle of the irrational, "means hard money; the man who believes in rag-money is not a Democrat at all." Very well; we all know that the politicians in Ohio and Indiana who style themselves "Democrats" are most inveterate believers in rag-money; most vehement clamorers for more of the "greenback grasshopper" that annually robs the farmer of forty per cent. of his earnings. And now comes the frontier organ of the idiot, congratulating "all who think with it the same things concerning the Republic upon the sweeping victories at the polls for the Democratic Party!" The political successes of the Pendletonian repudiationists, which add to the rag-money majority in Congress at least a dozen members, are hailed by the organ which says Democracy means hard money, as "a clear, decisive victory that the Democracy have won!"

That the gain of a dozen members to the repudiation side of Congress is a "clear victory that the Democracy have won," the *Times* finds no reason to dispute. Because it thinks the same thing that "the Democracy" of Ohio and Indiana think, namely, that Democracy means the enlargement and indefinite extension of the rag-money robbery, the inevitable outcome of which would be repudiation. It thinks the same thing that the repudiationist mouthpiece of Mr. Pendleton, of Cincinnati, thinks—namely, that the meaning of the result is, increase of the volume of irredeemable rag-currency; conversion of the Federal Treasury into a monster rag-money mill, subject to the control of political demagogues and party emergencies; periodical inflation as the excess of shinplasters becomes absorbed by their depreciation; and, finally, repudiation and general ruin—the goal to which this "Democratic" programme most surely conducts. Concerning the Republic, however, it thinks that the "Democratic" programme of repudiation, which has gained the strength of at least a dozen Congressmen by the "clear victory that the Democracy have won," is the most foolish and suicidal programme ever projected by the ignorance of men or the depravity of political demagogues, and that its execution would go immeasurably further to annihilate the Republic than all the rebellions ever imagined in the interest of pro-slavery Democracy. It thinks, concerning the Republic, that its political as well as its industrial salvation depends on the prompt and decisive rejection of this repudiation programme of the Democracy, and the restoration of hard money. So thinking, it can see nothing in the recent victories for repudiation to rejoice over; but only much to deplore.

The Tammany organ of the irrational professes to think the same thing. It professes to think that the only salvation of the country is in the restoration of hard money; therefore it congratulates all who think the same thing upon a victory for rag money and repudiation! This it is to be the unspeakable idiotic thing, a party organ.

There is for the country but one alternative in this matter. It is to go to hard money or to repudiation. No middle course is possible. To stand still is death by slow but merciless torture. The country can not and will not very long endure the torture or that financial procrustian bed of iron rigidity, an inflexible, irredeemable, depreciated rag currency that is crushing out every industrial energy, prospect, and hope. It must go and it will go in one direction or the other; either to specie redemption or to repudiation. Whichever way it shall determine to go, it is best that the determination be made at once, and that the goal be gained as quickly as possible. If specie payment be the goal, it is best to go to it at once, neither turning back, nor looking back, nor pausing by the way; for to hesitate is destruction. If repudiation be the goal, still it is best to go to it at once, and with all possible speed, not lingering in the agony of suspense nor foolishly trying to delude ourselves by calling a thing by a deceptive name. Whichever alternative we choose, let us choose it openly, honestly, outspokenly. Let us no longer seek to deceive ourselves by a false use of words and names. If we are going to enlist under the "Democratic" banner of Messrs. Pendleton, Hendricks, Morton & Co., let us inscribe on it in plain letters the word of plain meaning, "repudiation." And if we are going to enlist under the opposite banner of hard money, let us inscribe on it also in plain letters that which we mean, and strike for it against all who pronounce not the shibboleth distinctly.

THE CENTENNIAL—NICARAGUA TO BE REPRESENTED.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 19.—Ex-Gov. Bigler started to-day for New-England to continue the work of organizing local Centennial Boards throughout that section. The Centennial Commission received to-day official correspondence in which the acceptance of Nicaragua is announced. The Secretary of Foreign Affairs of that Government states that the President of Nicaragua will take every means to have his Government properly and fully represented in the Exposition.

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 19.—The first day of the Fair is admitted to surpass the first of all preceding ones. Those who know, say there are a larger number of first-class race horses present than ever before at a Georgia State Fair. The display is fine.

ENGLISH GOSSIP.

THE EXPLOSION—TOPICS OF THE DAY.

THE ST. JOHN'S WOOD CALAMITY—ITS POSITIVE AND POSSIBLE EFFECTS—BRIGHTON HOSPITALITY—THE THEATRES.

From a Special Correspondent.

LONDON, Tuesday, Oct. 6, 1874.

I wonder how many persons were killed in your first telegraphic report of the alarming accident at St. John's Wood. The newspaper boys of London, in crying out special editions of the morning papers with the very earliest accounts of the catastrophe, estimated the number of casualties at one thousand. Mr. Joseph Hutton, the novelist, awakened by the bang, rushed to the familiar inkstand, like a duck to the pool, and shutting his eyes to the mere facts of the case, gave birth to a fiction—a true canard—in which "the crash of terraces and houses falling around him," and "the mingled cries of a township dying into a distant wail of misery," were boldly introduced. Many houses have suffered internal injuries—have had their windows blown in, their roofs shaken, and so on; but according to the report of the District Surveyor, "structural damage" has occurred in the case of one house only. It so happens, however, that a great many of the householders whose tenements have, at least not been benefited by the explosion, are known more or less to the public. If half Clerkenwell or Shoreditch had been blown up, the calamity would have taken place in what to the inhabitants of Western London is a strange land. But in St. John's Wood and the Regent's Park one can identify, or, at least, individualize, a certain number of the houses which have sustained injury through the names of their occupants. The financial world is shocked to think that so rich a man as Mr. Gerstenberg, Chairman of the Foreign Bondholders' Association, should have been among the sufferers. Readers of sensational histories and travels find themselves hit through Mr Hepworth Dixon; and all lovers of literature are called upon to reflect that the explosion which made Mr. Hutton see falling terraces and hear the cries of ruined "townships" might have affected in a still more serious manner his neighbor, "George Eliot." Every one who cares for beautiful pictures must be grieved to hear that, together with a portion of his studio, some of M. Alma Tadema's finest works have been destroyed. Then the houses both of Mr. Landseer and of his brother, the late Sir Edwin, had a very narrow escape; while among other distinguished artists whose residences were within the sphere of destruction may be mentioned Mr. Leslie, Mr. Calderon, and Mr. Marcus Stone. Musical society remembers with a shudder that Mr. Santley lives close to the canal on which the explosion took place, so that our eminent baritone might easily have met, in reality, with the fate reserved on the stage for *John of Leyden* in "Le Prophète." Mrs. Howard Paul, too, might have been blown up; and not the least welcome news brought to us by the explorers after the event is that of the safety of this able dramatic vocalist, whose house, however, seems to have been seriously damaged.

Mr. Frank Buckland, in his last number of *Land and Water*, is chiefly concerned with the effect of the explosion on the beasts, birds, and reptiles in the Zoölogical Gardens. The animals did not like it; and one unhappy young red deer, a present from Mr. Auberon Herbert, has become paralyzed from fright, and is not expected to recover. The doors of the houses in which deer, elands, and giraffes are confined were blown open, and we cannot help asking what might have happened had some of the larger game been similarly set at liberty. "Oh, Sir! the Zoölogical Gardens have exploded," is said to have been the exclamation of a terrified footman, who hurried, at 5 o'clock in the morning, to communicate the astounding information to his sleeping master. Another case is reported in which a gentleman who had rushed out of his house with only his night-shirt and dressing-gown and slippers on, was met by another one similarly attired, who called out in a tone of despair: "It's all up. The wild beasts are escaped from the Zoo, and are tearing about like mad." From these perfectly true stories it would appear that, apart from the terror naturally caused by the explosion of several tons of gunpowder, the inhabitants of the Regent's Park must live in a constant state of anxiety as to the chances of their neighbors—the wild beasts—getting loose.

Until the Regent's Park explosion drove all other subjects to the winds, the Shah's diary bade fair, for some days at least, to occupy a large measure of public attention. You will have seen it; and if I here speak of it it is only to call attention to the paradox as to the relative value of live, active donkeys and donkeys painted on canvas, which his Majesty enunciated with so much satisfaction at one of our water-color exhibitions, and which he now reproduces in print for the benefit of his subjects: "A real donkey costs five pounds at most; why, then, should the pictorial semblance of a donkey be charged one hundred pounds?" This, as put by the Shah, seems childish, but the same idea, as presented by Balzac in one of his novels, has always been considered very fine, and is certainly very ingenious. "Yonder," says Balzac, (at least in effect, for I forget the exact words,) "is a ragged urchin whom you would drive from your door-steps. If you had him painted by Murillo you would give him the best place in your drawing-room."

Talking of places in drawing-rooms, I am reminded that great complaints are being made just now against the inhabitants of Brighton by reason of their alleged want of hospitality. The Church Congress has chosen Brighton this year as its place of meeting; and in answer to the usual intimation in such cases that residents willing to receive visitors will make known the fact, very few answers have been received. The religious newspapers have blandly hinted that in welcoming clergymen to their houses the Brightonians might find themselves "entertaining angels unawares;" the hard-hearted householders of "London super mare" remain perfectly deaf to the appeal. Accordingly the "clergy of all denominations"—with the exception only of those who happen to be beyond the pale of the Church of England—will have to pay for their own board and lodging during the few days that the Congress will last. Papers will be read on the progress of the Old Catholic movement—to which our clergy seem to attach more importance than really belongs to it; origin and significance of certain articles of church furniture; church music; missionary enterprise in Asia and Africa, and so on. Dr. Döllinger is expected, but English Dissenters and Scotch Presbyterians are not only not expected, but, in the unlikely event of their presenting themselves, would not be received. The High Church and the Low Church, Ritualists and Evangelists, Bible Christians and Prayer-book Christians, will all be represented. Fortunately, no doctrinal points are to be formally discussed, so that the members of the congress cannot very well fall out among themselves.

The assembling of the Church Congress will mark at Brighton the commencement of the fashionable season. In London the unfashionable, but by no means uninteresting, Winter season, has already begun. All the theatres are either open or on the point of opening; and many novelties are promised, among which every one is looking forward with particular interest to the production of "Hamlet" at the Lyceum, with the admirable and constantly-improving actor Mr. Irving, in the principal part.

Next to the production of "Hamlet," with Mr. Irving as the *Prince of Denmark*, the most important theatrical event of the present Autumn will probably be the representation of a new work by Mr. W. S. Gilbert, which has already been put in rehearsal at the Prince of Wales' Theatre. Mr. Gilbert's new comedy, or comedietta, offers this peculiarity, that, consisting of two acts, it contains only two parts, one of which will be played by Mr. Hare, the other by Mrs. Bancroft, otherwise Miss Marie Wilton. This very original dramatist would seem to raise up for himself needless difficulties; as for instance, in "Pygmalion and Galatea," the action of which is confined, through three not very short acts, to a single scene. But an author has a right to set obstacles in his own path on the condition of overcoming them; and this Mr. Gilbert generally contrives to do. The French stage possesses hundreds of "*proverbes*," in which the action is carried on throughout one moderately long scene, between two characters only; and it is, of course, possible that a skillful dramatist may be able to prolong the interest created in a first scene through a second. The thing, however, has not yet been done. It may safely be affirmed that at this moment no work exists in dramatic literature which, divided into two acts, comprises only two characters.

S. E.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

THE QUESTION OF INTEREST ON CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS ISSUED BY THE BOARD OF WORKS—OPINION OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IN FAVOR OF THE CLAIM.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Attorney General Williams has given the following opinion relative to the question of interest on the certificates of indebtedness issued by the Board of Public Works of the District of Columbia:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1874.

Hon. B. H. Bristow, Secretary of the Treasury:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter bearing the date of Oct. 10, 1874, inclosing one of the 9th, addressed to you by the First and Second Controllers, and requesting my opinion upon the question presented by these officers, viz.: Whether they, sitting as a board of audit under the act of Congress for the government of the District of Columbia, approved June 20, 1874, should allow interest on that portion of the debt of said District purporting to be evidenced by certain certificates signed by the Auditor of the late Board of Public Works. I find in the inclosure of your letter a copy of one of these certificates, showing their form and tenor. I notice your suggestion that the interest of the United States will be affected by the determination of the question. It may so happen; nevertheless, it is not a debt or claim against the United States that the Controllers are called on to examine. If Congress has enacted a law by which in some contingencies, near or remote, the United States may be obliged to pay the debt of another Government, I don't see that the nature or condition of that debt can in any way be changed or modified by such liability.

If the debt bears interest it must be taken *cum onere*. The indebtedness to be audited is that of the District of Columbia, for the payment of which Congress has made provision, and has determined that its status shall be accurately ascertained. The act above referred to describes the class of the floating debts of the District to which these certificates belong. Secondly, the debt purporting to be evidenced and ascertained by certificates of the Auditor of the Board of Public Works, whether it is lawful and right for the District to pay the interest on these certificates is, as I understand it, the question submitted. The case seems to be this: The Board of Public Works, having entire control over the streets, avenues, alleys, and sewers of the cities of Washington and Georgetown, ordered the improvement of the streets, &c., to be made, and contracted with sundry persons to do the work. Under the same sections of the law the board had also power to disburse upon their warrant all moneys appropriated in pursuance of law, for improvements. (Section 37 of the act of Feb. 21, 1871, statute 426.) From the powers thus granted there is necessarily inferred the authority to audit and settle the accounts of contractors and other employes of the board. This duty was imposed upon an officer styled the Auditor of the Board of Public Works. He represented the board, and in the examination, settlement and allowance of accounts, his action was theirs. When the funds of the board became exhausted and the amounts found due to the contractors upon settlement could not be paid, the Auditor gave to them (doubtless by order of the board) as evidence of such settlements, certificates signed by him as Auditor, in which it was stated that he had audited and allowed accounts, and the amounts allowed were distinctly given. These amounts, as shown by the Auditor's certificates, thus became liquidated debts due at the respective dates of the certificates, and there being no question raised as to the legality of the contracts under which they were incurred, they are debts of the District of Columbia. I am of the opinion that interest is chargeable on these certificates from and after their dates, because they are evidence of indebtedness ascertained and liquidated by and at the times they bear date. They are acknowledgements by the debtor that the amounts shown by them were due at the date at which the payment was declined. The law in such cases implies a contract to pay interest. The interest becomes a part of the debt, as obligatory upon the debtor as the principal. In Baddam vs. Riley, 2 Bro., C. C. p. 3, Lord Thurlow said: "When there are accounts regularly stated between the parties there is an implied contract on the part of the debtor to pay, and all contracts to pay undoubtedly give a right to interest from the time when the principal ought to be paid." And Mr. Justice Spencer said, in Walden vs. Sherburne, 15th Johns, 424, "We have uniformly decided that after an account has been liquidated it carries interest, and that an account is to be considered liquidated after it is rendered, if objections are not made to it. (See also C. H. J. Savage's decision in Reed vs. Rensselaer Glass factory, 3 Cowen, 393.) Mr. Sedgwick, in his work on damages, well sums up the law on this subject as it is held in America, in note at foot of page 383, thus:

> "The law in this country annexes interest as an invariable incident in all cases of default to pay the principal sum where the debtor knows what that sum is, and when he is to pay it."

These authorities will probably suffice to show what the law on this subject is in the case of individuals and corporations. It is not different in respect to State and Territorial Governments. A State cannot be sued by a citizen, but when questions of public indebtedness come immediately before the judicial tribunals they do not hesitate to dispose of them upon the same legal and equitable principles as in the case of individuals. The State is liable to pay interest as individuals are—(Res Publica vs. Mitchell, 2d Dallas, 101; Commissioners vs. Kempshall, 26 Wend., 404; People vs. Canal Commissioners, 5 Denio, 401; 2d Mason, C. C. Rep., 1)—and Congress, in requiring the Controllers of the Treasury to examine and audit the floating debt of the District of Columbia, has limited them in the performance of this duty by no rules in respect to interest other than those which would apply to the debts of individuals, corporations, and States; and it is fairly to be inferred that it is the intent of the act that they should be governed by those rules; moreover, section 1 of the act of April 27, 1870, 16 Statutes, 91, entitled "An act to amend the Usury laws of the District of Columbia," provides that for the loan of any money, goods or things in action, the rate of interest shall be six per cent. per annum, and there seems to be no good reason why this act should not apply to the liquidated and overdue indebtedness of the late Board of Public Works.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, Attorney General.

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MARRIED.

ALEXANDER—HOWARD-SMITH.—On Thursday evening, the 15th inst., at St. John's Church, Knoxville, Tenn., by Rev. J. Howard-Smith, D. D., EBEN, son of the late Judge Alexander, to MARION, eldest daughter of the officiating clergyman. No cards.

BEACH—VAN DEWATER.—On Thursday, Oct. 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Dr. E. S. Porter, HOFFMAN BEACH to KATE, second daughter of J. W. Van Dewater, all of Brooklyn.

PRICE—NEILSON.—At Christ Church, New-Brunswick, N. J., on Thursday, Oct. 15, by Rev. William H. Neilson, assisted by Rev. Alfred Stubbs, D. D., RONEMAN McCAMLY PRICE, Jr., to HELENA, daughter of the late John C. Neilson.

STORY—ANDERSON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1874, at the M. E. Free Tabernacle, 37th st., by Rev. G. H. Gregory, assisted by Rev. Dr. L. H. King, Mr. WILLIAM E. STORY to Miss KATE E. ANDERSON, all of this City.

SMOCK—BEEKMAN.—At the First Reformed Church of Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 15, by Rev. M. V. Schoonmaker, assisted by Rev. Wm. H. Campbell, D. D., President of Rutgers College, KATE E., youngest daughter of A. J. Beekman, Esq., to Prof. JOHN C. SMOCK, of New-Brunswick, N. J.

TOWNSEND—ALDRICH.—On Tuesday, Oct. 13, by Rev. Samuel Alman, CLINTON C. TOWNSEND to Miss ELLA ALDRICH, all of New-York.

DIED.

CHRISTIE.—On Sunday, Oct. 18, MARY E. CHRISTIE, widow of the late David H. Christie, aged 39 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, No. 129 West 13th st., on Tuesday, Oct. 20, at 10 o'clock.

GILES.—On Saturday, Oct. 17, CHARLES H. GILES, son of John S. Giles, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Sands Street M. E. Church, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 20, at 1 P. M.

GOPSILL.—On Saturday evening, 17th inst., Mrs. JANE, widow of the late Thomas Gopsill, in the 79th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 262 Montgomery st., Van Vorst Park, Jersey City, on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

HOFFMAN.—On Sunday, Oct. 18, HARRIET E., wife of Charles O. Hoffman, aged 63 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 592 Franklin av., on Thursday, Oct. 22, at 11 o'clock.

JAYNE.—In Brooklyn, Sunday morning, Oct. 18, 1874, Mrs. ELIZA E. JAYNE, in the 62d year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 135 Monroe st., Tuesday, 20th inst., at 1:30 o'clock P. M.

JANEWAY.—On Saturday, 17th inst., JULIA HARTSHORNE, wife of Wm. R. Janeway.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the Second Reformed Church, New-Brunswick, on Wednesday, 21st inst., at 3:30. Cars on Pennsylvania Railroad leave at 2 P. M.

MILLINGTON.—On Saturday, Oct. 17, after a short illness, THOMAS MILLINGTON, aged 29.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Boyd place, Stapleton, Staten Island, on Tuesday, Oct. 20, at 1 P. M.

SHEDDAN.—At Rahway, N. J., Oct. 18, Rev. S. S. SHEDDAN, D. D., aged 64 years.

Funeral on Thursday, 22d inst., at 1:30 P. M., at the First Presbyterian Church, Rahway. Carriages will meet the 12 M. train from New-York.

STEVENS.—On Monday morning, Oct. 19, at his residence, in this City, JOHN A. STEVENS, in the 80th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held on Friday morning next, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, at the University Place Church, (Rev. Dr. Booth,) corner of 10th st. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

THOMAS.—At the residence of her son-in-law, Edward Hall, No. 91 Pennsylvania av., Newark, N. J., Oct. 17, 1874, JANE, wife of Benjamin Thomas, in the 70th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral at the above residence Tuesday, Oct. 20, at 2 P. M.

WAGNER.—At Washington Heights, New-York, on Sunday, Oct. 18, after a short, but severe, illness, HIRAM WAGNER, aged 24 years, 5 months, and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral at the residence of his father, 159th st., near 10th av., on Tuesday, Oct. 20, at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, GRAVEL, Calculi, Gout, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate Gland, Premature Prostration, Organic Debility and Chronic Affections, (incurable by general practitioners.) A sixty-four page 12mo pamphlet, explaining their successful treatment by nature's specific, Bethesda Mineral Spring Water, and Dr. A. Hawley heath, the author, will be sent free to any address. Letters from physicians and others of hopeless cases cured, in pamphlet. Depot and reception-rooms, No. 200 Broadway, New-York.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, for the week ending SATURDAY, Oct. 24, 1874, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY, at 10:30 and 11:30 A. M.; on WEDNESDAY, at 10 and 11:30 A. M.; on THURSDAY, at 11:30 A. M., and on SATURDAY, at 11:30 A. M. and 12 M.
T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

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Twenty-five Pier and Mantle Mirrors. Chickering Grand, Steck Grand, Furniture, &c., on WEDNESDAY, at 10:30 o'clock, by JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., at his salesroom, No. 37 Nassau st., opposite the Post Office.

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POLITICAL.

THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE will receive applications for naturalization at No. 25 Chambers st. basement, from now until Oct. 23, 1874. Tickets can be obtained from the officers of the different Assembly District Associations.
WM. H. ALBERTSON, Chairman.
ROBERT B. BOYD,
CONSTANTINE NITZSCHE,
JOHN N. LANTHIER,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
DAVID H. CROWLEY,
JOHN ROBINSON.
AUGUSTUS SCHAFFEL, Clerk.

MUNICIPAL REFORM ASSOCIATION, SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—Gen. JOSEPH C. JACKSON will address a public meeting of this association at the head-quarters, No. 43 Washington square South, (4th st.,) TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 20, at [illegible] o'clock.
HENRY NICOLL, President.
JAMES W. CORSA, Secretary.

"THE PEOPLE'S PARTY"

Will hold a mass-meeting on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 22, at Cooper Institute, to ratify the nomination of Hon. William F. Havemeyer for Mayor. All persons favorable are cordially invited to attend.
JACOB COHEN, President.
RICHARD HENNESSEY, Secretary.

CITIZENS' AND REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY,
(Sixteenth Assembly District,)
COL. CHARLES E. L. HOLMES.
Capt. M. CREGAN,
Chairman of Convention.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN nomination. For Assembly,
WM. H. Gedney.
DAVID S. WEMBELL, Sec. A. J. CAMPBELL, Ch'n.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION For Member of Assembly, Seventh Assembly District, [illegible]

THE REAL-ESTATE MARKET.

At the Exchange yesterday, Monday, Oct. 19, under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, Maurice Leyne, Esq., Referee, Richard V. Harnett sold a two-story Mansard-roof frame house, a two-story frame stable, and plot 88.10 by 208.3 by 30.3 by 199.10, on West One Hundred and Fifty-second street, south side, extending through to One Hundred and Fifty-first street, 700 feet west of the Grand Boulevard, for $16,000, to A. Green. The price realized is $4,000 less than mortgage incumbrances on the property. Hugh N. Camp also sold, under a similar court decree, William H. Townley, Esq., Referee, the premises No. 53 Suffolk street, west side, 175 feet north of Grand street, embracing a lot 25 by 100, and a two-story and basement frame house on the front thereof, and a three-story and basement brick house in rear, for $13,050, to Lewis J. White. B. P. Fairchild, under a similar court order, M. A. Dayton, Esq., Referee, disposed of an old 2½-story brick house, with lease of lot 20.2 by 57.5, on Second street, north side, 59.10 feet east of Avenue A, for $950, the purchaser being Newman Cowen. The lease has eleven years to run, with covenant for twenty years' renewal; ground rent, $300 per annum. The legal sale by D. M. Seaman, of the leasehold premises, Nos. 128 and 130 Mercer street, known as the Metropolitan Theatre, was adjourned to Nov. 2, and the sale by E. A. Lawrence & Son of a house and lot on West Twenty-eighth street, east of Ninth avenue, owing to the non-appearance of the Referee, was adjourned without date. Concerning the sale held in Brooklyn yesterday, by Jere Johnson, Jr., particulars as to result will be given to-morrow.

To-day's Sales.

To-day's auctions, as announced, all at the Exchange, are as follows:

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., public auction sale of the three-story and basement brick house, 23 by 60, with lot 108 feet deep, No. 108 West Fourteenth street, south side, 85 feet west of Sixth avenue. Also, similar sale of the three-story and basement brick house, 25 by 40, with lot 98.9 feet deep, No. 243 West Twenty-second street, north side, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

By Richard V. Harnett, public auction sale of the five four-story brown-stone-front French-flat houses, each 20 by 65, with lots 100.11 feet deep, Nos. 502, 504, 506, 508, and 510 East One Hundred and Nineteenth street, south side, 128 feet east of Avenue A. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Maurice Leyne, Esq., Referee, of a plot of five lots, together in size 101.1 by 70, on New avenue, south-east corner of One Hundred and Seventeenth street. Also, similar sale, William Sinclair, Esq., Referee, of a four-story brown-stone-front house, with (Goelet) lease of lot, 28.1 by 94 by 22.6 by 94.2, on First avenue, east side, 80 feet north of Fifty-sixth street; term of lease, twenty years from May 1, 1870; ground-rent, $450 per annum.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., public auction sale of the premises No. 163 Bleecker street, between Thompson and Sullivan streets, comprising a lot, 25 by 100, with two small two-story brick stores upon the front thereof, and a large brick building, used for manufacturing purposes, in rear. Also, similar sale, to close a partnership interest, of the four-story brown-stone-front house, with (Goelet) lease of lot, 20 by 100, No. 27 East Forty-sixth street, north side, 20 feet west of Madison avenue; ground rent $1,000 per annum.

By V. K. Stevenson, Jr., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, George S. Sedgwick, Referee, of a (Spingler) lease of the lot, 25 by 103.3, on East Fifteenth street, south side, adjoining the Haight House. Term of lease fourteen years from Nov. 1.

By E. A. Lawrence & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, E. D. Gale, Esq., Referee, of the business property No. 19 Barclay street and No. 24 Park place, embracing a lot 25.8 by 148.7 by 25.10 by 148.7, running through from street to street named, with building thereon covering same, being 48.8 feet east of Church street.

By William Kennelly, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, R. F. Farrell, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 15.6 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, south side, 110.6 feet west of Third avenue.

By A. H. Muller & Son, public auction sale of 180 valuable lots located in the City of Yonkers, Westchester County, and situated respectively on Park and Lake avenues, High street, and on Avenues D, E, and F, owned by the estate of Sampson Simson, deceased. The property lies on high ground, is within a short walk of the railroad depot, and via the Elevated Railway distant but one hour from Wall street, this City. As an investment superior advantages are here presented.

THE BUILDING RECORD.

For the week ending with Saturday, Oct. 17, plans for new buildings have been submitted, and unsafe buildings reported, at the Department No. 2, Fourth avenue, W. W. Adams, Superintendent, as follows:

New Buildings.

East Seventy-sixth street, south side, 205 feet west of Second avenue, two brick tenements, each four stories, 25 by 62; Oscar J. Hinman, owner.

East Fifty-sixth street, No. 323, one brown-stone French flat, four stories, 23 by 54; George F. Dollinger, owner.

First avenue, south-east corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, four brown-stone stores and tenements, each four stories, 25 by 60; James Meagher, owner.

East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, south side, 75 feet east of First avenue, a brown-stone tenement, four stories, 25 by 60; James Meagher, owner.

Fletcher street, south side, 150 feet east of railroad, (Fordham,) a frame dwelling, two stories, 20 by 35; James Croco, owner.

Second avenue, south-east corner of Eighty-second street, two brick and brown-stone stores and tenements, each four stories, 21.8 by 21.6 by 64 by 52; William McMullen, owner.

East One Hundred and Thirteenth street, No. 114, a frame dwelling, three stories, 16.8 by 40; James H. Grover, owner.

Extra place, east side, 50 feet north of First street, two brick tenements, each five stories, 32.6 by 25; George Johnson, owner.

Forest avenue, west side, 600 feet north of Cliff street, Woodstock, a brick store and second-class dwelling, three stories, 25 by 40; William Stone, owner.

East Fourth street, No. 217, a brick store and tenement, five stories, 24.9 by 54; H. Schaffer, owner.

West Fifty-fourth street, No. 45, north side, 389 feet east of Sixth avenue, a brown-stone first-class dwelling, four stories, 18.6 by 59; estimated cost of erection, $35,000; John Jenkins, owner.

West Fifty-fourth street, Nos. 47 and 49, north side, 345 feet east of Sixth avenue, two brown-stone first-class dwellings, each four stories, 22 by 62; estimated cost, $30,000 each; John Perkins, owner.

Third avenue, No. 294, east side, 30 feet south of Twenty-third street, a brick store and tenement, five stories, 24 by 50; Dedrich Ringen, owner.

Fifth avenue, south-west corner of Ninth street, one brick, iron, and brown-stone-front hotel, first class, six stories, 80.8 by 124; estimated cost of erection, $300,000; William C. Rhinelander, owner.

East Seventy-fourth street, south side, 283 feet west of First avenue, one brown-stone-front flat, four stories, 16.8 by 56; William O. Gorman, owner.

East Sixty-second street, north side, 175 feet east of Fifth avenue, one brown-stone first-class dwelling, four stories; 25 by 60; estimated cost, $23,000; J. Weston, owner.

East Eighty-first street, south side, 75 feet east of First avenue, two brick tenements, each four stories, 25 by 50; William R. Johnston, owner.

Twelfth avenue, south-east corner of Fiftieth street, one brick workshop, two stories, 39 by 40; James Gillies, owner.

West Fiftieth street, 80 feet east of Twelfth avenue, one brick stable, three stories, 20 by 40; James Gillies, owner.

Total estimated cost of erection of the twenty-seven buildings above enumerated, $592,500.

Unsafe Buildings.

Abattoir place, No. 27, unsafe front wall; Reynolds Estate, owner, A. W. Nicholl, trustee.

Abattoir place, Nos. 30, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40, unsafe generally; Reynolds Estate, owner, A. W. Nicholl, trustee.

Prince street, No. 52, unsafe hand-rail balusters, stairs, and chimneys; Eugene S. Keteltas, owner.

Thompson street, No. 36, unsafe band-rail on top floor, unsafe chimneys; M. & S. Steinberger, owners.

Abattoir place, No. 28, unsafe front wall; Reynolds Estate, owner, A. W. Nicoll, trustee.

Abattoir place, No. 31, unsafe walls, generally Reynolds Estate, owner, A. W. Nicoll, trustee.

Abbatoir place, No. 32, unsafe walls generally; Reynolds Estate, owner; A. W. Nicoll, trustee.

Columbia street, No. 114, unsafe roof; Henry F. O'Brien, agent.

Ninth avenue, south-west corner of Forty-third street, unsafe wooden awning over sidewalk; A. Hardman, owner.

Bowery, No. 175, unsafe front wall, rear extension supports, and chimneys; H. Bischoff, agent.

Washington street, No. 214, unsafe south gable wall; Geo. Opdyke, owner.

Chatham street, No. 92, unsafe centre pier of east gable of extension; Alexander Frank, owner.

Elm street, No. 84, unsafe front wall; S. B. Hutchings, agent.

East Houston street, No. 38, unsafe stairs to roof and also chimneys; Thomas J. Gibbons, agent.

Mercer street, No. 33, unsafe roof covering; Amos F. Eno, owner.

First Avenue, No. 290, unsafe piers and columns of front (dangerous;) Richard Dalton, owner.

East Houston street, No. 338, unsafe easterly pier of front wall; Elizabeth A. Thorne, owner.

East Houston street, No. 340, dangerously unsafe rear wall; Elizabeth A. Thorne, owner.

Unsafe Chimneys.

Water street, No. 118; A. C. Kingsland, owner.

University place, No. 48; George B. English, owner.

Lewis street, No. 79, (rear;) Mrs. Eva Young, owner.

East Houston street, No. 30; R. Ammonnan, agent.

Forsyth street, No. 109; John Gorker, owner.

One Hundred and Forty-first street, south side, 100 feet west of Eighth avenue; Thomas McCoey, owner.

Spring street, No. 119; F. A. Kursheedt, owner.

Eighth avenue, No. 264; Aymer estate, owner, J. Denham, agent.

South Washington square, No. 49; Mrs. Sage, owner.

South Washington square, No. 45; A. T. Stewart, owner.

Eighth avenue, Nos. 260 and 262; Aymer estate, owner; J. Denham, agent.

Spring street, No. 117; W. & S. Steinberger, owners.

EXCHANGE SALES, MONDAY, OCT. 19.

NEW-YORK.

By R. V. Harnett.

1 2-story Mansard roof frame house, 1 2-story frame stable and plot, 152d st., s. s., extending through to 151st st., 700 ft. w. of the Grand Boulevard; plot, 88.10x208.3x30.3x199.10	$16,000
By Hugh N. Camp.	
1 2-story and basement frame house, (front,) 1 3-story and basement brick house (rear) and lot, No. 53 Suffolk st., w. s., 175 ft. n. of Grand st., lot 25x100	$13,050
By B. P. Fairchild.	
1 2½-story brick house and lease of lot East 2d st., n. s., 59.10 ft. e. of Avenue A, lot 20.2x57.7; term of lease, eleven years, with renewal, ground rent $300 per annum	$950

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, Oct. 19.

Delancey st., No. 304, n. s., corner of Lewis st., 27.8x100; partition; George S. Sedgwick, Referee, to Herman Wolf	$20,000
Same property; Anna, wife of H. Wolf, heir of Claus Garms, to Margaret, wife of John H. Leoff	5,000
Delancey st., No. 304, n. s., corner of Lewis st., 27.8x100; Margaret, wife of John H. Leoff, Henry Garms, Catharine, wife of Herrmann Michaelis, heirs of Claus Garms, deceased, to Herman Wolf	20,500
2d st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Washington av., 42x100, Morrisania; H. & L. Schubert, Caroline, wife of P. Weyand, and Elizabeth, wife of T. York, heirs of Henry Schubbert, deceased, to John Kuhorn	1,625
18th st., n. s., 179.8 ft. e. of Greenwich lane or av., 25x103.3, William McCourt, Jane L. Dwyer, and C. McCourt, heirs of James McCourt, deceased, to Robert M. Grant	15,000
33d st., s. s., 160 ft. w. of 1st av., 20x48.4; C. Eberhardt to Margaret Bogert, widow	9,000
51st st., s. s., 500 ft. e. of 11th av., 25x168.8; 52d st., s. s., 500 feet e. of 11th av., 25x100.11; Mary E. Macaulay, Trustee, and W. Scharfenberg, to G. H. Visser	4,000
140th st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 7th av., 100x100; 141st st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 7th av., 100x100; Samuel Simon, Jr., to Salvatore Caro	25,000
141st st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 7th av., 100x99.11; 140th st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of 7th av., 100x99.11; Sophie, wife Abram J. Dittenhoefer, to Samuel Simon, Jr., q. c.	nom.
Lexington av., No. 643, e. s., 50.5 ft. n. of 54th st., 25x100; Salvatore Caro to Samuel Simon, Jr.	36,000
Madison av., w. s., 62.5 ft. n. of 42d st., 19x99; Lovicia W., wife of James L. Jackson, to James Cogan	nom.
Same property; James Cogan to James L. Jackson	nom.
Taylor av., n. w. s., lots No. 149, map of Belmont, 100x100; J. Wolf to L. Pless	800
1st av., e. s., corner 38th st., 98.9x100; 1st av., e. s., 98.9 ft. s. of 38th st., 49.4x125, (one plot being Kip's Bay Malt House;) O. R. Steele, Referee, to S. S. Bernheimer and D. Jones, foreclosure	80,000
2d av., w. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 46th st., 25x100; Ernst Cook to John Bauer	nom.
5th av., s. e. corner 43d st., 25.5x108; 5th av., e. s., 25.5 ft. s. of 43d st., 37.6x123; 43d st., s. s., 108 ft. e. of 5th av., 15x25.5, ½ part; 43d st., s. s., 123 ft. e. of 5th av., 10x100.5, ½ part, E. H. Ladnon to C. G. Landon	210,000
LEASEHOLD CONVEYANCE.	
Canal st., No. 201, n. e. corner Mulberry st., William McNamara to William McNamara	$1,000
LEASE RECORDED.	
6th av., No. 215, 4 years, per year	$3,500

CITY REAL ESTATE.

J. E. LEAYCRAFT,
REAL ESTATE,
No. 698 8th av., near 44th st.

City and Country Property bought sold and exchanged.

RENTING and COLLECTING a SPECIALTY.

Entire charge taken of property. Reference given.

AN ELEGANT, SOLIDLY-BUILT DWELLING, four-story high-stoop brown-stone, 25x56x95, open rear, hard-wood finish, on Madison av., west side only 420 feet from 60th st. entrance into Central Park, for sale reasonably, furnished or unfurnished; easy terms. Possession.
V. K STEVENSON, Jr., No. 11 Pine st.,
Or No. 31 East 17th st.

NEW AND ELEGANT HOUSES FOR SALE.—No. 5 East 54th, No. 15 East 48th, No. 18 East 57th sts.; 5th av., near 44th, 46th, 56th, 62d, and 84th sts. Also, several on Madison av., well located. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st. and No. 35 East 17th st.

FIFTH AV., CORNER 53D ST., AND OPPOSITE St. Thomas' Church, a first-class and elegant house of full width and depth, for sale at a reduced price.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine st. and No. 35 East 17th st.

FOR SALE.—AT A LOW FIGURE, A SPLENDID four-story brown-stone house, on 47th st., near 6th av.; size, 18x45; lot, 100; very little cash required.
B. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 837 6th av.

A BARGAIN!—TWO NEW FOUR-STORY DWELLINGS as cheap as any in the City, 62d st., 174 feet west of Broadway; cabinet finish; $20,000 each. Also for sale or to let, partially furnished dwelling.
WM. BEDELL, No. 308 West 58th st.

NO. 10 EAST 46TH ST., 200 FEET FROM 5TH av.—First-class full-size four-story brown-stone house for sale very low; possession.
S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ROSELLE, N. J.

Desirable lots for sale, on elevations fronting on Washington and 5th avs., in the growing town of Roselle, forty-three minutes from New-York, by the popular Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Thirty trains daily.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
NO. 6 PINE ST., NEW-YORK.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—FOR SALE, ONE mile and a half from depot, a beautiful country residence, three to twenty-two acres, with good buildings, plenty of fruit and ornamental trees, &c.; price very low.
S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

HUDSON RIVER FARM AT A BARGAIN—eighty acres, at Staatsburg; eight-room cottage, barn, vineyard; other fruits; high, healthful, picturesque; beautiful river and mountain scenery; only $5,000; very easy terms. C. H. OLIVER, 1 Park place.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner of Main and Cone sts.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ONLY ONCE IN A LIFETIME.

A CHANCE TO BECOME RICH
BY BUYING ONE LOT.
DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND
HITCHCOK'S GREAT AUCTION OF THE FAMOUS
LEGGETT PROPERTY,
IN THE VERY
BUSINESS CENTRE OF FLUSHING.
To be sold in lots to the highest bidders,
And also the commodious Mansion, containing sixteen rooms,

On Wednesday, Oct. 21,
AT NOON.

By virtue of a contract with the executors of the estate of the late Thomas H. Leggett, deceased, the most valuable property in Flushing, situate on Main, Amity, Union, and (new) Locust sts., surrounded by stores, and in the centre of traffic and travel, will be offered on terms within the reach of all. In all our business experience we never have been able to offer, heretofore, so valuable property upon such marvelously

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
ONLY 10 PER CENT. ON DAY OF SALE,
ONLY 20 PER CENT. ON OCT. 28, INST.,
And 5 and 10 YEARS' TIME for BALANCE.
It is but fair to estimate that these
LOTS WILL DOUBLE IN VALUE IN FIVE YEARS,
and more than likely
BE WORTH $20,000 EACH IN TEN YEARS.

In comparison, it would be like buying property on Broadway, New-York, at the prices of twenty years ago, and getting the increased value of it to-day.

There will be NO FREE LUNCH, and no extraneous inducements to visitors. Only those are invited who desire to secure really valuable property for business and for residence, and those who are seeking the best modes of investment.

Flushing now has excellent sewage, gas, water in pipes, and all the conveniences of New-York City; 120 trains daily; seven depots; fare ten cents on Long Island Railroad, (at right-hand side of ferry at Hunter's Point.)

Visitors can take James slip ferry-boat at 10 or 11 A. M., or cross Thirty-fourth street at 10:15 or 11:15, and take train at 10:30 or 11:30, and return at pleasure. Maps and free passes can be had of G. Edward Carll, Auctioneer, in Flushing, and at

BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK'S
REAL ESTATE HEAD-QUARTERS,
NO. 355 3D AV., CORNER 26TH ST., NEW-YORK.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS T. FERRIS, DECEASED.

FORTY-SIX
VALUABLE CENTRAL PARK LOTS
ON
8TH AND 9TH AVS.,
69TH, 70TH, 77TH, 79TH, 81ST, AND 82D STS.,
including several prominent corners and LARGE PLOTS,
suitable for
PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.,
will be sold at auction on
MONDAY, OCT. 26,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

Two-thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. Maps at the office of

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine st.,
Or of JOHN M. PINKNEY,
No. 19 Barclay st.

PARTITION SALE

BY ORDER OF SUPREME COURT.
Under direction of THOMAS HYSLOP, Esq., Referee.
By WOOD, BRADY & TODD, Auctioneers
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 28, 1874.

At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway.
GRAND STREET.—The valuable business property No. 389 Grand st., corner of Suffolk st.; lot 25x70.
PROSPECT AVENUE, (East Tremont.)—Lot No. 89, corner of Samuel st.; 66x150.
GRANT AVENUE, (East Tremont.)—Lot No. 238, between Samuel st. and the Southern Boulevard, in the Twenty-fourth Ward, (New-York;) lot 66x150 feet.
Maps at office of Auctioneers, No. 9 Pine st., New-York.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer,
Pine street, N. Y.

WILL SELL BY ORDER OF
JOHN O'NEILL, Esq.,
ON THURSDAY, OCT. 22, 1874, AT 2:30 P. M.,

On premises, at public auction, Fifty Valuable Building Lots, fronting on Grant st., Paulison and Lafayette avs., in the City of PASSAIC, N. J., eleven miles from New-York by Erie or Morris & Essex Railroads; twenty-four trains each way daily on Erie, and twelve by Morris & Essex; five minutes' walk from depot on either road, in heart of city. Train from foot of 23d st. at 1:15 P. M., and Chambers st. at 1:45 P. M. day of sale. Free Passes, Maps, &c., of auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
180 LOTS
in the
CITY OF YONKERS.
The estate of the late
SAMPSON SIMSON
To be sold at auction on
TUESDAY, OCT. 20,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York.

These lots are situated on PARK and LAKE AVS., HIGH ST., and AVENUES D, E and F, and command extensive views of the HUDSON RIVER, and being only a few minutes' walk from the railroad depot, are very desirable for immediate improvement. There are hourly trains from New-York to Yonkers, and the time to Wall st. by Elevated Railroad is only about one hour. Sixty per cent. on bond and mortgage.

Descriptive maps at the office of ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE
of House and Lot NO. 71 SULLIVAN ST.,
on THURSDAY, OCT. 22,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

SALE ABSOLUTE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers,
No. 7 Pine st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FOR RENT IN THE CITY OF SAVANNAH, GA.,

A first-class residence, having all the modern improvements, and very handsomely furnished; is offered for rent to a responsible tenant who will obligate himself to take good care of the furniture and appointments of the house. The same fronts on Pulaski square, and is surrounded by a first-class neighborhood. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply to
BLUN & DEMERE,
Real Estate Agents and Brokers, Savannah, Ga.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house, 30 feet front, fully furnished, with garden adjoining; also, if desired, a stable, with entrance on next street; moderate rent to a good tenant.
J. F. WILLIAMS & SONS,
No. 270 West 34th st., corner 8th av.

AT MORRISTOWN.—TO LEASE, FURNISHED, for two or three years, ten minutes' walk from depot, a first-class residence in every respect, with ample grounds; house has every comfort and convenience for either Winter or Summer; grounds well stocked with fruit and shade trees. S. EDDY, 1 Park pl.

A.—TO LEASE—UNFURNISHED—REASONABLY—The new elegantly-built and frescoed, first-class, full-size dwelling, No. 647 Madison av., 420 feet from 60th st. entrance into Central Park. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., No. 31 East 17th st., or No. 11 Pine st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—NO. 8 ST. MARK'S place, near Cooper Institute, Astor place, and Broadway; rent low to a small respectable family.
J. W. MITCHELL, No. 92 Broadway.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES
To let in choice locations.
B. W. WILLIAMS, No. 837 6th av.

TO LET—NO. 37 WEST 45TH ST., FOUR-STORY, brown-stone, in good order, and with parlor carpets. Rent $200 per month. Apply on the premises.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—TO LET, FURNISHED, THE residence of the late Ogden P. Edwards, Esq., on Broad st., five minutes' walk from Central Depot. The location one of the most desirable in the City, convenient to schools and churches, with spacious grounds, barns, &c.; will be let for the balance of the year or leased for a term of years; possession immediately; rent low.
GEO. W. FARNHAM,
No. 193 Pearl st., Elizabeth, N. J., or
No. 8 Pine st., New-York.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO RENT—THE MOST ELIGIBLE OFFICES IN the National Shoe and Leather Bank building, on the second floor, suitable for an insurance company, (now occupied by the Berkshire Life.) Possession given May 1. For particulars inquire at above-named bank.

TO RENT OR LEASE—NO. 838 BROADWAY, with rear entrance; possession November. Apply to to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 35 East 17th st., (Everett House,) branch office.

TO LEASE—FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS WITH renewals, the south-west corner Broadway and Houston st.; lot 50x100. Apply to
HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, Nos. 188 and 190 West Houston st.; five stories and cellar, 50x90. Inquire on premises.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD W. BAXTER, Auctioneer.
RETAIL FURNITURE SALE.

EDWARD W. BAXTER & CO., Furniture Manufacturers, will sell at auction at their ware-rooms, Nos. 202 and 204 Canal st.,

MONDAY, Oct. 19,
TUESDAY, Oct. 20,
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21,

at 12 o'clock each day, from their large stock of furniture, all of which is warranted to be well made and to be durable, both large and small lots to suit the wants of those who are refurnishing for the Fall and Winter. Every variety of furniture will be offered at this sale.

The goods will be on exhibition each morning, and obliging salesmen will show the furniture and take memoranda to put up such articles as customers may select, which will in every case be sold without reserve.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & WHITE WILL sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 22, at 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the elegant mansion and eleven acres of ground at New-Rochelle, owned and occupied by JOHN V. D. LOOMIS, Esq. Maps and particulars at
NO. 35 PINE ST., NEW-YORK.

FOR SALE THIS DAY.—AT 10 O'CLOCK A lot of silverware, by virtue of a chattel mortgage at Bowe & Hillier's auction-room, corner of 8th st. and University place. By order of mortgagee.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON FRIDAY, Oct. 23, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the warehouse of J. W. Snow & Co., No. 176 Washington st., sundry lots of goods, consisting of desks, wines, paints, &c., unless expenses are paid.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A POCKET-BOOK CONTAINING $20, BEtween 42d and 53d sts. Finder suitably rewarded at No. 671 5th av., corner 53d st.

MUSICAL.

M. M. MERRELL,
NO. 8 UNION SQUARE, (No. 165 4th av.)
A LARGE STOCK OF
PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT,
To Rent or Sell Cheap.
SALES ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

UPRIGHT PIANOS.
A LARGE AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT
FOR SALE OR RENT AT
OUVRIER & SON'S, MANUFACTURERS,
No. 27 West 13th st.,
Between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS MARIE GILBERT IS NOW RESUMING her lessons on the piano-forte, theory and composition; young and advanced pupils thoroughly trained and finished in the most approved systems of the Leipsic and Paris conservatories; classical music a specialty. Circulars, &c., received at Mr. Albert Weber's piano-forte rooms, 5th av. and 16th st.

A LADY, A THOROUGH MUSICIAN, COMpetent to choose and conduct church music of the best order, desires a position as organist in a city church; is familiar with all forms of service, and au fait of the latest European compositions, should the service be Catholic; satisfactory references given. Address, S. A., Box 109 *Times* Office.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF PIANOS AND organs, new and second hand; best makers; extremely low prices for cash, or to let until rent money pays for them. Small monthly installments received. HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway.

A. BRAUTIGAM'S UPRIGHT AND SQUARE pianos are second to none. Prices moderate. Constantly on hand a large assortment of second-hand pianos from best makers. Pianos to rent. Warerooms, No. 701 Broadway.

CHURCH PIPE-ORGANS.—WILLIAM H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing st., have for sale several new organs of ten and twelve stops at low prices for cash. Also one of two Manuales, twenty-stops, two octaves of Pedales; price, $2,000.

CHICKERING, WEBER, GORDON PIANOS and Prince organs. Rent, $3 and upward. Installments taken. Eight-stop organ, $90. GORDON & SON, No. 13 East 14th st.

AN IMMENSE STOCK—STEINWAY'S AND other Pianos; upright, square, grand; also Organs. Inducements for cash. On installments and to rent. S. X. BALL & CO., No. 15 East 14th st.

DODWORTH'S BAND.—ALL MUSICAL BUSIness attended to, with small or large bands. Office No. 751 Broadway. JOHN HARVEY, Agent, or THOMAS KINGSLAND, Business Manager, No. 422 Broome st.

THE MISSES SLOMAN, PROFESSORS OF SINGing, piano, and harp; residence, No. 63 West 35th st. Erard Harp and Alexandre Organ for sale. Lessons given in Brooklyn and Yonkers.

FOR RENT—UPRIGHT, SQUARE, AND GRAND PIANOS of our own make; also, for sale, a number of fine second-hand pianos. WM. KNABE & CO.,
No. 112 5th av., above 16th st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BROAD TOP COAL REGION.—ONE OF THE largest and best collieries in the Broad Top Region, from which a very large quantity of coal can be shipped annually, can now be leased on favorable terms to a good tenant. This coal can be taken by rail direct from the mines to Amboy, and for steam purposes no better coal can be had. Apply to Post Office Box No. 2,224, Philadelphia.

$800 WILL BUY THE POULTRY, GAME, fruit, and vegetable stand, No. 32 Tompkins market; a rare chance to make money during the holidays. Call at 12 o'clock.

A VALUABLE PATENT—FOR SALE AT A VERY low price. Address J. S., care of J. W. Weston, No. 42 John st., or call between 3 and 4 o'clock P. M.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO. R. H. MACY & CO.
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GRAND CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT,
14TH ST. AND 6TH AV., N. Y.
UNLIKE ANY OTHER IN THE COUNTRY.
IN NO OTHER will be found so large and desirable assortments
of Goods in so many different branches.
EXPERIENCED BUYERS AND READY MONEY ENABLE US TO PLACE BEFORE THE PUBLIC AT

VERY LOW PRICES,
WHITE GOODS AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
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EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS.
LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS; ALSO, HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.,
CORSETS AND UNDERGARMENTS, NOTIONS, AND SMALL WARES.
MILLINERY GOODS, RIBBONS, FEATHERS, VELVETS, &c., FANCY GOODS, JEWELRY, TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY AND FANS, BOOKS AND STATIONERY, TRIMMINGS AND WORSTEDS.
R. H. M. & LA FORGE GLOVES,
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED NOT TO RIP OR TEAR PUTTING ON.
LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S FURS.
TOYS, DOLLS, AND DOLLS' ARTICLES. BOXED, CANNED, AND BOTTLED FRUITS.
PRESERVES, PICKLES, OLIVE-OIL, BISCUITS, &c.
NEW DEPARTMENT.
CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASS, AND SILVER-PLATED WARE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
The Largest Assortment Ever Exhibited in America, at Prices which Defy Competition.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES now ready, sent by mail or furnished by the Superintendent on application. PACKAGES by MAIL can be sent for two cents for four ounces, and one cent additional for each two ounces, or fraction thereof, under four pounds. N. B.—GOODS SHIPPED and delivered free in the City, Brooklyn, Jersey City, and Hoboken. Particular attention to orders. Goods packed and shipped for any part of the country.

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SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LEONHARD KOHLMANN, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 18 First avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of April next.—Dated, New-York, the twelfth day of October, 1874.
PHILLIPINA KOHLMANN, Executrix.
oc13-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANDREW L. IRELAND, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, at the office of John B. Ireland, Esq., No. 200 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 21st day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 18th day of May, 1874.
ISRAEL CORSE,
WILLIAM M. JOHNSON, } Executors.
JOHN B. IRELAND,
my19-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL BLOIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 37 West Thirty-fifth street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of November next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of May, 1874.
HANNAH MARIA BLOIS, Executrix.
my12-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ARCHIBALD RUSSELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of H. L. Morris, Esq., No. 25 Pine street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 17th day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of July, 1874. HELEN R. RUSSELL, Executrix.
jy7-1aw6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HIRAM V. MASON, late of the City of New-York, Secretary, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of Edgar M. Mason, No. 31 Park row, Room No. 20, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of February, 1875.—Dated New-York, the 1st day of August, 1874.
ANN E. MASON, Administratrix
au4-1aw6mTu* of Hiram V. Mason, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS T. FERRIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 28 Lafayette place, in the City of New-York, on or before the third day of March, next.—Dated New-York, the 1st day of September, 1874. CATHARINE A. FERRIS,
s1-1aw6mTu* Sole Acting Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. DE GROOT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of Theodore R. B. De Groot, Esq., No. 142 Fulton st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of December next. Dated, New-York, the 8th day of June, 1874.
ALICE E. DE GROOT, Administratrix.
THEODORE R. B. DE GROOT, Administrator.
je9-1aw6mTu*

NEW AND SECOND-HAND APPLE AND CIDER barrels in quantities to suit the purchaser. For sale by [illegible], No. 65 Rutgers slip, New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.
Assets, Over Ten Million Dollars.
Surplus, Over Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. | N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION
NO. 96 WARREN ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Deposits made now draw interest from Oct. 1.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
OFFICE AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,
No. 103 Fulton st.,
NEW-YORK.
BANKS AND OFFICES FITTED UP.
Fine Cylinder Desks.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

AT PRIVATE SALE—ALL THIS WEEK AT Hager's store, 34th st. and 8th av., handsome household furniture in lots to suit; mirrors, paintings, carpets, &c., at a great sacrifice.

MISFIT CARPETS.—GOOD SECOND-HAND AND misfit carpets a specialty; all sizes, rich patterns, very cheap. 112 Fulton st., near Nassau, side entrance.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
PRIVATE CLASSES FOR DANCING,
No. 212 5th av., corner 26th st.

Open for the season. Morning and afternoon classes for ladies and children; evening classes for gentlemen. Send for a circular.

MR. DE GARMO,
TEACHER OF DANCING,
NO. 82 5TH AV.,
CORNER 14TH ST.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S
Select classes in dancing, No. 1,464 Broadway. Commencing Saturday, Oct. 31. Send for circular.

BALLET-MASTER DUMAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 24 West 4th st.—Classes open; all dances taught per quarter; six dances taught perfectly in six private lessons.

DRY GOODS.

AT SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR,
No. 914 BROADWAY, near 20th st.,
IMPORTED FASHIONS.
PATTERNS WITH CLOTH MODELS.
Patterns fitted to the form and warranted perfect.
CUTTING AND BASTING A SPECIALTY.

INSTRUCTION.

BOYS' SCHOOL.
MRS. GEORGE VANDENHOFF'S
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
NO. 106 WEST 42D ST., (Reservoir Park.)
Second year commences Sept. 24, 1874.
Only eight boarding pupils received.
Hours from 9:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.

MISS COMSTOCK.
NOS. 32 AND 34 WEST 40TH ST.,
RESERVOIR PARK.
English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen Sept. 23. Boarding pupils limited to sixteen. Application may be made personally or by letter.
A FULL KINDERGARTEN METHOD FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.

PREPARATORY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL,
No. 1,267 Broadway, near 32d st.,
For the Schools of Science, Technology, Mines, &c.,
Elementary Class for boys from eight upward.
SPECIAL TWO YEARS' COURSE IN ARCHITECTURE.
CLASSES IN DRAWING, free hand, linear, &c.
A. COLIN, M. E.,
Late Engineer Corps, U. S. N., and Prof. Naval Academy.

A FIRST-CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS—Holladay Collegiate Institute, No. 1,285 Broadway, between 34th and 35th sts. Utmost care and special attention given to preparing boys for college, for scientific schools, or for business. Reopens Sept. 21. Circulars containing all necessary information at No. 47 West 49th st., where the Principal may be seen or addressed. WALLER HOLLADAY.

A FRENCH AND A GERMAN LADY ARE forming a Saturday sewing and fancy-work class for children and young ladies. The conversation will be in French and German. They also give instruction in these languages. Inquire for Miss TROUG, from 11 till 2 o'clock, at No. 101 West 48th st.

HENDRICK INSTITUTE.—FRENCH, GERMAN, and English boarding and day school, for young ladies and delicate children, 25 West 26th st., N. Y.; daily drill in vocal culture, gymnastic and calisthenic exercises; delicate and enfeebled pupils have our especial care and skilled attention. Dr. SARAH L. HENDRICK, Principal.

CONTINENTAL FINISHING SCHOOL FOR LADIES IN BRUSSELS.—A Protestant lady has a few vacancies in her school. Home life and every facility for the acquirement of music, painting, and languages; terms moderate; good references. Address M. DUPRE, No. 94 Chaussée de Charleroi, Bruxelles.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, Chester, Penn., opens Sept. 9. Civil Engineering, the Classics, and English thoroughly taught. For circulars apply to O. M. BOGART, Esq., No. 3 Nassau st., New-York, or to Col. THEO. HYATT, President.

A YOUNG NORTH GERMAN WILL OPEN a day and evening class for pupils desirous to learn German. Terms low. (Private instruction at pupils' residences.) Address GERMAN, 47 West 29th st.

PAINE'S COLLEGE, NO. 62 BOWERY AND NO. 1,275 Broadway, (west side,) corner 34th.—Book-keeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar; all essential English branches. Writing lessons $3 per month.

DR. BERTHET'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for boys; French, English, classical and mathematical. Opens 21st, at No. 52 West 54th st. Circulars at Lockwood's, No. 812 Broadway.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies and Children, No. 250 West 38th st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 21.

NOT FASHIONABLE—WORTHY THE SUPPORT of judicious parents—Yonkers Military Institute. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

CLAVERACK College and H. R. Inst., at Claverack, N. Y. Opens Sept. 7. ALONZO FLACK Ph. D., Pres.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

REDUCTIONS!

EMBROIDERIES—HAMBURG EDGINGS, ALL WIDTHS AND ELEGANT DESIGNS, AT LESS THAN IMPORTER'S COST.

LACES—OUR LACES EMBRACE EVERY NOVELTY FOUND IN EUROPEAN MARKETS. FRENCH NOVELTIES IN HANDKERCHIEFS.

FURS—OUR ASSORTMENT IS LARGE, HANDSOME, AND SUITED TO EVERY WANT. CHEAP SETS FOR CHILDREN.

CLOAKS—IN ALL THE LATEST EUROPEAN STYLES, ELEGANTLY TRIMMED, RICHLY EMBROIDERED OR ENTIRELY PLAIN. PRICES TO SUIT THE PURCHASER.

CLOTHS—SEALSKIN FROM $10 TO $20. ALSO, PERFECT IMITATIONS OF OTTER, CHINCHILLA AND POLAR BEAR CLOTHS, BEAVERS AND ROUGH CLOTHS FOR WALKING JACKETS AND WINTER WEAR. ALSO, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WATERPROOF.

CARPETS—PREPARATORY TO CLOSING THIS DEPARTMENT, WE OFFER OUR SUPERB STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

BOOTS & SHOES—PERFECT IN FIT, LOWEST IN PRICE, AND BEST IN STYLES.

DRESS-MAKING—SUITS AND DRESSES APPROPRIATE TO THE SEASON, DESIGNED AND MADE TO ORDER. OUR SUCCESS IN THIS SPECIALTY IS UNPARALLELED.

LORD & TAYLOR,
BROADWAY AND 20TH ST.,
GRAND ST. AND CHRISTIE ST., NEW-YORK.

SILK VELVETS,

AT E. RIDLEY & SON'S.
Wednesday Next, Oct. 21,
AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.,
WE SHALL OFFER A
LINE OF COLORS
IN SILK VELVETS
AT 45 CENTS PER YARD.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
NOS. 309, 311, 311 1-2 GRAND ST.; 62, 64, 66, 68, AND 70 ALLEN ST.,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE,
No. 108 West 59th st.

on Central Park, near 6th av. Boarding and Day School primary department. Pupils prepared for Business, College, West Point, Annapolis, Scientific Schools. Independent department for College preparation for Harvard, Yale, &c. Modern languages, French, German, Spanish, taught and spoken. Large gymnasium. New building unsurpassed for location and ventilation. Fire-proof stairs, &c.
LESSONS RESUMED ON SEPT. 14.
BIBLE, THE CORNER-STONE OF THE SCHOOL.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
NO. 252 MADISON AV.,
BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.

This school prepares its pupils for the counting-house and for admission to Columbia, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, &c., and to the School of Mines.

Its twenty-first annual circular contains full particulars of the studies pursued in its Primary, English, Classical, and French departments.

It also contains the names of pupils, past and present, over twelve hundred in number, many of whom are actively and prominently engaged in mercantile or professional life in this City, and are the references which the school offers to the public.

Charlier Institute
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS,
NO. 167 MADISON AV.

This DAY SCHOOL will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Thorough and complete English course; French, German, light gymnastics, lectures on scientific subjects, drawing, sewing, &c.
MR. AND MRS. ELISEE CHARLIER, Principals.

N.B.—The Belles-Lettres Class will also begin Sept. 23. Special attention given to English literature.

Collegiate Institute,
(NO. 40 WASHINGTON SQUARE)
GEO. W. CLARKE, Ph. D., Principal.
Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

MONSIEUR C. FABREGOU
is now forming
Evening and Afternoon Classes of
CONVERSATION IN FRENCH.
Apply between 4 and 8 P. M. at
No. 46 Greenwich av.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
A first-class school for thirty boarding pupils: a few vacancies. C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

MME. LESPINASSE'S
Fort Washington French institute for young ladies reopens Sept. 21. French the language of the school. Circulars at Lespinasse & Friedman's, 3 Pine st., Carleton's, Fifth Avenue Hotel, Brentano's, 33 Union square.

MR. HAMMOND'S SCHOOL,
No. 692 6th av., (*Reservoir Park, South,*) *prepares for business or collegiate courses (classical or scientific).*

MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE,
NO. 58 PARK AV.
For young gentlemen of all ages,
fitting for college or for business.
Four pupils received into the family.
REV. JOSEPH D. HULL, A. M., (Yale,) Principal.

THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
FOUNDED A. D., 1820.
REV. HENRY B. CHAPIN, PH. D., Principal.
No. 79 West 52d st., corner 6th avenue, (late No. 101 West 14th st.) reopened Sept. 21; boys prepared for college or business; a primary department. Circulars furnished on application.

MESDEMOISELLES CHARBONNIER.
NO. 36 EAST 35TH ST.,
(formerly No. 42 Avenue du Roule, Neuilly, Paris.)
French Protestant boarding and day school for young ladies. Thorough English course in all classes.
REOPENED SEPT. 23.
French classes for ladies three times a week.

CARLISLE INSTITUTE
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
WITH KINDERGARTEN,
No. 658 Lexington av., between 55th and 56th sts. English, French, and German Boarding and Day School. Will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 7. Applications may be made personally or by letter.

GARDNER INSTITUTE,
NO. 620 5TH AV.
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Sixteenth year commenced Sept. 23.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MRS. & MISS STEERS'
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children,
No. 12 East 47th st.,
Between 5th and Madison avs., New-York,
and also the new branch at
Washington Heights, Boulevard, 152d st.,
will commence on THURSDAY, Sept. 24, 1874.
An early attendance is specially requested.
School carriage in attendance for No. 12 East 47th st.

MRS. LEVERETT'S
English and French School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 32 West 18th st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24. Now forming, a special class in English Literature, with lectures on Art and History.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL WILL BE REopened Sept. 15, at No. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th st. Terms from $100 to $300. A few boarders taken. Circulars at G. P. Putnam's Sons, corner 23d st. and 4th av., and at the school. Latin conversation taught. Carpentry taught. Out door classes organized.

THE GERMAN AMERICAN INSTITUTE for young ladies and gentlemen, and kindergarten, Nos. 369, and 371 West 23d st., has reopened.
FEODOR THURSON, Principal.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY.—THE PREPARAtory School of Mr. NEWELL, No. 115 East 26th st., is limited to about ten pupils. Reference to parents of scholars: Cyrus W. Field, Esq., Jarvis Slade, Esq., George M. Ogden, Esq., &c.

MISS BALLOW'S
English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 24 East 22d st.
Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 24.

THE MISSES LANE'S BOARDING AND DAY School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 49 West 18th st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. A separate class for little boys.

A WORKING SCHOOL. BOYS TAUGHT English, French, German, and Latin. Lyric Hall, 6th av., between 41st and 42d sts. Miss M. W. WARREN.

MRS. ROBERTS AND MISS WALKER will reopen their English and French Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, at No. 148 Madison av., on Wednesday, Sept. 23.

MRS. WILLIAMS' SCHOOL, NO. 26 WEST 39th st., reopened Sept. 24.
Prof. Lalberton's and Prof. Goodyear's lectures will begin in November.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, NO. 1 Winthrop place, (one block from New-York University.) Primary, commercial, and classical departments. M. M. HOBBY, C. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

INSTRUCTION.

M. W. Lyon's
Collegiate Institute,
NO. 5 EAST 22D ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.
Rooms—Superior. Supervision—Personal.
Assistants—Experienced. Teaching—Thorough.
Government—Kindly. Pupils—Manly.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.
Rev. Theodore Irving, LL. D., Rector.
NO. 21 WEST 32D ST.

Opening services of the Autumn Term at 10 A. M. WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23.

The Infant Department, for little girls and boys, will have special attention given to it.

Dr. Irving's special class in English Literature, with readings from the best authors, for ladies who have finished their studies, but would like to avail themselves of the advantages of such a course, will begin on the second Thursday in November, and continue until the middle of May.

The course this Winter will commence with the writers of the time of Queen Anne.

For circulars or information apply to the Rector, No. 21 West 32d st.

GRAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
OF THE
CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 112 5th av.,
Between 16th and 17th sts., (Knabe building.)

The most successful and complete music school in the world. All branches of vocal and instrumental music practically and theoretically taught by the most eminent professors at moderate prices.

The Amateur Orchestra meet every Tuesday at 8 P. M. Classical Soirée by the Professors every second Wednesday, Lectures every third, Opera Recitals every fourth Wednesday in each month.

COLLEGIATE ACADEMY.
S. A. FARRAND and D. S. EVERSON, Principals,
No. 729 6th av., opposite Reservoir Park.
Reopens Sept. 23.
GREAT PAINS ARE TAKEN TO TEACH BOYS HOW TO STUDY. THE PRINCIPALS DEVOTE THEIR WHOLE TIME TO GIVING PERSONAL INSTRUCTION. Among their patrons are:

T. S. Hastings, D. D.,	C. L. Prentiss, D. D.,
Howard Crosby, D. D.,	H. E. Montgomery, D. D.,
T. Gallaudet, D. D.,	Prof. H. B. Smith, D. D.,
J. O. Murray, D. D.,	Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, D. D.,
E. H. Chapin, D. D.,	Prof. C. Short, LL. D.,
H. D. Ganse, D. D.,	Prof. C. A. Joy, Ph. D.

MISS DU VERNET,
ASSISTED BY COMPETENT MASTERS,
will reopen her
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
for boys under fifteen at No. 102 West 29th st., one door from 6th av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23. Day boarders are taken to the Park after an early dinner.

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS
at
NOS. 539, 541, and 543 5TH AV.
OPENS SEPT. 21.
Thorough instruction guaranteed and a complete preparation for Business, Scientific School, or College.
E. A. GIBBENS. D. BEACH, JR.

MRS. GARRETSON'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
will reopen at
NO. 52 WEST 47TH ST., NEW-YORK,
on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23, 1874.

MISS SPRING'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH DAY SCHOOL
for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Sept. 28, in the building of the Young Ladies' Christian Association, No. 64 Irving place, corner of 18th st. Boys under ten will be received; pupils have entrance to Gramercy Park at recess.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y., FOR young ladies and children, combining home care with a thorough course of study. Miss M. W. METCALF, Principal.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 352 West 20th st., N. Y., reopened Sept. 16.

THE MISSES DOREMUS
HAVE REOPENED THEIR DAY SCHOOL
at No. 47 East 21st st.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,267 BROADWAY.—Boys prepared for Harvard, and other colleges and scientific schools.

A KINDERGARTEN WILL BE OPENED OCT. 1 by Miss Olssen, at No. 280 4th av. The older children will be instructed in reading and writing.

MISS GIBBONS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Girls, No. 111 West 44th st. Reopens Sept. 21.

POUGHKEEPSIE (N. Y.) MILITARY INSTITUTE.
H. S. JEWETT, A. M., Principal.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, on the Hudson. For circular address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, Principal.

CLASS FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN AND private instruction. Circulars sent.
THOMAS R. ASH, No. 17 East 16th st.

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG CHILDREN. Church Hill Post Office, Washington Depot, Conn.
H. H. MOREHOUSE.

$300 FOR 50 WEEKS—INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Boys. E. HINDS, Hempstead, Long Island.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES' SCHOOL for young ladies and children, No. 15 East 31st st.

DR. CALLISENS' DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 131 West 43d st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 21.

MISS F. E. PRIEST'S SCHOOL, NO. 329 EAST 19th st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 22.

TEACHERS.

A LADY WITH TWELVE YEARS' SUCcessful experience in teaching the rudimental and highest English branches, Latin and French, will make one more morning engagement as visiting teacher for children or adults; grammar, composition, and penmanship specialties. Address S. W. B., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

A LADY WHO HAS HAD MUCH EXPERIENCE in teaching, having a part of her time unoccupied, would like to make an engagement in a school or to give private lessons; the best of references can be given. Address A. M., Box No. 29 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

A SCHOLAR AND GOLD MEDALIST OF [illegible] University, desires private pupils, [illegible] scientific schools and college, (English or American); highest City reference. Address TUTOR, [illegible] 16th st.

A GENTLEMAN GRADUATE OF A [illegible] university, experienced teacher, [illegible] in German; best references. Address [illegible] *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD [illegible] another private pupil. Address [illegible] Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
*Bothnia, Wed'day, Oct. 21	Batavia, Saturday, Nov. 7
Parthia, Saturday, Oct. 24	*Abyssinia, Wed., Nov. 11
*Cuba, Wednesday, Oct. 28	China, Saturday, Nov. 14
Calabria, Saturday, Oct. 31	*Russia, Wed'sday, Nov. 18
*Algeria, Wed'sday, Nov. 4	

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

Rates of passage—Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage at lowest rates. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling green; for steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP BOTHNIA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand st., Jersey City, at 1 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, 1874.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling Green, New-York.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ADRIATIC..........SATURDAY, Oct. 24, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Oct. 31, at 10 A. M.
OCEANIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M.
REPUBLIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.

From White Star Dock, Pier No. 52 North River.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage at low rates. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates at low rates.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

STATE LINE.

NEW-YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, AND LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from Pier No. 36 North River as follows:

STATE OF INDIANA..........Wednesday, Oct. 28
STATE OF FLORIDA..........Wednesday, Nov. 11

And every Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents, No. 72 Broadway.

Steerage office, No. 45 Broadway.

STEERAGE AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:

MINNESOTA, Capt. JONES..........Oct. 20, 1 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. BEDDOE..........Nov. 3, 1:30 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. PRICE..........Nov. 10, 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. FORSYTH..........Nov. 17, 11:30 A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 B'way,) at low rates. For freight or cabin passage apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

NATIONAL LINE.

NOTICE.—The most southerly route has always been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands. From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

England.....Oct. 24, 3 P. M. | Erin..........Nov. 7, 3 P. M.
Spain.....Oct. 31, 10 A. M. | Egypt.....Nov. 14, 8:30 A. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

GREECE..........Saturday, Oct. 24, 2 P. M.

Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage at greatly reduced price. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent, (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS, DANRE..........Saturday, Oct. 31
PEREIRE, SURMONT..........Saturday, Nov. 14
FRANCE, TRUDELLE..........Saturday, Nov. 28

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine,)
First Cabin, $125....Second Cabin, $75....Third, $35.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent. 55 Broadway.

INMAN LINE.—SOUTHERLY COURSE.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF MONTREAL.....Saturday, Oct. 24, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, Oct. 31, at 10 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER.....Saturday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND.....Saturday, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M.

CABIN PASSAGE, $80, gold.

STEERAGE.—To and from all points, at reduced rates.

Cabin and general office, No. 15 Broadway.

Steerage offices, No. 33 Broadway, or Pier No. 45 North River.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.

The steam-ship WESER, Capt. W. WILLIGEROD, will sail on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, at 2 P. M., from Bremen Pier, foot 3d st., Hoboken, to be followed by steam-ship MAIN, Capt. C. LEIST, on SATURDAY, Oct. 24.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND BREMEN:

First cabin..........$100 gold.
Second cabin..........60 gold.
Steerage..........24 currency.

For freight or passage apply to

OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling green.

AMERICAN LINE.

THE AMERICAN STEAM-SHIP COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Weekly Mail Steam-ship service between PHILADELPHIA and LIVERPOOL, Calling at QUEENSTOWN,

Sailing every THURSDAY from Philadelphia, and Sailing every WEDNESDAY, from Liverpool.

The following steamers are appointed to sail from Philadelphia.

INDIANA..........Oct. 22 | ILLINOIS..........Nov. 12
*ABBOTSFORD..........Oct. 29 | OHIO..........Nov. 19
PENNSYLVANIA.....Nov. 5 | *KENILWORTH.....Nov. 25

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN CURRENCY:

Cabin $75 to $100, according to accommodations.

Steerage and intermediate tickets to and from all points at the lowest rates.

Steamers marked with a star do not carry intermediate.

Passenger accommodations for all classes unsurpassed. Ample attendance is provided. Every steamer carries a surgeon and stewardess.

These steamers are supplied with life-rafts in addition to the usual life-boats and life-preservers.

Through tickets and through bills of lading issued between all prominent points.

For passage, rates of freight, and other information apply to

GEO. W. COLTON, Agent, No. 42 Broad st., N.Y.
JOHN McDONALD, Passenger Agent,
No. 8 Battery place, New-York.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
No. 307 Walnut st., Philadelphia.
RICHARDSON, SPENCE & CO., Liverpool. | N. & J. CUMMINS & BROS., Queenstown.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.

First-class full-powered Iron screw steamers, from Pier No. 51 North River.

For JAMAICA AND SAVANILLA.

ANDES..........Oct. 9

For JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA, CARTHAGENA, AND SAVANILLA.

ETNA..........Oct. 27

For HAYTI, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, AND VENEZUELA.

CLARIBEL..........Oct. 8
ATLAS..........Oct. 30

First-class passenger accommodation.

PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents,
Nos. 56 Wall and 59 Pine sts.

GRAND EXCURSION TRIP

TO PANAMA AND RETURN,

On the new and splendid steam-ship CITY OF TOKIO, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, Sister ship to the CITY OF PEKING.

Cabin tickets, as above, good for this trip only, will be issued at

$100 CURRENCY.

To sail from Pier No. 42 North River, New-York, at 12 o'clock noon, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, 1874.

This excursion will afford a sea voyage of 4,000 MILES and a visit to the Tropics, on one of the finest ocean steam-ships afloat.

A competent surgeon on board. Table and service first class. For tickets, &c., apply at

COMPANY'S TICKET OFFICE ON WHARF,
Foot of Canal st., North River, New-York.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.

RUFUS HATCH, Managing Director.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steam-ships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.

The splendid steam-ship MERRIMACK, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on FRIDAY, Oct. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.

First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio de Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.

Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examinations and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 4 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane st., corner Broadway.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE, CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

FOUR STEAM-SHIPS PER WEEK.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, Oct. 20, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South st.

GEN. BARNES, Capt. CHESTMAN, THURSDAY, Oct. 22, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.

W. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Oct. 24, from Pier No. 12 North River, at 3 P. M.

R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodation for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.

GEORGE YONGE, Agent,
Central Railroad of Georgia,
No. 409 Broadway.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M. from Pier No. 29 North River.

GULF STREAM, Capt. S. CROWELL, Tuesday, Oct. 20.
MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Thursday, Oct. 22.
CHARLESTON, Capt. J. BERRY, Saturday, Oct. 24.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of

JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of

BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

COLUMBUS, Capt. R. C. REED, Tuesday, Oct. 20.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, Tuesday, Oct. 27.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, Tuesday, Nov. 3.

For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to

WM. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.

McKELLAR, LULING & CO., Agents in Havana.

March 31, 1873.

NEW-YORK, HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.

Steamers leave Pier No. 3 North River as follows:

FOR HAVANA.

CITY OF HAVANA..........Thursday, Oct. 22
CITY OF NEW-YORK (via Nassau)..........Thursday, Oct. 29
CUBA..........Saturday, Oct. 31
CITY OF MERIDA..........Thursday, Nov. 5

FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW-ORLEANS,

calling at Havana, Progreso, Campeachy, Tuspan, and Tampico.

CUBA..........Saturday, Oct. 31
CITY OF MEXICO..........Saturday, Nov. 21

For freight or passage apply to

F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

STEAM-BOATS.

STONINGTON LINE

FOR NEWPORT AND BOSTON.

The new and magnificent steamer RHODE ISLAND, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS, and the elegant steamer STONINGTON, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS, from Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay st., at 5 P. M., arriving in Boston ahead of all other lines. Tickets for sale at all principal railroad offices, and state-rooms secured at the offices of Westcott Express Company, and at No. 319 Broadway.

E. A. DE VRAU, Freight Agent.
L. W. FILKINS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President.

SEA BIRD.

for Red Bank and intermediate stations. Pier No. 35 North River, foot of Franklin st.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, Oct. 10..3:00 P. M.	Saturday, Oct. 10..7:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 13th..9:00 A. M.	Monday, 12th..8:00 A. M.
Thursday, 15th..10:30 A. M.	Wednesday, 14th..7:30 A. M.
Saturday, 17th..12:00 M.	Friday, 16th..8:00 A. M.
Tuesday, 20th..10:00 A. M.	Monday, 19th..10:30 A. M.
	Tuesday, 20th..2:30 P. M.

ALBANY AND TROY DAY LINE STEAMER ARMENIA will leave New-York Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from Vestry st. at 8:30 A. M., and 24th st. at 8:45 A. M.

Returning, leaves Albany Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 8:30 A. M., landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown, and Nyack, (by ferry-boat) West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill, and Hudson.

Trip tickets to West Point, Cornwall, and Newburg, returning the following day, $1.

MERCHANTS' OPPOSITION LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Fare 50 cents deck, $1 with berth, $1 50 with room; J. B. SCHUYLER, from (Pier No. 43) Spring st., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS, at 6 P. M., connecting ahead of all boats by railroads.

J. W. HANCOX, Owner.

FOR YONKER'S DAILY, (INCLUDING SUNDAYS.) STEAMER "SAPPHO" leaves Pier No. 26 North River, foot of Barclay st., at 10:30 A. M. and 4:15 P. M., landing at 24th st., MANHATTANVILLE, CARMANSVILLE, and FORT WASHINGTON.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING at Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Highlands, (New Paltz,) Esopus.—The steam-boat THOMAS CORNELL leaves Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY at 4 P. M.

ASTORIA, HARLEM, MORRISANIA, AND HIGH BRIDGE.—New palace steam-boats leave Fulton Ferry Pier at 6:55, 7:45, 8:15, 9, 9:45, 10:45, A. M.; 12 M.; 1:15, 3:15, 4, 4:25, 5:15, 6, 6:10 P. M. See time cards for landings. Sunday boats every hour.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The favorite steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily foot of Market st., East River, at 2:45, and 33d st. at 3 P. M., connecting with the Danbury Railroad. Fare reduced to 60 cents; excursion tickets, $1.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck slip for New-Haven at 3 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 11:30 A. M.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport and Lock Haven (via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, connecting at Philadelphia,) 9:30 A. M. For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre, and the oil regions.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, "Limited, Washington Express" of Pullman parlor cars, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M., arrive at Washington at 4:10 P. M.; regular at 8:40 A. M.; 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 7, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

Accommodation for Trenton at 7:20 A. M., and 2 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 7, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 7 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:50, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, 7 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 7 P. M.

For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:10 and 4:30 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4:10, and 7 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:20 A. M., 2 and 4:10 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Hightstown, Pemberton, and Camden, via Perth Amboy, 2:30 P. M.

For Hightstown and Pemberton, 6 A. M.

Trains arrive as follow: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 9:50 A. M. and 9:35 P. M., daily; 6:50 P. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:20 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:50, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M., 6:50, and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket-offices, Nos. 526 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., No. 4 Court st., Brooklyn, Nos. 114, 116 and 118 Hudson st., Hoboken. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Summer Arrangement of through trains August, 1874. From Chambers Street Depot. (For 23d St. see note below.)

9:00 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Cincinnati and Chicago Day Express. Drawing-room coaches to Buffalo and sleeping coaches to Cincinnati and Detroit.

10:45 A. M., daily, except Sundays, Express Mail for Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Sleeping coach to Buffalo.

7:00 P. M., daily, Pacific Express to the West. Sleeping coaches through to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Cincinnati, Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, without change.

7:00 P. M., except Sundays, Emigrant train to the West.

Above trains leave Twenty-third Street Ferry at 8:45 and 10:15 A. M., and 6:45 P. M.

For local trains see time-tables and cards in hotels and depots.

JNO. N. ABBOTT, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After May 18, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, 4:38, and 5:40 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3:15 and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; For Newport at 8:05 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M. (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M. (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, General Superintendent, New-Haven.

RAILROADS.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville with South Branch R. R.; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing June 15, 1874.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

6 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

7 A. M.—Way Train for Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Towanda, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12:40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Catasauqua, and Belvidere.

3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield. On Saturdays only to Somerville.

4 P. M.—Way Train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Del., Lack. & West. R. R.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Towanda, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.

6 and 7 P. M.—Way Trains for Somerville.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant.)—For Easton.

9:15 P. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:15, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:40, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:15, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Sept. 19, 1874, trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10:00 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls.

10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

3:40 P. M., special Albany and Troy Express.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany. Way trains as per Local Time Table.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

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George Opdyke & Co.,
BANKERS,

No. 25 Nassau st., New-York.

Transact a General Banking Business, RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, and allow interest on daily balances at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, credited monthly. Checks drawn upon us pass through the Clearing-house.

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MAKE COLLECTIONS at lowest rates with prompt returns.

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FIRST-CLASS WESTERN CITY AND COUNTY BONDS

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,
No. 25 Nassau st.

CITY OF RAHWAY, N. J.,

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.

Interest payable at the Chatham National Bank, where the bonds are for sale.

REAL ESTATE FIRST MORTGAGES,

(SEVEN PER CENT.,)

With payment guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company of Semi-annual Interest and Principal in New-York City. For sale at the office of the Company, No. 52 William st.

JONATHAN EDWARDS,
President.

INTEREST NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—The Southern Railroad Company of Long Island, purchasers under the foreclosure of the South Side Railroad, hereby give notice:

That on and after Oct. 20, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds, that became due and payable at the Atlantic National Bank, Brooklyn, Sept. 1, 1874, will be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

That on and after Oct. 20, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the same railroad, that became due and payable at the same place May 1, 1874, will also be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

Notice is also given that on and after Nov. 1, 1874, the Coupons of the First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds of the South Side Railroad that became due on that day, will be paid on presentation at the Ninth National Bank of the City of New-York.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CITY HALL,
BROOKLYN, Oct. 13, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS INDORSED AS SUCH, will be received at this department until Saturday, 24th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the whole or any part of the following Seven per Cent. Brooklyn City Loans:

$300,000 Assessment and Sewerage Bonds, due three years from date, registered.

100,000 Improvement Bonds, due in 1884, coupon or registered.

100,000 Permanent Water Loan Bonds, due in 1904 and 1910, coupon or registered.

Proposals must state the price offered in addition to accrued interest from July 1.

The right is reserved to reject any bids not considered to the interest of the City.

F. A. SCHROEDER, Controller.

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD, Northern Pacific and other defaulted Railroad bonds bought by the old established house of

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Auctioneers,
No. 43 Pine st., New-York.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS

Bought and sold by

E. S. BAILEY, No. 65 Wall st.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, No. 119 LIBERTY ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1874.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF TWO AND a half per cent. has been declared, payable at this Office, on and after TUESDAY, the 20th proximo. The transfer books will be closed from Thursday, the 1st, to Thursday, the 22d of October next.

SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 82 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1874.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have declared a quarterly dividend of TWO (2) DOLLARS per share, payable at the office of Wells Fargo & Co., No. 65 Broadway, New-York, on and after Nov. 2 prox.

The transfer-books will close (at the Union Trust Company of New-York) at 2 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, 24th inst., and reopen on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4.

GEORGE G. FARNHAM, Treasurer.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1874.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable, free of Government tax, on and after the 2d day of November next. The transfer-books will be closed from 20th inst.

GEORGE W. YOULE, Cashier.

COUPONS DUE NOV. 1 FROM SECOND MORTGAGE bonds of St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad Company will be paid in gold on and after Nov. 2 at the agency of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company, No. 120 Broadway.

D. W. McWILLIAMS, Treasurer.

THE NOVEMBER COUPONS OF THE REAL estate Mortgage Bonds negotiated and guaranteed by the Equitable Trust Company will be paid on and after the 2d day of November next, at the New-York office of the Company, No. 52 William st.

JONATHAN EDWARDS, President.

CLOTHING.

AT NO. 1,251 BROADWAY,—SCHWARTZ will pay the very highest prices for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address SCHWARTZ, No. 1,251 Broadway, corner 31st st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the Times Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av., And the Times West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

HARNESS AND HORSE-BLANKETS—Largest Stock in this City.—Truck blankets, all sizes and weights; square, plaid blankets for road horses; trimmed blankets from $1 70 to $50 each. We make to order fine Kersey suits for trotters, with name of horse, &c. Our stock of harness is complete, warranted hand-made. A good article at the lowest possible price.

E. BARTLETT,
No. 62 Warren st., corner of College place.

THE LONDON HARNESS AGENCY.

No. 20 East 14th st.,
between 5th av. and University place.
London-made harness, of finest quality,
Saddles, bridles, horse clothing.
English prints of coaching, hunting, racing, &c.

HORSE BLANKETS, suitable for Stable and STREET uses. Also, DRESS BLANKETS, Carriage Robes, and Wagon Blankets; CLARK'S HORSE CLIPPERS, and of other celebrated manufacturers, at

HARMER, HAYS & CO.
N. B. No. 72 Beekman st.
SADDLERS' GOODS, of all kinds, in full stock.

By T. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer.

WILL BE SOLD AT STABLE OF ROBERT V. Davis, on Eastern Boulevard, east of 3d av., on 20th October, at 10 o'clock, to pay expense of keep, two horses.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, IN GOOD WARM stables, can be furnished for six or eight horses for the Winter, at Southold, Long Island, for $12 per month. For further particulars apply to HENRY WILLIAMS, No. 51 Whitehall st., New-York.

CARRIAGE FOR SALE.

Apply for particulars to

H. D. TOWNSEND,
No. 40 Broadway.

WANTED—PERSONS HAVING HORSES, HARNESS, and landau, or close carriage to dispose of, all in complete order, may hear of a purchaser by addressing W., Post Office Box No. 3,718, stating particulars.

STABLE FOR SALE.—31ST ST., BETWEEN 6TH and 7th avs., a first-class brick stable for sale, 25x80 x100. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the Times Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av., And the Times West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, RESIDING in East 18th st., convenient to Clarendon, Everett, Westminster, and other hotels, would rent, without board, to a single gentleman, a handsomely-furnished front room and bedroom communicating, replete with modern conveniences. Those wishing first-class accommodations may address, with name, B. C., Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

NO. 434 5TH AV.

A magnificent suite of apartments, parlor floor, will be let, with private table, until Dec. 1; also, smaller suite, very elegant, on third floor, for a small family or a party of two or three gentlemen who wish to be very comfortable and exclusive.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OF ADULTS, AMERICAN, occupying a first-class house, vicinity of 5th av. and 74th st., would let, with full or partial board, the entire second floor; there will be no other boarders; a full equivalent expected, and the strictest references. Address Box No. 2,672 Post Office.

NICELY-FURNISHED NEWLY-CARPETED rooms at No. 92 Clinton place.—An apartment on second story, with bedroom attached; will be furnished to suit the parties; house in splendid condition; good references required.

5TH AV., CORNER 31ST ST.

Very choice suites of apartments on parlor and second floors, with private table; house and table first-class. Apply to owner and occupant, No. 299 5th av.; references exchanged.

A FAMILY OF REFINEMENT WILL LET their second floor entire to a party of gentlemen, or a family, with or without board, or private table; house and location are first-class; references exchanged. For particulars call at No. 170 West 23d st.

PARTIES DESIRING ROOMS, WITH OR without board, private table if desired, can obtain full particulars, location, price, &c. free. Apply to COLES & HUBBARD, agents, No. 64 West 33d st.

FULLY AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHED third story, splendid order, low rent, to satisfactory party, (cars pass.) Apply at No. 503 West 23d st., adjacent to London Terrace.

NO. 54 EAST 9TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY— Large, handsomely-furnished rooms on first, second, and third floors; terms reasonable; references exchanged.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences, for gentlemen without board, at No. 61 Clinton place, second house east of 5th av. and Brevoort House.

NO. 4 WEST 22D ST.

To let, with board, a handsome suite of rooms, separately or together; also double and single rooms for gentlemen; table first-class; references exchanged.

NO. 471 WEST 23D ST.—A WELL-FURNISHED parlor and bed-room adjoining to let, with good board and pleasant location; to two gentlemen or gentleman and wife; also, single rooms for gentlemen only.

FORTY-FIFTH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—A PRIVATE family is desirous of renting, with board, a floor of newly and handsomely furnished rooms. Address A. B., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

NO. 12 GRAMERCY PLACE.

A variety of apartments, single and en suite, to let to first-class parties, with board; house facing the park, with privilege of same.

SEVENTEENTH ST., NO. 61, WEST.—HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, with every convenience and board of the first character, for parties who desire a refined home.

NO. 1,160 BROADWAY.—FOR RENT, SUITES of rooms, suitable for bachelors heated by steam, with baths, &c. Also, basement, suited for carpet, shoe, or trunk business. Apply on premises.

FIFTH AV., NO. 351.—PARLOR FLOOR HANDSOMELY furnished, with piano, private bath, and drying-room attached; with or without private table; terms moderate; small family.

FIFTH AV., NO. 295.—MRS. HALL WILL LET superior apartments en suite, with all modern conveniences, to select families, with private table only; references exchanged.

NO. 35 EAST 22D ST.—TO LET WITH FIRST-CLASS Board, handsome second-story Room; also two other pleasant Rooms; table boarders taken; references exchanged.

METROPOLITAN BOARDERS' DIRECTORY, No. 1,193 Broadway.—Rooms and suites to let with and without board; all localities and prices. Particulars, prices and services without charge.

NO. 24 EAST 47TH ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS, en suite or singly, with first-class board, near Windsor Hotel; every attention paid to permanent parties; references exchanged.

NO. 3 WEST 39TH ST., FIRST HOUSE WEST of 5th av.—Magnificently-furnished apartments, en suite and single; table and appointments first class; references.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH ST.—HANDSOME PARLOR and bed-room on parlor floor, with or without private table; third story, five rooms, without private table; references.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK FOR FINE ROOMS, with good board, for families or single persons, at No. 158 Bleecker st., near Broadway. Two lines of cars pass the house.

FIFTH AV., NO. 164.

Two furnished floors of six rooms, bath, &c., to rent, entire or as single rooms. Breakfast if desired.

NO. 311 MADISON AV.

An elegant second floor, with private table; house entirely first-class; highest reference.

NO. 265 4TH AV.,

Corner 21st st.—Nicely-furnished rooms, with board, to gentlemen and wives and single gentlemen.

NO. 16 EAST 23D ST.,

opposite Madison Park, large front room on fourth story, also third-story back room. References exchanged.

NO. 9 WEST 29TH ST.

Handsomely-furnished rooms,
with board; references.

NO. 250 MADISON AV.

One small suite of rooms,
with or without private table.

NO. 19 EAST 46TH ST.,

Near the "Windsor," second and third story front alcove rooms to let, with board; references exchanged.

NO. 121 EAST 23D ST.

Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board, en suite or singly; house, location, &c., first-class; references.

NO. 156 WEST 14TH ST.—FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with board, at moderate prices; references required.

NO. 248 LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 35TH ST.— Large pleasant room to rent, with board; house and location first class; references.

NO. 214 EAST 20TH ST.—A WELL-FURNISHED room, on second floor, in a private family, with or without board; bath, gas, closets, &c.; references.

FIFTH AV., NO. 341.—MRS. SEAVER, HAVING completed the renovation of her house, offers suites of apartments, with private table, or without board.

ELEGANT ROOMS, EN SUITE OR SINGLY, with or without board, at No. 47 West 22d st.

NO. 2 WEST 39TH ST., FIRST HOUSE FROM 5th av.—Neatly-furnished suite of apartments, the first floor, with private table.

NO. 3 ASHLAND PLACE, (PERRY ST.,) NEATLY furnished rooms to let, with board, on second and third floors, also back parlor and extension.

MRS. EATON, NOS. 12 AND 14 5TH AV.— One suite of rooms, second floor; also, one suite on third floor; private table if desired.

NO. 33 WEST 33D ST.—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED third floor room for gentleman and wife, with board.

TWO SUITES OF HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms to let, with excellent board; location No. 141 West 14th st.; references given and required.

NO. 36 WEST 39TH ST.—ONE LARGE ROOM, handsomely furnished, with board; references given and required.

THIRTY-FOURTH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.— To let, with board, rooms for families and large hall room for a gentleman. No. 150 West 34th st.

NO. 347 5TH AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH first-class table. Unexceptionable references given and required.

NO. 27 EAST 24TH ST.—A SMALL PRIVATE family would let a nicely furnished room; closets, &c., with or without board; terms reasonable.

NO. 91 EAST 22D ST.—TWO LARGE SUNNY rooms to let with board; also, a small one.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER

Begins at 8; over at 11.

FIFTH AND LAST WEEK

Of Octave Feuillet's and G. F. Rowe's wonderful play,

THE

SPHINX.

Notwithstanding the

IMMENSE AUDIENCES

nightly attracted to witness the performance of this MARVELOUS PLAY, the management are now compelled to withdraw it, in order to fulfill a design long since formed for the revival of a STANDARD ENGLISH PLAY before the close of Miss Clara Morris' present engagement. They have, therefore, placed in rehearsal and will produce with an immensely-powerful cast, and with all the sumptuous elegance for which this theatre is distinguished, on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 26, Sheridan Knowles' beautiful play of

THE HUNCHBACK.

Characters by Miss CLARA MORRIS, (her first appearance as Julia,) Miss KATE CLAXTON, (her first appearance as Helen, and first appearance this season,) Mr. CHARLES R. THORNE, Jr., (his first appearance this season,) Mr. FREDERIC ROBINSON, Mr. STUART ROBSON, (his first appearance this season,) Mr. OWEN MARLOWE, Mr. T. E. MORRIS, Mr. Mr. H. IRVING, JOHN MATHEWS, Mr. W. H. WILDER, and others.

SATURDAY, OCT. 24, LAST MATINEE OF THE SPHINX.

Box-sheet for HUNCHBACK nights now open.

STEINWAY HALL. THEO. THOMAS' SYMPHONY CONCERTS and PUBLIC REHEARSALS.

In announcing the eighth season of

THEODORE THOMAS'
SERIES OF SIX
SYMPHONY CONCERTS,

the management takes pleasure in stating that in compliance with numerous requests made for several years past, Mr. Thomas has decided to give one full

PUBLIC AFTERNOON REHEARSAL

two days in advance of each concert. It is believed that this arrangement will not only meet the wishes of many lovers of art who are prevented by distance and other obstacles from attending the evening performances, but will add to the value and attractiveness of the concerts themselves in a manner which every amateur and student of music will at once appreciate.

THE FIRST SYMPHONY CONCERT WILL TAKE PLACE
SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 7, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THE FIRST PUBLIC REHEARSAL WILL TAKE PLACE
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 5, AT 2:30 O'CLOCK.
PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS.

To Symphony Concerts, with Reserved Seat......$8 00
To Public Rehearsals, with Reserved Seat.......4 00

The sale of Subscription Tickets, with Reserved Seats for either the Symphony Concerts or Public Rehearsals, or for both, will commence on MONDAY MORNING, Oct. 26, at the Box Office of Steinway Hall.

SUBSCRIBERS,

destrous of having the same seats during the season, can select them at the Box Office of Steinway Hall, on and after Oct. 26. Circulars can be obtained at all the principal Music Stores and Piano Warerooms.

LYCEUM THEATRE. MISS NEILSON.

M. GRAU and CHIZZOLA..........Lessees and Managers

Miss NEILSON,
Miss NEILSON,
Miss NEILSON.

ONLY REPRESENTATIONS THIS SEASON.
EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE,
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

Beatrice..........Miss NEILSON
Hero..........Miss ROSE ST. CLAIR
Benedict..........Mr. J. H. BARNES
Don Pedro..........Mr. G. B. WALDRON
Dogberry..........Mr. VINING BOWERS

New scenery by Calyo & Brothers; an incidental CHARACTER DANCE in Act II. The play produced under the direction of Mr. D. W. Waller.

In preparation ROMEO AND JULIET.

Nov. 2.—SOLDENE'S ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, OR AMERICAN ITALY.

THE NEW LAND OF PROMISE.

Two Hundred Photographic Views of Southern or semi-tropical California, magnified by the Stereopticon 20 feet square, illustrating two lectures on this "New Italy" of America, by J. A. JOHNSON, editor and proprietor of the Santa Barbara *Press*, and of the *Illustrated Weekly Press*, of Southern California, at COOPER INSTITUTE HALL, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY NIGHTS, OCT. 27 and 28. These views exhibit, nearly life size, the orange groves, almond orchards, vineyards, cities, old missions, &c., &c., of that delightful region. Also, views of the Yosemite, San Francisco, the Golden Gate, &c. The Chicago *Tribune* says of the lecture and views: "It made one feel as if there, reveling in the luxuries of that wonderful region." Chicago *Times*: "It is very comprehensive and interesting." San Francisco *Alta*: "The utmost interest was manifested, not only in the views, but also in the vivid descriptions given." Admission, 50 cents. See Programmes. Doors open at 7:30. To commence at 8.

HEPWORTH DIXON.

CHURCH OF THE DISCIPLES, Madison av. and 45th st., TUESDAY, Oct. 20, at 8 o'clock.

Preceding the lecture, at 7:15 o'clock, there will be a grand ORGAN CONCERT, by Mr. WILLIS C. SHELTON, the young amateur, assisted by Mr. ARBUCKLE, the distinguished cornet player. Tickets can be obtained at the theatre ticket offices, Fifth Avenue, Windsor, and Grand Union Hotels.

Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 75 cents.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S

THIS

Evening at 8:	Afternoon at 2:
LUCILLE WESTERN.	JENNIE MORTON
EAST	in
LYNNE.	MAB.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, 23D ST.

EVERY EVENING at 8, SATURDAY MATINEE at 2.

The world famous BRYANT'S MINSTRELS, Dave Reed, Nelse Seymour, Bob Hart, W. H. Brockway, Hogan, Emerson, DAN BRYANT, W. Henry Rice.

FINE ARTS.

YEWELL'S GREAT PICTURE, INTERIOR of the Senate Chamber in the Ducal Palace at Venice, now on exhibition, free, at SCHAUS' Gallery, No. 749 Broadway.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 4 EAST 29TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND Madison avs.—Handsomely furnished parlor floor, with or without private table; also room on third floor, with board.

NO. 36 EAST 21ST ST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED suite of rooms, liberal table, and comforts of a refined home; private table if desired; also one square room.

A SECOND FLOOR, WITH PRIVATE TABLE; also, rooms for gentlemen without board; references. Apply at No. 38 East 20th st., near Broadway.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST ST.—AN ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED second floor together or separately; private table if required.

FIFTH AV., NO. 297.—A DESIRABLE SUITE OF apartments, with private table, private bath, &c.; reference.

NO. 117 WEST 34TH ST.—AN ELEGANT SUITE of apartments, handsomely furnished, to let, with private table. References given and required.

A SUITE OF FOUR ROOMS, WITH BOARD; would be separated; references. No. 58 West 19th st.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED.—BY TWO MARRIED COUPLES, their mother and two children; at least three rooms; in genteel neighborhood and family; some private family wishing to reduce their expenses for the Winter will find this an excellent opportunity; replies to this must give full particulars, price, &c., or no attention paid them. Address G., box 3,874 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED.—A SINGLE GENTLEMAN wants one or two pleasant rooms, with board, above 20th st.; price not more than $20 a week; references must be unexceptionable; a cultivated and religious private family preferred. Address by letter Room No. 31, Bible House, Astor place.

BOARD WANTED FROM NOV. 1, IN PRIVATE family, genteel locality, for three adults, a lad aged twelve, and infant; two rooms connecting. Address, with price per month, HALLETT, Post Office Box No. 4,175 New-York.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until Friday, at 10 o'clock A. M., the 13th of November, 1874, for the delivery of 100 tons American or Russian hemp at the Charleston Navy-Yard, subject there to the usual inspection and Government tests.

Samples of the quality required can be seen at the Commandant's office at the said Navy-Yard, where all information can be obtained.

The Bureau reserves the right to reject any or all the bids, if it is deemed best for the interests of the Government.

Any of the hemp that is rejected is to be immediately removed from the Navy-Yard, and will remain there at the bidder's risk until removal.

WM. REYNOLDS, Chief of Bureau.

FOR BUILDING A RESERVOIR AND PUBLIC HIGHWAY IN PUTNAM COUNTY.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Department of Public Works until 12 o'clock, noon, Oct. 28, 1874, for building a storage reservoir on middle branch of Croton River in the town of South East, Putnam County. Also for constructing a public highway on the east side of the storage reservoir at Boyd's Corners, Putnam County.

For particulars see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
CASTLE GARDEN, NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLYING the State Emigrant Institutions, on Ward's Island, with CONDENSED MILK for six months, from Nov. 1, will be received at Castle Garden until 1 o'clock, Tuesday, Oct. 27. The board reserves the right to reject any and all proposals if not deemed for the interest of the commission. Proposals must be addressed "To the Commissioners of Emigration, Castle Garden, New-York," and marked, "Proposals for Condensed Milk."

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR BEST BURNT ENGLISH Portland Cement.—Sealed proposals for furnishing 7,000 barrels of Fresh Burnt English Portland Cement will be received at the office of the Department of Docks until 11 o'clock A. M., of Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1874. For full information see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

TO-DAY AT ONE O'CLOCK.

GRAND CHARITY DRAMATIC FESTIVAL,

Under the management of Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY.

In aid of
THE FOUNDLING ASYLUM,
Under the care of the SISTERS OF CHARITY.

At 1 o'clock—Overture: By the Fifth Avenue Orchestra.

At 1:15—Mr. FISHER, Mr. CLARKE, Mr. JAMES and Miss DAVENPORT in the fourth act of THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

At 2 o'clock—Mr. FREDERIC MACCABE in a selection from his entertainment, BEGONE, DULL CARE.

At 2:30—Miss CLARA MORRIS, Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON, Mr. FREDERIC ROBINSON, Mr. PARSELLE, and Mr. PEAKES in the last act of THE SPHINX, by permission of Mr. Sheridan Shook and A. M. Palmer, Esq.

At 3 o'clock—THE NINTH REGIMENT BAND, led by Major D. L. DOWNING, in a grand selection from Meyerbeer's Melodies.

At 3:15—Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. HARRY BECKETT, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. LEONARD, by kind permission of Mr. LESTER WALLACK, in the second act of PARTNERS FOR LIFE.

At 4 o'clock—HARRIGAN AND HART in their great specialty, PATRICK'S DAY PARADE, by permission of Mr. JOSH HART.

At 4:15—A selection from the programme of the SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, including the Burlesque Lecture of Mr. AD. RYMAN, and the popular song and dance of Messrs. MACKIN AND WILSON.

At 4:30—THE FIFTH AVENUE COMPANY in THE CRITIC, including Mr. JAMES LEWIS, Mr. W. DAVIDGE, Mr. FAWCETT, Mr. JENNINGS, Mr. PARKES, Mr. SOL RUSSELL, Miss FANNY DAVENPORT, Miss EMILY RIGL, Miss NINA VARIAN.

Doors open at 12 o'clock. Admission, $1; reserved seats, $2.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. MLLE. ALBANI.

STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA.

*** The free list entirely suspended. ***

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 21,
eleventh subscription night.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA OF

Mlle. EMMA ALBANI.

In presenting the name of the youngest and most illustrious of American prime donne, Mlle. EMMA ALBANI, Mr. Strakosch desires to congratulate the patrons of the opera upon the opportunity now accorded of bestowing their generous approbation upon an American artiste who has, in the first opera-houses of the world—in Florence, Paris, St. Petersburg, and London—successfully disputed the supremacy with the greatest living lyric tragediennes, and who, notwithstanding her youth, has already enriched herself with the combined repertoires of her renowned sisters in art, PAULINE LUCCA, CHRISTINE NILSSON, and ADELINA PATTI.

Confident that his efforts to render the season of 1874-75, if possible, more brilliant than the memorable one of last year will continue to elicit the same liberal encouragement that the patrons of the opera have heretofore accorded to him, the Director has not hesitated to assume the extraordinary expenses involved by this engagement, in order that New-York may enjoy the advantage of Mlle. ALBANI'S talents.

TO-MORROW EVENING,
Bellini's opera, in three acts,
LA SONNAMBULA.

Mlle. EMMA ALBANI..........as..........Amina
Signor BENFRATELLI..........as..........Elvino
Signor FIORINI..........as..........Count Rudolpho

Miss COONEY, Mme. WIEGAND, Signor MARINI, and Signor CAPRA.

Musical Director and Conductor..........Signor E. MUZIO

THURSDAY, Oct. 22, Brooklyn Academy, RUY BLAS.

FRIDAY, Oct. 23, second appearance of Mlle. ALBANI, in LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.

SATURDAY, Oct. 24, fourth grand matinée, RUY BLAS.

Boxes and seats secured for any of the above performances at the Academy of Music, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and No. 114 Broadway.

DALY'S FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

28th st. and Broadway. Begins at 8, over at 10:45.

Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY..........Proprietor and Manager

ENTHUSIASTIC SUCCESS of the NEW AMERICAN DRAMA by the author of SARATOGA!

MOORCROFT; OR, THE DOUBLE WEDDING.

Cyril Moorcroft and Alfred Lavergne....Mr. D. H. Harkins
Russell Moorcroft..........Mr. Louis James
Harrington Gawtry..Mr. George Clarke
Buckert..........Mr. James Lewis
Pete, afterward Pierre..........Mr. J. W. Jennings
Mr. Peters..........Mr. W. Davidge
John Moorcroft..........Mr. Ringgold
Dennis..........Mr. Owen Fawcett
The present Mrs. Peters...Mr. Sol Russel
Belle Van Renssellaer, Miss Fanny Davenport
Katherine Mordaunt......Annie Graham
Virginia St. John..........Sara Jewett
Marie..........Emily Rigl
Joanna..........Nina Varian

MOORCROFT MATINEE, SATURDAY, AT 1:30.

*** IN REHEARSAL for early and costly revival, A NEW ARRANGEMENT of the famous comedy entitled THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM, which will be given with unique scenic effects, elaborate costumes, and a remarkable cast.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE,

2d and 3d avs., between 63d and 64th sts., New-York.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

Grand Concerts by Full Orchestra.

A combination of

INSTRUCTION and AMUSEMENT

Hundreds of
WONDERFUL MACHINES AT WORK.
The Grandest Display of America's Industrial Skill ever brought together.

ADMISSION ONLY 50 CENTS. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
OPEN FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 10 P. M.

Owing to the rush of enormous crowds after 7 P. M., the managers suggest that those who desire to make critical examinations should visit the exhibition between the hours of 10 and 12 and 2 and 5, during which hours the vast machinery is in full motion.

PARK THEATRE.

SIXTH WEEK
of the
GREAT SUCCESS OF

JOHN T. RAYMOND......as......Col. Mulberry Sellers

in

MARK TWAIN'S AMERICAN DRAMA,
THE THEATRICAL TOPIC,
THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT.

Seats secured ten days in advance.
Order carriages at 10:30.

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THURSDAY, OCT. 22, AT 8 P. M.

BAYARD TAYLOR,

WILL DELIVER HIS NEW LECTURE ON ANCIENT EGYPT.

Admission, 75 cents; with seat, $1.

For sale at Steinway Hall, Academy, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway; Mitchell & Seixas, No. 908 Broadway, and at the hotels.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

On and after TUESDAY, 20th inst., at 9 A. M., season tickets and reserved seats for six concerts and eighteen rehearsals, will be sold at Messrs. G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; C. Heuser's, No. 841 Broadway; Martens Bros'., No. 1,164 Broadway; W. A. Pond's, No. 39 Union square, and at the office of the Secretary, No. 302 5th st.

The boxes will be sold at the Academy on THURSDAY, 22d inst., at 3 P. M., by A. H. Muller, Esq., auctioneer. Entrance on 14th st.

D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

NIBLO'S. C. R. THORNE, Lessee and Manager.

Reconstruction of the DELUGE; or, PARADISE LOST.

Betty Rennelsberg, Julia Seaman, Boissett Family, Kiralfy Sisters, Lilly McDonald, Le Jeune Bonney, Ulm sisters, the Schottee Sisters, 200 Ladies of the Ballet, and Warriors and Amazons. Matinée on Saturday.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

BIRCH, WAMBOLD, AND BACKUS,
NEW OPERA-HOUSE, BROADWAY, CORNER 29TH ST.,
"MARRIED LIFE UP-TOWN,"
AND AN ENTIRE NEW BILL THIS WEEK.
Matinée Saturday, at 2 P. M. Reserved Seats $1.

ROBINSON HALL,

16th st., between Broadway and 5th av.
KALIRADAYNAI;
Or, Mysteries of Ancient Mythology.
THE CAN-CAN AND FEMALE MINSTRELS.

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE ALUMNI OF COLUMBIA College Law School will be held on Oct. 30, 1874, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the building corner Great Jones st. and Lafayette place, for the purpose of adopting a constitution and by-laws.

JAMES R. ADAMS, President.
W. W. LADD,
W. D. FOULKE, } Committee.
R. A. VAN WICK,

ST. LUKE'S HOME FOR AGED AND INDIGENT FEMALES.—The anniversary meeting will take place TO-DAY, (Tuesday,) at the Home, on the corner of Madison av. and 89th st., at 2 P. M. Addresses will be made and the reports for the year read. St. Thomas' choir will assist. The public are cordially invited to attend.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB.—A regular weekly meeting of this Club will be held TO-DAY, (Tuesday,) at 1 P. M., at the rooms of the Institute, in the Cooper Building. All interested in agricultural improvement are invited to attend.

NATHAN C. ELY, President.

JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF marble and marbleized mantels, all kinds of floor tiling, monuments, head-stones, slabs for plumbers and cabinet-makers, now offered at S. KLABER & CO.'S Steam Marble Works, Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st st., near Broadway.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND Wood Mantels. Rich and elegant designs at the lowest prices. 220 and 222 West 23d st., bet. 7th and 8th avs.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.—AN EXTENSIVE stock of marble and marbleized mantels, and all other marble work. Marble-turning for the trade. A. KLABER, 134 East 18th st., near 3d av., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK

TUESDAY, Oct. 20, will be produced Sheridan's great Comedy,

THE RIVALS,

with Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. HARRY BECKETT, Mr. EDWARD ARNOTT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. W. CARROLL, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. C. E. EDWIN, Mr. W. J. LEONARD, Mr. J. PECK, Miss JEFFRIES LEWIS, Mme. PONISI, Miss DORA GOLDTHWAITE, and Miss KATE BARTLETT, in the characters portrayed by them with such remarkable success last season.

Mr. H. J. Montague having recovered from his late severe accident, the first representation of Mr. Lester Wallack's and Mr. Pierrepont Edwards' adaptation from Octave Feuillet's great drama,

THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN,

will be on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 21.

This fine play will be produced with the greatest care and completeness, and will introduce

Mr. H. J. MONTAGUE

in his second impersonation before the New-York public. In the same play

Miss ADA DYAS

will make her first appearance in Wallack's Theatre. The cast will also include:

Mr. JOHN GILBERT, | Mr. J. B. POLK,
Mr. J. W. CARROLL, | Mr. E. M. HOLLAND,
Mr. G. F. BROWNE, | Miss EFFIE GERMON,
Miss IONE BURKE, | Mme. PONISI,
Mrs. JOHN SEFTON.

Due notice will be given of the first appearance of Mr. DION BOUCICAULT, in his NEW IRISH DRAMA, which is now in active preparation.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.

MISS CUSHMAN'S FAREWELL.

JARRETT & PALMER announce with especial pride that the

FAREWELL APPEARANCES ON THE DRAMATIC STAGE

of the eminent Tragedienne,

☞ MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN, ☜

will occur in Booth's Theatre, under their management, beginning this week.

in the Grand Tragedy of

HENRY VIII,

Miss CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN as QUEEN KATHARINE, with the support of the distinguished Scholar, Author, Actor,

MR. GEORGE VANDENHOFF,

(who will appear as "Cardinal Woolsey") and a complete Shakespearean organization.

*** In preparation for early production, MACBETH, and GUY MANNERING, when will be afforded the additional aid of a magnificent CHORUS OF OVER 100 MIXED VOICES. MACBETH will be given on NEXT SATURDAY EVENING.

*** Seats can always be secured in advance.

MACCABE. STEINWAY HALL. MACCABE.

Every evening at 8. Matinée Saturday at 2.

Frederic Maccabe,

in his original entertainment,
"BEGONE DULL CARE."

The daily and weekly press of New-York, have unanimously pronounced this to be the GREATEST SUCCESS ever achieved by a Monologue performer.

Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Reserved seats can be obtained at Steinway Hall, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; No. 114 Broadway; Schuberth's, No. 23 Union square, and at all the principal hotels.

MACCABE—THE HUMORIST, IN HIS DUAL PERSONATION of the WANDERING MINSTRELS.

The greatest hit in character-acting known to the stage, received nightly with enthusiastic approbation, and will be presented at every performance during the present week at STEINWAY HALL.

Y. M. C. A.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE.
MEMBERS' COURSE
of
HISTORICAL, LITERARY, AND SCIENTIFIC LECTURES
By the following eminent persons,
FRIDAY EVENINGS:

October 23—President M. B. Anderson, LL. D., of Rochester.
October 30—George Dawson, of Birmingham, Eng.
November 6—George Vandenhoff.
November 13—Prof. Sheppard, of Chicago.
November 20—Mrs. Leonowens.
November 27—Rev. H. M. Gallaher.
December 4—Dr. J. G. Holland.
December 11—Prof. W. S. Andrews.
December 18—Prof. J. S. Newberry.
January 8—Rev. Edward Eggleston, D. D.
January 15—Rev. E. L. Magoon, D. D.
January 22—Rev. Thomas K. Beecher.
January 29—Grand Musical and Optical Entertainment under direction of Mr. G. G. Rockwood.

Full tickets of membership ($5) admit member and one lady without charge to the course.

A limited number of course tickets will be sold at $3 each. Single admission tickets 50 cents each.

No reserved seats.

COLOSSEUM. BROADWAY AND 35TH ST.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY AT 2:30 AND 8 P. M.

PROF. O'REARDON'S	The Great Cyclorama, MIDNIGHT STORM over PARIS.	MRS. JARLEY'S
TUMBLERONICON.	New attractions in the LECTORIUM.	WAX WORKS.

POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Every matinée (excepting Saturday,) 50c.; children, 25c.
Every evening and Saturday matinée, 75c.; children, 40c.

OLYMPIC. NO. 624 BROADWAY.

VAUDEVILLE | VARIETIES OF IMMENSE BILL. | AMERICA.

GENEVIEVE

GUS WILLIAMS, Rickey and Barney, Alice Harrison, Bath of the Innocents, Deardons, Velocipedists; Billons, Ballet, and 100 artists in song, dance, and farce.

The crème de la crème of specialty, novelty, and variety.

Every EVENING at 7:45, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES at 2 o'clock.

DE BRAVANT.

BILLIARDS. TAMMANY HALL, TUESDAY, OCT. 20, 1874.

COMPLIMENTARY TESTIMONIAL
TO WM. COOK, CHAMPION OF ALL ENGLAND,

Tendered by A. P. Rudolphe, F. Ubassy, Joseph Dion, Maurice Daly, Cyrille Dion, M. Vignaud, and Al. Garnier, Champion. During the evening there will be test games by all of the above players, aided by the beneficiary, Mr. Cook. Tickets, $1—to be had at all the leading Billiard Halls. GAME TO COMMENCE AT 8 P. M.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Second week and continued success of the
WARM SPRING INDIANS,
KIT CARSON,
BROKEN SWORD.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of George W. Croney and Lorenzo Tuttle, Bankrupts.—No. 4,547.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss. The undersigned, assignee in bankruptcy of the estate and effects of the said bankrupts, hereby gives notice that on the 15th day of July, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at number three hundred and twenty-two (322) Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 6, by Robert Somerville, Auctioneer, he will sell at public auction all the right, title, and interest of the said Lorenzo Tuttle, in the estate of Betsey Kinner, late of Norwalk, in the County of Fairfield, and State of Connecticut, deceased. Also, a large number of debts, accounts and claims owing by various parties to the said George W. Croney and Lorenzo Tuttle, as partners under the name and firm of Croney & Tuttle, the bankrupts above-named, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of Six Hundred Dollars, or thereabouts. The particulars of which can be ascertained by inquiring of the undersigned, at his office, No. 753 Broadway, in the City of New-York, or at the office of the Register aforesaid, No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the day of said sale.

Dated June 22, 1874.

ABRAHAM LENT,
Assignee, &c., of Croney & Tuttle, Bankrupts.

The above sale is postponed to 21st of October, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 6.

ABRAHAM LENT,
Assignee, &c.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE H. SHELDON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by George S. Sheldon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 10th day of November, 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 19th day of October, 1874.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD E. HATCH, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, at chambers of the said District Court, before James F. Dwight, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 7 Beekman street, in the City of New-York, and show cause why the prayer of said petition of the said bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, Oct. 19, 1874.

O20-law3wTu* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 4,935.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DANIEL JACKSON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York, the — day of —, A. D. 1874. To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Daniel Jackson, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors by the District Court of said district.

ROBERT W. COLFAX,
Chester, Orange County, N. Y., Assignee.

o13-law3wTu.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BERNARD BERMAN and ELIAS OLENICK, bankrupts.—The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will sell at public auction the stock of men's furnishing goods and fixtures belonging to the estate of said bankrupts, at the auction house of William Topping & Co., No. 132 Church street, in the City of New-York, on the 4th day of November, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M.

GEORGE CHAPMAN, Assignee.

o13-law3wTu*

New-York, Oct. 5, 1874.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of ABRAHAM LYONS and ISAAC B. ABRAHAMS, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district. The sale of their stock will take place at No. 299 Broadway, Oct. 27 at 11 o'clock A. M.

E. MITTELSTAEDT, Assignee.

LOCAL POLITICS.

THE WAR AGAINST TAMMANY.

THE MOVEMENT GROWING—THE PEOPLE DETERMINED NOT TO BE GOVERNED BY A GAMBLER—DISSENSIONS AMONG THE RANK AND FILE OF KELLY'S PARTY —THE MASS-MEETING.

The Tammany leaders are boasting that the people of this City are utterly helpless to defeat their candidates for Mayor and Register. John Morrissey points sneeringly to the patented majority of his organization—apparently unconscious of the fact that the magnate who created it is locked up in the Penitentiary—and that his successor, who shares with the prize-fighter the glory of ruling the baser relics of the old Ring, has been charged by Mayor Havemeyer with corruption during a series of years. Mr. Morrissey is of the opinion that there is not sufficient time left to organize all the opposition against his rule—opposition now in temporary atoms, but which, consolidated, would proclaim to the world that the Metropolis of the Union shall not be governed by a notorious gambler. The daring prize-fighter, however, has not calculated upon the latent strength to be developed against his sway. Were it not for the disgust and contempt which his name, in connection with our local politics, has created, that strength would have been displayed before this in its overwhelming magnitude, and he would have been forced to retreat as hastily as if the officers of the law had him in sight, while some bleeding antagonist, after the manner of defeated pugilists, was "throwing up the sponge" to escape death. If he had been gifted with a fair memory he would have never invited the shocking and brutal spectacle of his past life, and of his present one, as a persistent gambler, to be arrayed before a forgetful public as the natural result of his attempt to make a criminal, in his own person, the leader of a party. It is a curious fact that Mr. Morrissey decided that "Jimmy" Hayes should be nominated for Register in a room in the new Court House where Judges of the Oyer and Terminer have repeatedly charged Grand Juries to make diligent inquiries into the crime of gambling—a duty specially enjoined upon them by law. But Mr. Morrissey can afford to laugh at their prosy efforts, as if they were the mere poetry of reform, for he is now engaged in the task, which certainly ought to be uncongenial to him, of nominating Judges to succeed those whose terms will expire next year. He will not reign long. The movement now in progress promises to seal his fate as the chief of Tammany forever. Even in his own ranks there are discords which promise to injure, if not ruin, the prospects of his candidates. Prominent Democrats in five districts on which Tammany relied for a large portion of her strength are demoralized, and ready to battle in or outside of the Tammany fold; and whether their opposition is manifested by a fire in the rear or in front, with men of every party against Morrissey, it will be felt equally, and the victory will be the same. It should be stated here that the present movement against Morrissey as the ruler of this City does not at all represent all the elements that are preparing to unite with it, and which will be heard from before the election.

The mass-meeting at the Cooper Institute to-night is looked forward to with much interest and considerable apprehension by the two Johns, and those attached to their fortunes. The German Democrats, who have been so often snubbed by Tammany, are especially dreaded. It is feared that they will turn out en masse to attend the meeting, and that a spirit of enthusiasm will be awakened among them that will carry the entire German vote over to the opponents of the Tammany candidates. Already unscrupulous men in Tammany Hall, encouraged by Kelly and Morrissey, are concocting plans to disturb the harmony of the meeting. Rowdies have been employed to mix in the assemblage, and to interrupt and turn the proceedings, if possible, into ridicule. As a matter of precaution, the organizers of the Anti-Tammany movement will call upon the Police Department to-day for a sufficient force of men to insure order and a free and untrammeled expression of sentiment.

FACTION QUARRELS IN THE SEVERAL ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS—THE WORK OF THE COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION.

The spirit of rebellion in the Tammany party has been very apparent during the week at the meetings of the Committee on Organization, comprising twenty-three members of the General Committee. This body has been sitting as a sort of court for the adjudication of the claims of the factions in the different Assembly Districts and the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards. John Kelly is the presiding officer of the committee, and John Morrissey is always present as the power behind the throne. The war of factions in the First, Sixth, Sixteenth, and Twentieth Assembly Districts has occupied the attention of the Tammany "Star Chamber" for several days, and it has been found impossible to heal the dissensions in those districts and to make the belligerent spirits obey the behests of their two masters and work for the election of the men who have been chosen for them. When the committee met, yesterday afternoon, the entrances to the rooms in Tammany Hall where the meeting was held were besieged by representatives of the different parties. Sentiments of disgust at the character of the nominations made were freely expressed, and there appeared to be among those who were awaiting the result of the deliberations of the committee a determination to vote and electioneer in behalf of favorite candidates for Assemblymen and Aldermen in the various districts, without regard to the approval or disapproval of the leaders. There was, however, a sort of vague hope indulged by each of the opposing factions that the committee would decide in their favor, or that something would be done to harmonize their differences. Several representatives of the newly-annexed territory were loud in their denunciations of Mr. Henry D. Purroy, a young man and a member of the Committee on Organization, who has been nominated for Alderman in the Eighth Senatorial District. One of these malcontents avowed that the sole reason for the nomination of the candidate last mentioned was because he was the friend and school "chum" of the son of John Kelly. The candidate, it was asserted, was unknown in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards, and his vote would be much smaller in those wards than that cast for the State and County ticket. Others in attendance on the committee expressed themselves in sarcastic terms in reference to Wickham, Hayes, and other nominees of the party, and considered them the least worthy and most unpopular men that could have been selected. The committee adjourned at about 6 P. M., and there was a general rush into the committee-room by the crowd eager to get intelligence of what had been done. The reporters present, by making inquiry among the members of the committee and those who appeared before it, ascertained that in the First Assembly District, where Nicholas Muller, James Healey, John F. Berrigan, and Michael Madigan are all candidates for the Tammany nomination for the Assembly, the matters in dispute were referred to a subcommittee of five, and the Assembly convention in that district is to be postponed. This subcommittee consists of Peter B. Olney, Senators Ledwith and Jacob A. Goss, William A. Boyd, and Henry A. Gumbleton. In the Sixth District, where Timothy J. Campbell and Matthew Patten are bitter rivals for the Assembly nomination, the committee agreed that both men should run as Tammany candidates for the office. The troubles in the Sixteenth Assembly District, where there is a fierce quarrel raging between Peter Woods and Maurice J. Power, Chairman of the district Committee, were found to be very perplexing. Mr. Woods appeared before the committee, and proposed that he should be nominated for the Assembly, and that Power should be compelled to resign his position as Chairman of the local organization. The committee wanted Power and Woods to sign a paper promising to support the county nominations. Power agreed to do so, but Woods declined for the present. It was finally decided that the report of a committee which had been appointed to hear the complaints of the two factions led by Woods and Power to the effect that the difficulty must be left to the Democrats of the district for settlement, was adopted. In the Twentieth Assembly District, where Sheriff Conner and John D. Coughlin head opposing factions, the differences were referred to the District General Committee for its action. In this district, Mr. Coughlin who is strongly advocated by Dr. Feodore Mierson, is a candidate for the Assembly nomination, and Sheriff Conner supports Michael J. Tuomey, who was a candidate for the nomination for Alderman in the Tammany Convention of the Eighth Senatorial District, and who was defeated. Mr. William T. Pelton, a nephew of Samuel J. Tilden, was present during a part of the proceedings of the Committee.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE MASS-MEETING TO-NIGHT.

The opponents of Tammany are more active than ever, and seem determined to make Morrissey and Kelly feel that the citizens of a great metropolis like New-York are not at the back of such leaders as Tammany is controlled by. The people's movement gains ground daily, and persons who were inclined to be apathetic, seeing nothing in the issues to call out their suffrages, are now convinced of the necessity of stirring themselves as good Democrats to rid the party of the odious incubus imposed upon it by such fellows as Morrissey and Kelly. When a man like Hayes is nominated for the important office of Register life-long Democrats are convinced of the necessity of doing something to purge the party of the elements that begat him and put him in his present position. Therefore the People's Liberal Democratic Party is gaining new accessions daily, and its executive committee deem the prospects for a successful convention to-night very bright. The intention is to nominate a popular ticket which shall contain the names of honest and trusty men, untainted by contact with the vicious politicians of these days. With this view the committees have been in session for the past few days making preparation for to-night's mass-meeting, selecting its officers, and discussing candidates. Yesterday, at Delmonico's, the Committee on Resolutions attended to their part of the business, and notified the several gentlemen chosen of the duties required to-night of them. The permanent Chairman will be either Judge Clerke, J. J. Cisco, or Mr. Van Schaick.

In the afternoon the Conference Committee met and adjourned without having done anything of any importance. In the evening the main body, or Committee on Organization, met at Germania Assembly Rooms, and tickets to the Cooper Institute meeting were distributed to the delegates. In this connection it is proper to state that the body of the hall will be thrown open to the public. The issue of tickets is made merely to secure the delegates admission through the stage entrance. The organization in each of the Assembly Districts is complete, and it is announced that one of these gentlemen will receive the nomination for Mayor: H. K. Thurber, R. Phelps, W. H. Neilson, and Oswald Ottendorfer.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican County Convention will meet to-night, at Republican Hall, Thirty-third street, near Broadway, to nominate candidates for Mayor, Register, and Aldermen at large. The delegates to the convention have not yet decided as to whom they will nominate for the various offices to be filled, and there appears to be a diversity of opinion among them on the subject. The indications yesterday were that the convention will appoint a committee to confer as to who will be the best candidates for the party, and that it will adjourn without making nominations until another occasion. The prevalent feeling among the masses of the party, including many of the leaders, is that a "straight out" Republican ticket should be nominated. The gentlemen whose names are canvassed for the Mayoralty are as follows: Messrs. R. A. Witthaus, George M. Van Nort, James Seligman, Isaac Sherman, George Opdyke, and Jenkins Van Schaick. Ex-Gov. E. D. Morgan and Mr. Jackson N. Schultz have been talked of, but it is understood that neither of them will accept the nomination, and Mr. Frederick H. Kühne, who has been named in connection with the Mayoralty, it is said is also not desirous of being nominated. The candidates for the nomination of Register now urged by their friends are Hon. Jacob M. Patterson, Jr., and Gens. Patrick H. Jones and Franz Sigel. The present Register, Alderman Vance, and Billings, it is believed will be the nominees for Aldermen-at-Large, and Assistant Alderman Thornell is also spoken of.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION IN THE TWELFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Republican electors of the Twelfth Congressional District, comprising Westchester County, and Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards of this City, held a convention in Moran's Hall, White Plains, yesterday, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative in Congress. Senator William H. Robertson called the convention to order, and Dr. Charles J. Nordquist, of Tuckahoe, was selected for Chairman: John G. Peene, of Yonkers, and J. L. Lawrence, of Lewisboro, for Secretaries. Mr. Davenport, of New-Rochelle, in presenting the name of Amherst Wight, Jr., of Port Chester, as a candidate, alluded, in cogent terms, to the qualifications of Mr. Wight for the position and the great service he had rendered his constituents and the cause of reform generally in the Legislature last Winter. No other names were presented. Mr. Davenport closed by moving that the roll of the delegates be called, and that their votes be taken *viva voce*, which was carried, and resulted in Mr. Wight receiving thirteen votes, and Elliot C. Cowdin two; whereupon Mr. Joseph F. Palmer, of Yorktown, who had voted for Mr. Cowdin, moved that Mr. Wight be unanimously nominated by acclamation, which was carried amid deafening cheers.

Mr. Wight, in response to a call upon him, made a few neat and appropriate remarks in regard to his past course and what he should endeavor to do in the future, concluding with an expression of his heartfelt thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

Gen. James W. Husted, in compliance with a call, made a stirring speech, in which he set forth in glowing terms the untiring zeal and ability displayed by Mr. Wight in the discharge of his legislative duties last Winter in behalf of Republicans and reform, and the best interests of the district represented by him, as well as the State and nation at large, and that before the election day arrived he predicted that every Republican in the county would sound the tocsin of war in favor of Mr. Wight.

THE REPUBLICANS OF THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

At a meeting of the Twenty-first Assembly District Dix and Robinson German Campaign Club, held at No. 1,431 Third avenue, President Jacob Knoblock in the chair, the following resolutions were proposed by Capt. J. C. Julius Langbein, the Treasurer, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby indorse the Utica platform, and will use our utmost endeavors to secure the reelection of that tried statesman and incorruptible patriot, John A. Dix, and that gallant one-legged soldier, John C. Robinson.

Resolved, That we cordially approve the nominations of Willard Bullard, Stephen M. Simonson, and Henry C. Robinson for the Aldermanic ticket: we consider them and each of them worthy of our support.

Resolved, That we hereby earnestly urge upon our candidate for Assembly, William Haw, Jr., to reconsider his declination of our nomination to that office, resting assured that we will succeed in electing him, and that we deem him worthy of, and hereby pledge him our support.

A committee, consisting of Mr. Langbein, Mayer, Adam Brandt, Schmidt, and Moritz, was appointed to wait upon Mr. Haw, and inform him of the club's action.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

The Conference Committee of the People's Party appointed by the association on Saturday met at 2 P. M., in Parlor F, Fifth Avenue Hotel, Jacob Cohen presiding, and Richard Hennessy Secretary. After receiving reports from the several sub-committees, who consulted with other organizations opposed to Tammany Hall, the names of Alderman Ottendorfer, Hon. Wilson G. Hunt, Hon. William F. Havemeyer, and others were presented for Mayor. It was then unanimously resolved that Hon. William F. Havemeyer was the choice of the People's Party for reelection to his present office. A committee was appointed to hold a mass-meeting on Thursday evening next to ratify his nomination. Several names were mentioned for Register, among which were those of John Mitchell, Alderman McCafferty, and F. Sigel, the present incumbent. This subject was finally laid over to be acted upon at the mass-meeting. The Chair appointed the following Committee of Arrangements. Samuel Sloan, Thomas J. Gibbons, Thomas Flynn, M. Ahearne, C. Van Winkle, John M. Christie, Richard Hennessy, Louis Diehl, Thomas Brannigan, Louis Beer, P. J. McGuire, Lewis Scheinfield, Edward Estee, James A. Ferguson, Adam Roediger, Laurence Dalton, Lorenz Koenig, M. Kelly, J. Thompson, R. D. Davis, Capt. F. H. Brandes, Major S. Fuschlag, William Henigsen.

MR. D. OGDEN BRADLEY DECLINES LEGISLATIVE HONORS.

Mr. D. Ogden Bradley, of Greenburg, who was nominated by the Republicans of the Second Assembly District of Westchester County as their candidate for member of Assembly, yesterday formally gave notice that he was very reluctantly compelled to decline the nomination on account of the pressure of his business engagements. Under these circumstances, another convention will be held at Moran's Hall, White Plains, on Saturday next, to select a new candidate in the place of Mr. Bradley.

THE GERMAN PROPERTY-OWNERS ORGANIZING.

The German property-owners and tax-payers of the Tenth Ward held a meeting at No. 98 Allen street last night, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization for protective and political purposes. A temporary organization was effected by the election of F. Keim President pro tem. Conrad Geib and Hugo Gorsch were nominated candidates for Aldermen from the Sixth Senate District, and Alderman Koch a candidate for Alderman at large. The names of the parties present were enrolled as members of an association, and a Conference Committee composed of C. Neumann, F. Erriger, F. Hess, P. Knobloch, and J. Keim, was appointed, to take further action in regard to those nominations, and to confer with other organizations on the subject.

THE COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM.

The convention of citizens called to meet last night at Cooper Institute by the New-York City Council of Political Reform adopted a series of resolutions providing for economy in the public expenditure, and a reduction of the City debt and taxation. Several committees of conference with other reform organizations were appointed for the purpose of effecting the nomination of candidates for the offices of Mayor, Register, and Aldermen, in accordance with the reform ideas of the convention. The convention adjourned to Monday evening of next week.

THE BROOKLYN ONE HUNDRED.

The Committee of One Hundred met last evening in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Franklin Woodruff in the chair. After the minutes of the last meeting had been read and approved, the subject of the amendments to the State Constitution was taken up, and after some debate a resolution was passed recommending to the voters of King's County to cast their ballots on election-day in favor of the amendments. It was also resolved to refer the nominations to be made by the City and County Conventions of both parties during the present week to the Standing Committee in nomination, with instructions to report next Monday. A number of vacancies in the Nominating Committee were filled by the Chair. The committee, which is about equally composed of Republicans and Democrats, now stands as follows: C. S. Ensign, Henry Elliott, J. L. Scott, J. K. Kennedy, J. L. Hewitt, B. H. Bayliss, George L. Nichols, A. B. Bayliss, L. Bennett, James Eschrege, George H. Fischer, A. Fitzgerald, George E. Fox, L. B. D. Hardenburgh, Sigismund Kaufman, Samuel McLean, D. Van Sindoren, William Marshal, James S. Sterns, Nathan Stevens, and John J. Van Nostrand.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

Republican Congressional Conventions were held in the different Congressional Districts last night, for the purpose of nominating representatives to Congress, with the following result: Fifth District, adjourned; Sixth District, Nathan Hall; Seventh District, Charles S. Spencer; Eighth District, adjourned; Ninth District, adjourned; Tenth District, adjourned; Eleventh District, adjourned.

NOTES.

Thomas W. Carey, of Greenville, N. J., has been nominated by the Democrats of the Sixth Assembly District, Jersey City, for member of Assembly.

The Tammany Hall Seventh Congressional District Convention met last night at Beethoven Hall, and nominated Smith Ely to represent the district in the next Congress.

Meetings were held last night in different Assembly Districts by the German organizations, indorsing the Liberal Democratic, anti-Tammany movement, and the action of the German Central organization in proposing Mr. Ottendorfer as a candidate for the Mayoralty.

A meeting was held last night at No. 189 Chatham street to nominate a candidate for the vacancy in the Second Judical Civil District, caused by the death of the late Justice Kivlin. Charles M. Clancy was unanimously nominated for the office, Justice Field having retired.

James Hand, Tax Commissioner of Paterson, N. J., who in the recent Democratic Congressional Convention in Paterson, offered a resolution indorsing Hon. William W. Phelps, the Republican nominee for Congress, has commenced suit against the editor of the Bergen County *Democrat*, to recover $40,000 for having stated in his paper that 100 men could swear how much Mr. Hand received for offering the resolution.

REMOVAL OF INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

The Board of Police held a meeting yesterday morning for the trial of delinquent inspectors of election. Commissioners Matsell, Voorhis, and Disbecker were present.

Charles Frost, Inspector in the Sixth Election District of the Twenty-first Assembly District, was arraigned to answer a complaint made by George P. Webster, of No. 310 East One Hundred and Eighteenth street, who made affidavit that Frost was unfit to be an inspector of election by reason of his alleged bad character, and also charged Frost with having been concerned in certain election frauds several years ago. Frost, who lives at No. 211 East Eighty-first street, and claims to be a furniture dealer at No. 112 Fourth avenue, denied the charges made against him, and demanded an investigation. As no specific charges were made against Mr. Frost, except from hearsay, the further examination was adjourned until Wednesday next at 10 o'clock A. M.

Inspectors Joseph F. O'Brien and Robert McKay, of the Twenty-first Election District of the First Assembly District, were charged by Patrolman Dennis McCarthy, of the Fifth Precinct, with drinking liquor in the place of registry, on the 14th inst., in violation of section 85 of the Election law. The Inspectors admitted drinking whisky, but stated that it was mixed with quinine and they took it as a medicine. On motion of Commissioner Voorhis both the accused Inspectors were removed from office, and the policeman was commended for his vigilance in reporting their conduct.

Inspector Joseph Hoban, of the Sixth Election District, First Assembly District, was charged with having been absent from the registry place of the district all day on the 14th inst. Hoban admitted the charge, and stated that he was attending the funeral of his uncle on the day. The case was laid over.

Inspector John H. Blunt, of the Twenty-second Election District, Seventeenth Assembly District, was charged with having been intoxicated while on duty on the 14th inst. Blunt denied the charge, and stated that he had been up all the previous night, and was sick. He was unable to remain at the place of registry, and accordingly went home. The case was adjourned to obtain the testimony of the policeman who made the complaint.

Inspectors Eugene D. Wheelock and Oscar Hoffstadt, of the Nineteenth Election District, Fifteenth Assembly District, were charged with having absented themselves from the place of registry in that district from 10 to 11:15 A. M. on the 14th inst., leaving but two inspectors in charge. It was ascertained from the testimony of Frank Boettcher and Thomas Christie, the associate inspectors, that a number of names were illegally registered during the absence of Wheelock and Hoffstadt, and on motion of Commissioner Disbecker the four inspectors were removed from office.

Inspector Howard Whitney, of the Twenty-sixth Election District, Twenty-first Assembly District, was absent from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M. of the 14th inst. His excuse was that he was compelled to remain away by the sudden sickness of his mother. The case was laid over.

Inspector Anthony McOwen, of the Second Election District, Twenty-third Ward, was absent from 8 A. M. to 1:30 P. M. of the 14th inst. McOwen was at Poughkeepsie the day before attending a military parade, and was belated in getting home. He did not arrive until 1:30 P. M., when he reported for duty at the place of registry and was excused by his associate Inspectors to go home and doff his uniform. The case was laid over.

Inspector Edward Ward, of the Sixteenth Election District, Fifth Assembly District, was absent all day on the 14th inst. Ward did not appear, and the investigation was laid over to secure his attendance.

Inspector Griffith P. Perry, of the First Election District, Eighth Assembly District, was absent from 8 A. M. to 5:25 P. M., on the 14th inst. He pleaded sickness as an excuse, and the matter was laid over.

Inspector Michael Dunn, of the Fourth Election District, Twenty-fourth Ward, was absent from 8 to 10 A. M., and from noon to 9 P. M., on the 14th inst. Dunn sent in his resignation; which was accepted.

The Board directed the Chief of the Bureau of Elections to prepare the testimony in each case where a violation of law was shown, and transmit the papers to the District Attorney, for presentation to the Grand Jury.

THE CRUELTY CASE ON THE SOVEREIGN OF THE SEAS.

The case of Joseph W. Carey, the mate of the American ship Sovereign of the Seas, who was indicted for cruel and unusual punishment of Achilles Brignordello, an Italian seaman, on the late voyage of that vessel from San Francisco to Havre, was concluded yesterday, in the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Benedict. The jury first gave a verdict of guilty of the charges, but without malice. The Judge told them that they must either find the prisoner guilty or not guilty of the charges. They then went out, and returned shortly afterwards, with a verdict of guilty on all the counts but the second. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

BURGLARY THROUGH A CELLAR.

About 3 o'clock on the morning of the 16th of October, Officer Beglin, of the Twentieth Precinct, arrested on suspicion two men in Tenth avenue, near Thirty-ninth street, and upon searching them found knives, forks, and spoons worth $30 in their possession. The same night the house of James McCandless, No. 441 West Forty-fourth street, was broken into by forcing the cellar grating, and a lot of silverware was stolen. Mr. McCandless identified the property found on the prisoners as his own. At Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, before Justice Flammer, the prisoners gave their names as Thomas Collins and Francis Connolly. They were held in $1,000 bail each for trial.

AN IMPORTANT COTTON SUIT.

A declaration has been filed in the United States Circuit Court of this district by Mr. Jefferson Clark, the attorney for Messrs. G. L. & J. Kouns, of New-Orleans, in a suit against Mr. Otis N. Cutler, of this City. In this suit the plaintiffs seek to recover the sum of $31,777 50, paid by them to Mr. Cutler under protest in June, 1865. At that time Mr. Cutler was acting as Special Agent of the United States Treasury, in New-Orleans, and by a regulation issued by the President and Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury, was authorized to receive and sell, at his discretion, all cotton coming from the insurrectionary districts of the South-west, and to deliver seventy-five per cent. of the net proceeds to the owner. He was also authorized to allow the owner to ship or otherwise dispose of his cotton upon payment to him of twenty-five per cent. of its current market value. The Messrs. Kouns, who held a large amount of cotton, preferred to pay the twenty-five per cent. under protest. The suit will involve questions as to the legality of the regulation mentioned, and test the right to large sums of money exacted under similar circumstances.

THE SCURRILOUS POSTAL CARDS.

Moses Chamberlain, the man who was indicted in the United States Circuit Court for sending scurrilous postal cards through the United States mails, and whose bail bond was declared to have been forfeited last week, renewed his bail yesterday. Mr. Henry Wilson, of No. 123 West Forty-eighth street, became his surety in the sum of $15,000. He was arraigned before Judge Benedict, and pleaded not guilty to the indictment.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The National Park Bank has been appointed one of the City depositaries.

Over 34,000,000 postage stamps were forwarded from the office in this City to various country offices yesterday.

Eliza Banks, aged thirty-six, of No. 52½ Carmine street, fell down stairs at her residence yesterday, and sustained serious injuries.

James Duggan, aged twenty-five, no home, was found drowned at the foot of Thirty-eighth street, North River, yesterday morning.

The Evangelical Lutheran Synod continued its sessions yesterday. An address was delivered by Rev. N. Van Alstine, of the Franklin Synod.

The Redmen's Liedertafel, a German vocal society, celebrated its ninth anniversary by a ball at the Harmonie Rooms, in Essex street, last night.

Miss Conant will read a paper before the Woman's Social Education Society this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in Plimpton Hall. Subject—"The Education of Children."

The Seventy-ninth Regiment, Lieut. Col. Joseph Laing commanding, will parade for inspection and muster at Tompkins square on Friday, the 28th inst., at 3 P. M.

Yesterday morning, Thomas Farrell, aged twenty-six, while crossing Desbrosses street, in a state of intoxication, was run over by car No. 10 of the Dry Dock line, and was severely injured.

The Lecture Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Elizabeth, announce that their first lecture for the ensuing season will be delivered by Rev. O. H. Tiffany on Nov. 18.

The first of the course of public lectures before the New-York Free Medical College for Women, No. 51 St. Mark's place, Eighth street, will be given Thursday evening by Prof. Robert A. Gunn, M. D.

Chamberlain Lane makes the following report: Balance in the City Treasury Oct. 10, $4,540,456 70; receipts last week, $1,490,227; payments, $1,409,578 66. Amount on hand Oct. 17, $4,621,105 10.

J. A. Johnson's panoramic views of Southern California, or the New Italy, will be given at Cooper Institute Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, Oct. 27 and 28. Admission fifty cents; children half price.

James Thompson, alias Jersey Jimmy, a notorious pick-pocket, was arrested last evening on the New-York side of the Grand Street Ferry, by Detectives Corwin and Folk, while plying his nefarious trade.

The body of a drowned man was found in the water at the foot of Fifty-third street last evening. Deceased was about twenty-eight years of age, five feet six inches in height, and wore a full brown beard and mustache.

The Salomon Benefit Society, one of the oldest and most active Jewish benevolent societies in this City, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its foundation by a banquet and ball at the Germania Assembly Rooms last night.

The Koltes Schuetzen Company, a German rifle organization, composed of veterans of the war, celebrated the tenth anniversary of the battle of Cedar Creek, by a festival at Bender's Schuetzen Park, foot of Sixty-third street, yesterday.

The Twenty-second Regiment, Lieut. Col John T. Camp commanding, paraded in Tompkin's square for inspection and muster yesterday afternoon. The numerical strength of the command was greater than for several years past.

Bayard Taylor will deliver his lecture on "Ancient Egypt" before the Young Men's Hebrew Association, on Thursday evening next, at the Academy of Music. This will be the first appearance of Mr. Taylor as a lecturer in this City for several years.

The funeral of Rev. Dr. Henry E. Montgomery, late Rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Incarnation, took place yesterday. Bishop Potter read the services, and Rev. Dr. Washburn delivered an address eulogizing the virtues of the deceased.

At a book sale by the Messrs. Leavitt, in Astor place, yesterday, the *Catalogue Americana*, comprising Jefferson's notes on the State of Virginia, with copious notes in the author's own hand, and an *Atlas of the War in America*, published in Paris in 1788, were disposed of at fair prices.

The Pacific Mail Company's new steam-ship City of Tokio made a trial trip down the bay yesterday. Her officers are: Jefferson Maury, Captain; Arthur Hughes, Chief Engineer; G. Barry, First Officer; F. G. Niebuhr, Purser; and M. McCloskey, Chief Steward. There were about 200 guests on board.

The anniversary meeting of St. Luke's Home for Aged and Indigent Females, corner of Madison avenue and Eighty-ninth street, will take place to-day at 2 o'clock. St. Thomas' choir will take part in the celebration, to which the public are cordially invited. Addresses will be made by Bishop Potter, and other prominent friends of the institution.

The triennial sermon before the Alumni Association of the General Theological Seminary will be delivered this evening at the Church of the Transfiguration, East Twenty-ninth street, by Right Rev. T. B. Lyman, D. D., the Assistant Bishop of North Carolina. The annual breakfast will be given at the Grand Central Hotel at 8 o'clock on Wednesday. This reunion is intended to embrace all clergymen, whether alumni of the Seminary or not.

The British brig S. W. Eaton, from this port for Bahia, went ashore on Fisher's Island, and put into New-London on Friday last, having carried away her forefoot and sprung a serious leak. It was stated yesterday, at the office of the Pilot Commissioners, that one of the Sandy Hook Pilots offered his services on Wednesday last to Capt. Burke, of that vessel, but that the latter refused them and took a Hell Gate Pilot instead, in order to save expense. As a result, the brig was run ashore as reported, going about 100 miles out of her way.

The Young Men's Christian Association have arranged a course of historical, literary, and scientific lectures, to be delivered at Association Hall Friday evenings, commencing Oct. 23 with Prof. M. B. Anderson, of Rochester, on "Transportation of Channels of Trade," to be followed by such eminent lecturers as George Dawson, of Birmingham, England; George Vandenhoff, Prof. Sheppard, Mrs. Leonowens, Rev. H. M. Gallaher, Dr. J. G. Holland, Prof. W. S. Andrews, Prof. J. S. Newberry, Rev. Edward Eggleston, Rev. E. L. Magoon, and Rev. Thomas K. Beecher.

BROOKLYN.

Seven letter-boxes were broken into by thieves in this city, within a radius of a mile from the Post Office, on Saturday night.

A reading-room and commercial, mechanics', and general exchange is to be opened soon at the corner of Myrtle and Bedford avenues.

A few days since the house of Ex-Alderman Mende, at No. 170 Amity street, was broken into and $1,500 worth of jewelry stolen. No arrests have been made in connection with the robbery.

A special panel of 250 jurors has been ordered for next week by the Judges of the City Court. From this panel will be selected the jury before whom Ex-Tax Collector Badeau will be tried for malfeasance in office. The case is set down for Monday.

Robert Burns, alias "Bob Brickley," a prisoner confined in the Penitentiary on a charge of burglary, complains that he has been cruelly cowhided by Keeper Shevlin. Mr. Shevlin admits that he cowhided Burns for instigating a revolt, but denies that any extraordinary severity was used.

On application of Thomas G. Shearman, counsel for Mr. Beecher, Judge Neilson, of the City Court, yesterday granted an order directing Mr. Theodore Tilton to show cause why he should not be compelled to furnish a bill of particulars in his suit against Mr. Beecher. The order was made returnable at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning.

Francisco San Folipo and Antonio Mendala, arrested on a charge of being implicated in the Torrino murder, were taken before Justice Neilson yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus and discharged. San Folipo was immediately rearrested by the United States authorities on a charge of counterfeiting, and held in $5,000 for examination. The examination has been set down for Thursday.

The Wallabout Improvement Commission reported yesterday to the Board of Aldermen, that they had completed their work and exhausted their funds. A resolution was adopted, empowering the Board of City Works to receive maps, furniture, and all other property belonging to the Commission, and requesting the former body to furnish a receipt for the same. This ends the work of the Wallabout Commission.

Suit has been commenced against the city by Mr. Charles W. Arthur to recover $10,000 for the drowning of his sons, Edward R. and Thomas S. Arthur, in a pond on Sixth avenue, last January. Mr. Erastus M. Crarat sues the city for $5,000 for the drowning of his son, William, which occurred at the same time and place. It is claimed that the city is responsible for the death of the boys because the Municipal authorities neglected to have the pond filled.

NEW-JERSEY.

Several cases of small-pox are reported from different parts of Jersey City.

Seven hundred men were yesterday laid off at the Grant Locomotive Works in Paterson.

Saturday night, a boat, with oysters, valued at $50, was stolen from the docks at Bayonne.

In the Newark Court of Sessions yesterday Lawrence Hackett, who assaulted Herman Goldfinger, for the purpose of robbing him, and then fled to Ireland, was arraigned on an indictment charging him with assault and attempted robbery. He pleaded guilty.

Joseph Todd, of the firm of Todd & Rafferty, has commenced suit against the Erie Railway Company to recover $10,000 damages for having been ejected from a train.

The fire which destroyed Johnson's glue factory, in Waverley, on Sunday, was undoubtedly of incendiary origin. The loss is higher than at first stated, and will reach $15,000.

Peter Lyon was arrested in Jersey City on Sunday night charged with having atrociously assaulted his step-son, William E. Connolly, with a flat-iron. He was held in default of $1,000 bail.

During an altercation in Union Hill, Sunday night, John Heck was stabbed in the breast and seriously injured by a man named Charles Knowerly. The assailant was arrested, and is held for trial.

Saturday night the store of Steele & Gant, in New-Brunswick, was robbed of a quantity of goods. On Sunday Officer Scanlon arrested two men in Newark, who gave their names as William and David Davis. The prisoners are charged with having stolen a bundle of valuable goods found in their possession. The property was yesterday identified as that stolen from the store at New-Brunswick.

BUSINESS INTERESTS.

THE GOLD EXCHANGE—ANNUAL ELECTION OF OFFICERS—TWO TICKETS IN THE FIELD—OTHER COMMERCIAL TOPICS.

The annual election of officers of the New-York Gold Exchange took place yesterday. The following was the regular ticket:

President—James B. Colgate.
First Vice President—R. T. Bragaw.
Second Vice President—R. B. Whittemore.
Treasurer—R. L. Edwards.
Secretary—William P. Wescott.
Executive Committee—J. F. Underhill, John A. Gwynne, George H. Kennedy, C. O. Morris, William Fitch, C. A. Buttrick, H. R. Moore, James Curphey, C. E. Newbold.
Finance Committee—E. S. Ballin, James Seligman, George D. Arthur, W. Harman Brown, L. Christian Meyer.
Arbitration Committee—Townsend Cox, (Chairman,) C. O. Baker, J. Walter Wood, Joseph H. Tucker, D. J. King.
Committee on Admissions—William B. Sancton, Heber Dunham, Cortlandt M. Taylor, William P. Humbert, Horace Manuel, C. W. Keep, H. L. Faris, C. Knoblauch, H. J. Purton.

An opposition ticket was put in nomination, with Mr. W. J. Hutchinson for second Vice-President. On the opposition ticket the committees are constituted as follows:

Executive Committee—C. O. Morris, J. N. Ewell, H. R. Moore, Townsend Cox, J. F. Underhill, George H. Kennedy, William Fitch, James Curphey, and C. E. Newbold.
Arbitration Committee—George Fanshawe, James H. Cross, J. H. Tucker, W. H. Jamison, and C. Knoblauch.
Committee on Admissions—W. B. Sancton, N. Dessau, C. W. Keep, H. Bird, H. C. Fuller, T. C. Buck, A. V. Richards, A. V. Castellanos, C. Garlichs.

Otherwise there is no difference in the tickets.

The canvassing of the ballots had not been completed up to a late hour last evening, but it is probable that the entire regular ticket was elected.

The report presented by the Treasurer of the Exchange is as follows: Total receipts from April 1, 1874, to date, $8,880 50; total disbursements, from April 1, 1874, to date, $19,462 37. The Secretary reported the receipts for six months ending Sept. 30, 1874, $6,758 62. The number of members in full standing is 447.

The New Jersey Southern Railroad Directors yesterday organized by the election of the following officers:

President, C. J. Osborne; Secretary and Treasurer, G. P. Morosini; Executive Committee, C. J. Osborne, S. M. Mills, Nehemiah Perry, Edward C. Taylor, and Edwin Eldridge.

There are not wanting indications that the compact entered into by the representatives of the chief railroad lines at Saratoga last Summer in regard to rates for freight, passengers, &c., is not likely to endure. Several of the Western roads, it is stated, are antagonistic to the arrangement, and refuse to be bound by it, among them being the Milwaukee & St. Paul and Chicago & Alton.

The newly-formed Board of Trade is arranging a public meeting, to be held in this City next week, to discuss the proposed amendments of the constitution.

As the Mayors of all the cities in the State are ex-officio members of the Executive Committee of the Board, it is anticipated that a number of them will be in attendance on the occasion, which will be the first opportunity in many years for joint non-political action on the part of the great commercial and agricultural interests of the Empire City and State.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS.

A very large audience gathered last evening at the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner of Fourteenth street, on the occasion of the monthly meeting of the New-York Association of Sunday-school Teachers. Mr. E. C. Wilder, the President of the association, occupied the chair. After the singing of a hymn and prayer by Mr. F. A. Ferris, Rev. G. H. Hepworth delivered the address of the evening. He said that he thought the responsibility and usefulness of the Sunday-school teacher was hardly less than that of the minister. For he who writes his name upon the young heart writes for eternity; while he who writes his name upon a heart grown hard and calloused by time, writes upon a soul from which subsequent events may erase all his teachings. This being so, he thought that not enough importance was given to the Sunday-school teacher's position, and he would have them, like ministers, not exactly ordained, but inaugurated or dedicated to their work by public services. And, although Sunday-schools are most fitly taught by older persons, yet there is a chance for even the quite young. Sunday-school work is best accomplished through the contact of a pure heart with a young soul. The Chairman then announced as a committee upon nominations of the officers to be elected for the ensuing year, Messrs. Leveridge, Ives, Martin, Hillman, and Thompson. He also added that on next Monday evening there would be a special meeting with reference to Sunday-schools, at which addresses would be delivered by Rev. Dr. Storrs, of Brooklyn; Dr. Crosby, of this City, and others. Mr. Vail reported the arrangements which had been made for the Fall and Winter. Three weekly teachers' classes are to be held in this City—one for Superintendents, at 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoons, at the Fulton Chapel; a second and primary class at 3 o'clock, on Saturday afternoons, in Association Hall; and a normal class, Ralph Willis, Esq., conductor, for the great mass of teachers, on Friday evenings, in the chapel of Dr. Crosby's church, on Fourth avenue and Twenty-second street. Dr. John Hall then gave some hints as to the chief points which teachers ought to bring out in the next Sunday-school lesson of the series, and after a very pleasant rendering of a Sunday-school song by Miss Stark, of the Broadway Tabernacle choir, Rev. Mr. Hepworth pronounced the benediction.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

John E. Owens, of Baltimore, is at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Congressman Samuel Hooper, of Boston, is at the Brevoort House.

Sir A. T. Galt, of Montreal, and Prof. Coppée, of Lehigh University, are at the Gilsey House.

Senator A. S. Merrimon, of North Carolina, is at the Astor House.

Chief Engineer J. W. King, United States Navy, and Robert C. Winthrop, Jr., of Boston, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

Alfred T. Goshorn, Director General of the Centennial Exhibition, is at the Hoffman House.

Rev. Dr. Fairbairn, of St. Stephen's College, and Judge N. Shipman, of Hartford, are at the St. James Hotel.

Gen. E. W. Leavenworth, of Syracuse; Capt. Perry, of the steam-ship Adriatic; and Ex-Gov. W. R. Marshall, of Minnesota, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Admiral J. R. Tucker, of the Peruvian Navy; Gen. N. H. Davis, United States Army; and Hon. C. H. Adams, of Cohoes, N. Y., are at the New-York Hotel.

Charles Bradlaugh, of England; Ex-Attorney General Amos T. Akerman, of Georgia; Ex-Gov. A. E. Burnside, of Rhode Island; Charles P. Kimball, of Maine; Lieut. Col. A. McD. McCook, United States Army; George M. Pullman, of Chicago; Thaddeus Fairbanks, of Vermont; and Judges Charles Andrews and W. F. Allen, of the Court of Appeals, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

CONVEYING PRISONERS TO THE POLICE COURTS.

For some weeks past the Police Board, at the instance of Commissioner Voorhis, have been considering the mode of conveying prisoners from the various station-houses to the Police Courts. Numerous complaints have lately been received from citizens in relation to the practice of allowing half-drunken and filthy prisoners to ride in the cars, to the disgust of respectable passengers. From the reports of the Police Captains it appears that all the precincts below Twenty-second street convey the prisoners on foot to the courts, while those in the upper portion of the City use the most accessible line of street cars. Commissioner Voorhis, Chairman of the committee having the matter in charge, will, at the meeting of the Board of Police to-day, recommend that where it is considered necessary to use the cars, owing to the distance between the station-house and the court, prisoners shall in future be taken on the front platform only, and not into the interior of the cars.

ALLEGED CASE OF CRUELTY ON SHIP-BOARD.

James Howard and David Amor, the Second and Third Mates of the American bark Cornelius Grinnell, were yesterday arrested and taken before United States Commissioner Shields, charged with inflicting cruel and unusual punishment upon James Smith, a seaman, during the late voyage of that vessel from London to this port. The prisoners were held for examination in default of $1,000 bail each.

[Advertisement.]
USEFUL ADVICE TO THE INTELLIGENT.—Buy your Hats at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway, and in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and secure the handsomest Winter style yet introduced.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Parthia, from Liverpool.—Mrs. G. Reade, Miss Morgan, George Jones, Dr. and Mrs. F. Bacon, Mrs. E. J. Woolsey, Miss Woolsey, Miss E. D. Woolsey, Miss G. W. Woolsey, L. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mitchell and child, G. Greene, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. King, Miss Eaton, Miss M. Eaton, Miss T. Eaton, Louis H. Polak, Mrs. Moore, Rev. P. Sostegno Moretti, J. O. Wood, G. W. Gesner, Gen. Greene, J. F. Beale, W. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. F. Welch, child, infant, and maid, S. Peabody, Mrs. C. E. Bancroft, Miss Bancroft, Count B. Tyszkiewicz, Mr. Jaworski, J. R. Sayler, Mr. Bethune, Dr. Bethune, Edward H. Mason, Miss Sarah Owen, C. D. Ward, Simon Enoch, Mrs. Payson, two children, and maid, Joseph C. Ely, Charles N. Harrington, Col. A. D. Smith, (Third,) and wife, Mr. Lowell Putnam, Miss Putnam, Frederick P. Read, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. McGuire, Mrs. Taylor, Mr. Francklyn, Mr. and Mrs. J. Herod, Miss Mary Burton, Lewis L. Delafield, Solomon Lazarus, George Karch, Charles Woodall, Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy, Mrs. Janet Miller, child, and infant, G. W. Wainwright, Miss Alice E. Wainwright, S. H. Culbert, Miss S. J. Calhoun, Miss Belle Morris, Harvey F. Hollister, George G. Clay, Joseph Martin, Mr. and Mrs. John Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Muir and child, Miss Muir, Miss Harbridge, A. Sherwood, Mr. and Mr. D. D. Williamson, Miss Mary E. Boswell, Miss Cornelia D. Bedwell, Mrs. Lawtey and child, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Richardson, Miss Lottie Gough, A. A. Julian, Mr. and Mrs. S. Sheldrake, A. Williams, Arthur Rollit, Frederick Rollit, H. F. A. Pinckney, Charles Bradlaugh.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....6:17 | Sun sets.....5:13 | Moon sets..12:20

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..2:48 | Gov. Island..3:37 | Hell Gate...4:59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......MONDAY, Oct. 19.

CLEARED.

Steam-ships A. C. Stimers, Warren, Philadelphia, J. Hand; Francouia, Bragg, Portland, J. F. Ames.

Ships Sir Robert Peel, Larrabee, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Constantia, (Ger.,) Soltenborn, Philadelphia, Oelrichs & Co.

Barks Nuova Matteo, (Ital.,) Castagnola, Dublin, A. P. Agresta; Irene, (Norw.,) Jorgensen, Cork, for orders, Slocovich & Co.; Heuoch, Aust.,) Haggra, Cork or Falmouth, for orders, Slocovich & Co.; Chandiere, (Br.,) Brown, Dunedin and Wellington, N. Z., R. W. Cameron & Co.; Felda, (Norw.,) Christiansen, Akyab, Funch, Edye & Co.; Eber, (Aust.,) Gunien, Glasgow, Slocovich & Co.

Brigs Solario, (Br.,) Stuart, St. John's, N. F., R. P. Currie & Co.; Loncoina, Frederick, Oporto, Slocovich & Co.; Mozart, (Ger.,) Tietchens, Santos via Richmond, Slocovich & Co.; Lucy, (Br.,) Irving, Pernambuco, H. H. Swift & Co.

Schrs. Pampero, (Br.,) Locke, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Son; Alexander, (Br.,) Forbes, Maitland, N. S., J. F. Whitney & Co.; Henry Middleton, Brower, St. Marc, R. Murray, Jr.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Benefactor, Jones, Wilmington, N. C., 3 ds., with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steam-ship Western Metropolis, Quick, New-Orleans Oct. 11, with mdse. and passengers to Fred Baker.

Steam-ship Richmond, Reed, Richmond, City Point, and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Borneo, (of Boston,) Shaw, Havre Sept. 9, in ballast to Simpson & Shaw. Anchored at Sandy Hook; has been ordered to Mobile, and proceeded this P. M., (19th.)

Bark Milo, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Robbins, Liverpool Sept. 11, in ballast to J. W. Elwell & Co. Anchored in Gravesend Bay for orders.

Bark Norge, (Norw.,) Hansen, Antwerp 51 ds., in ballast to Tetens & Bockmann. No date, lat. 42 20, lon. 34 30, passed bark Gusburg, bound W.

Brig Wauban, (of Machias,) Spencer, Liverpool via Long Island Sound 39 ds., with salt to Samuel Thompson's Nephew & Co.—vessel to Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Brig Julia Blake, (of Parrsboro, N. S.,) Knowlton, St. John's, N. F., 18 ds., with fish, oil, &c., to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig Atlanta, (Br.,) Wheeler, Breenas Harbor, N. F., 20 ds., with fish to R. P. Currie & Co.

Brig Iza, Little, Portland, Me.

Schr. Annie Amsden, (of Boston,) Matheson, Wentworth, N. S. 9 ds., with 360 tons plaster to C. W. Bertaux—vessel to S. C. Loud & Co.

Schr. Lizzie Bachelor, English, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Susan Wright, Potter, Georgetown, D. C.
Schr. Harry Laudell, Taylor, Virginia.
Schr. R. Fuller, Jones, Virginia.
Schr. E. R. Kirk, Robinson, Virginia.

Schr. Silver Star, Smith, Para 21 ds., with rubber and nuts to G. Amsinck & Co.—vessel to Dollner, Potter & Co. Left in port schr. Mary E. Douglass, for New-York.

Schr. J. Truman, Randall, Indianola 34 ds., with hides &c., to Tupper & Beattie. Oct. 10, off Hatteras, passed a schr. showing a white flag, with red letter S in centre, bound S. 15th, lat. 36 20, lon. 75 30, schr. Clara Donaldson, do.

Schr. Edwin, Ingersoll, Virginia.
Schr. A. Hayford, Gilchrist, Bangor with lumber.
Schr. Ned Sumpter, Pinkam, Rockland with lime to J. R. Brown.
Schr. Sedona, Wall, St. George's Banks with stone to Bridge Co.
Schr. E. Williams, Russell, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Fred Hall, Pelton, Portland, Conn.
Schr. M. W. Griffing, Stocking, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Jos. Hall, Dickenson, Portland, Conn.
Schr. G. A. Hayden, Green, Portland, Conn.
Schr. S. A. Mount, Young, Providence, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Judge Runyon, Lewis, New-Haven.
Schr. Marietta Hand, Hallock, New-Haven.
Sch. J. H. Hoyt, Robinson, New-Haven, for Baltimore.
Schr. John Mettler, Parker, New-Bedford.
Schr. Jesse Williams, ——, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Ira Laffrienier, Coleman, Boston.
Schr. Baltimore, Frances, Norwalk, for Elizabethport.
Schr. A. M. Acken, Davis, Brookhaven.
Schr. Julia Ann, Allen, Stony Brook.
Schr. Loon, Hoops, Fall River.
Schr. Millie and Frank, Edwards, Fall River.
Schr. H. A. Deming, Billard, Hartford.
Schr. W. L. Peck, Bunce, Hartford.
Schr. A. P. Chase, Green, Greenport.

SAILED.—Ship Endeavour, for Anjier, for orders; barks Luigi S., for Dublin; Lizzie Wright, for ——.

BELOW.—Ship Peter Maxwell, (of St. John, N. B.,) Marshall, from Antwerp Aug. 19, via Sydney, C. B., in ballast to J. W. Ellwell & Co. By pilot-boat Isaac Webb, No. 8.

WIND—Sundown, fresh, N. N. W.; clear.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 19.—Arr., steamers William Crane, from Boston; William Kennedy, from Providence; schr. Skylark, from Boston.

Cld., steamers Saragossa, for Savannah; George Appold, for Boston; Louisa, for Edenton, N. C.; Josephine Thomson, for New-York; Richard Willing, for Philadelphia; schr. John Proctor, for Boston.

Sld., The E. A. Sanchez, for the West Indes.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Arr., steamers Alhambra, Deane, from Charlottstown; Linda, (Br.,) Clements, from Yarmouth, N. S.; Norman, Nickerson, from Philadelphia; barkentine Catharine Leed, (Br.,) Leed, from Port Elizabeth, C. G. H.; schrs. Henry Lippett, Chase, from London; Louisa D., (Br.,) Wagner, from Ponce; John Rose, Barrett, from Philadelphia; J. T. Alberger, Corson, from do.; Salawa, Kelley, from Port Johnson; Benjamin Courtney, Baker, from Weehawken.

Also arr. steamer Harrisburg, Winneti, from Philadelphia; schrs. Mary Weaver, Weaver, from Philadelphia; J. H. Fitzpatrick, Meredith, from do.; E. & L. Martz, Martz, from do.

Below—British schr. Vigilance, with loss of head of foremast.

Cld. steamers Atlas, (Br.,) Haserson, for Liverpool; Nereus, Bearse, for New-York; brig Jessie A. Devereux, Curtis, for Key West; schrs. Rebecca J. Moulton, Smith, for Callao via Valparaiso; Louie F. Smith, Brown, for Richmond, Va.; A. Heaton, Phinney, for New-York via Cape Ann.

Pilot-boat No. 1, at Provincetown, reports spoke Oct. 18, barks Lillian, from Port Caledonia, C. B., for New-York, and Florence Peters, for Portland.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Oct. 19.—Sld. schr. Waldemar, for New-York; Br yacht Drocaena, for Nassau; brig Ella Vail, from Baltimore, for Liverpool, N. S.; brig Maria Augusta, from Richmond, for Rio, and a fleet of coasters. Passed in for Richmond schrs. Thorndyke, from Windsor; J. J. Pharon.

GALVESTON, Oct. 18.—Sld., steamer City of Waco, for New-York.

LEWES, Del., Oct. 19—P. M.—Bark Union, from New-York, for Philadelphia, is anchored outside to-day; spoke schr. Philadelphia, from Savannah, for Bath, with lumber.

LEWES, Del., Oct. 19.—Arr., brig Roanoke, from Laguayra; schr. Irvine, from Windsor, N. S., the latter for orders. The steamer Harrisburg, for Boston, went to sea last night. A light bark, for New-York, is anchored off the Shears.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Oct. 19.—Cld., bark Avenir, for Cette.

Arr. at the Passes, steam-ship Yazoo, from Philadelphia.

NEW-CASTLE, Del., Oct. 19.—Passed up, steamers Rattlesnake, from Boston; Fanita, from New-York; Williamsport, from Boston; schrs. Mary J. Fisher, from Suffolk; Sarah Potter, from Pascagoula.

The schr. Jane L. Curdoy, from Alexandria for Providence, passed down to-day, having replaced her spars, lost during a gale prior to Oct. 7.

Passed down—Steamers Equator, for Charleston; Glaucus, for New-York; Harrisburg and Lancaster, for Boston; barks Charles and John, for Queenstown; Antoinette, for Bremen; schrs. Martha N. Hall, John B. Austin, Julian Wilson, Harriet S. Brooks, George Kunger, Sallie B. Enos, B. Phillips, John Johnson, Alice Borda, and James H. Gordon, for Boston; Emma B. Shaw, for Milton; Sallie E. Ludlam, for Commercial Point; Taylor and Mathias, for Chelsea; Joseph Boynton, Elso A. Graw, and John A. Griffin, for Providence; J. A. Hooper, for Pawtucket; W. S. Rowe, for Danversport; Harriet N. Miller, for Braintree; Lizzie B. Gregg, for Portland; James A. Parson, for Globe Village; American Eagle, for Pawtucket; brig Ida L. Ray, for Newburyport.

Noon.—Passed up: Steamer Hunter, from Providence. The Scnr. Agnes R. Bacon remains at anchor.

P. M.—Passed up: Steam-ships Roman, from Boston; Florida, from Providence; Leopard, from Boston.

Passed down: Schrs. Stephen Morgan, for Dighton; Jennie N. Huduell, for Boston; Theresa Wolf, for do. Schr. Agnes R. Bacon, for Salem, got under way and proceeded.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 19.—Arr. steam-ship Centipede, from Boston; steam-ship Leopard, from Boston.

Cld. steamers Achilles, for New-York; Rattlesnake, for Boston; steam-ship Ashland, for Baltimore; ship Pauline David, for London; bark Daniel Draper, for Civita Vecchia, for orders; schrs. W. H. Rockport, Alice Borda, Portland, J. H. Gordon, George Nevinger, M. N. Hall, H. B. McCauley, all for Boston; T. Wolf, for Chelsea; Taylor and Mathias, for do.; Sarah Wood, for Charlestown; J. Kienzle, for East Cambridge; Charles E. Smith, for New-Bedford; Reading Railroad No. 48, for Norwich; W. F. Phelps, for Providence; E. A. Hooper, for Charleston, S. C.; Joseph Hay, for New-Bedford; Sallie M. Evans, for Lynn.

Arr. schrs. Wm. Conners, from Frankfort, Me.; Maggie Mulvey, from Booth Bay; Henry Whitney, from Bangor; David Faust, from Boston; Thomas Clyde, from do.; Joseph Hay, from New-Bedford; Sallie M. Evans, from Pawtucket.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 19.—Sld. steamer Vasco di Gama, for China and Japan, at noon to-day.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Oct. 17.—Arr. schrs Eva Diverty and G. C. Morris, from Port Johnson, for Boston; Laconia, from Rondout; Alida, South Amboy, for do.; Lottie K. Friend, Rachel S. Miller, Frank B. Colton, Marion Gage, Jonathan May, and Annie Barton, Boston, for Philadelphia; Elvie Davis, Salem, for do.; Addie Murchie, Calais, for do.; James S. Shindler, Marblehead, for do.; R. B. Wheaton, Rondout, for do.; Lizzie B. McNichol, Lubec, for do.; Sallie Mair, Rockport, Mass., for do.; N. Berry, Henry Croskey, Surprise, Marshall Perrin, Henry B. Metcalf, and Saxon, Boston, for New-York; Sammy Ford and Vesta, (Br.,) Dorchester, N. B., for do.; Ann and Hero, Salem, for do.; Franklin and W. D. B. Thomaston, for do.; John D. Griffin and Island City, Gloucester, for do.; Olive, Dover, N. B., for do.; The Star, St. John, N. B., for do.; Seama, (1) Machias, for do.; Sarah S. Tyler, Newburyport, for do.; Free Wind, Portsmouth, for do.; George Hotchkiss, Plymouth, for New-London; Henrietta, Salem, for the Connecticut River; Laura and Magee, Bristol, Me., for New-Bedford; Antarctic, Princetown, for do.; Gov. Coney, Gardiner, for Providence; Baltic, do., for ——; Pavilion, Calais, for Providence; Moses Eddy, Rockland, for do.; Julia and Martha, Calais, for Somerset; Atlantic, Bangor, for Haverstraw; Brunette, do., for South Dartmouth; Balloon, do., for New-Haven; Jed F. Duren, Calais, for do.; Abraham Richardson, do., for Newport; Lyra, Bangor, for New-London; E. Sinnickson, Loveaville, for Cross Ledge, Delaware Bay; Nellie C. Paine, Windsor, N. S., for orders.

Sld. schrs. Albarado, Thomas W. Havens, James L. Maloy, Lily B. French, John W. Hall, Speedwell, Sea Bird, John Lenthall, Kitty Stevens, D. V. Straker, Jed F. Duren, Antarctic, R. B. Wheaton, L. C. Morris, E. Sinnickson, Brunette, Moses Eddy.

Wind—S. W., fresh; clear.

Sunday, 18th—Arr. brig H. Havelock, (Br.,) Cheverie, for New-London; schrs. Sandy Point and Nellie Doe, New-York, for Bangor; Darius Eddy, Port Johnson, for do.; Deborah Jones, Abbot, Lawrence, Sea Foam, and Matanzas, do., for Salem; Maggie Ellen, Woodbridge, N. J., for Portland; Delmont, Philadelphia, for do.; Maria Adlade, South Amboy, for Danvers; Cocheco, South Amboy, for Camden; Carrie Jones, New-York, for Belfast; General Hall, New-Bedford, for Provincetown; Adrianna, from Hoboken, for Bath; Maid of the Mist, Boston, for New-York; David B. Doane, Salem, for New-York; Hazleton, Booth Bay, for New-York.

Sld. brig H. Havelock, (Br.;) schrs. Enterprise, Maud Webster, Scoresby, L. S. Hamline, J. G. Huntington, Abraham Richardson, Lizzie B. McNichol, Sarah S. Tyler, Jas. S. Shindler, Zampa, Addie Murchie, Free Wind, Jonathan May, Anna Barton, Elvie Davis, Pavilion, Marion Gage, Sallie Mair, Star, (Br.,) Hero, Lottie K. Friend, Sammy Ford, Vesta, Rachel S. Miller, Frank B. Colton, H. B. Metcalf, Marshal Perrin, John D. Griffin, Baconia, Island City, David B. Doane, Maria Adelaide, and Hazleton.

FOREIGN PORTS.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 19.—Steamer Carroll, from Boston, and steamer Falmouth, from Portland, arr. this morning. The Carroll left for Charlottetown at noon. The steamer George Shattuck, from St. Pierre and Sydney, and the steamer Acadian, from Picton, arr. this afternoon.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Sld. for the United States, Melbourne, Nora, Fury, Sarah B., Natal, Kate Prince, and David.

Arr. out on the 17th inst., Ajax, Gladiateur, Louisa, and Camilla.

Arr. out on the 18th inst., Jason, Queensberry, Monitor, Inspector, Morning Star, Rhine, Tantallon, Castle, Augustine Kobbe, Cuba, Flora, Tjomo, Grandee, Thomas Dana, Sybil, Wynn, Cairo, Franklin, Enricketta, and Agostina.

Arr. out on the 19th inst.. Arcturus, Ocean Belle, Kate Burrill, Diadem, Nuova San Michele, Origine, and Hermod.

Also arr. out, Clotilde, Mattis, and Ninevah.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 19.—White Star steamer Republic, Capt. Gleadell, from New-York Oct. 10, for Liverpool, arr. here at 12 o'clock to-day.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19.—The Norwegian bark Albertine arr. here to-day, from Philadelphia. She experienced a hurricane and suffered considerable damage.

ANTWERP, Oct. 19.—The steam-ship Switzerland, Capt. Vonder Heyden, arr. here to-day, from New-York Oct. 5.

The steam-ship Vaderland sld. at 11 o'clock A. M. to-day for Philadelphia.

MOVILLE, Oct. 19.—The Allan Line steam-ship Polynesia, Capt. Brown, from Quebec Oct. 9, for Liverpool, arr. here to-day.

GLASGOW, Oct. 19.—The State Line steam-ship State of Pennsylvania, Capt. Kaight, from New-York Oct. 7, arr. here to-day.

Silver-Plated Ware
MANUFACTURED BY THE
Meriden Britannia Co.,
No. 550 Broadway, New-York.
FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED BY THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.
Extract from Judges' Report.
"We consider the goods made by this company to be by far the best made in this country, and, we believe, in the world. They are faultless in construction and finish."

FURNITURE.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
NOS. 657 AND 659 BROADWAY.
Beg to announce that having, during the past Summer, taken advantage of the depressed state of trade to manufacture an IMMENSE STOCK of ELEGANT GOODS at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES, they have now on exhibition the
MOST SUPERB ASSORTMENT
OF
NEW DESIGNS
to be found in the City, and which they are offering at figures to conform to the above.
Parties desiring any kind of Furniture will find it to their interest to look at our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
All Work Guaranteed.

BROOKS BROTHERS,
BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND ST.
Ready-Made and Custom
CLOTHING.
New Fall Styles, Fancy Checks,
English and French Suitings, &c.
ALSO
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

SHEPARD, LeBOUTILLIER & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
NO. 10 MAIDEN LANE, NEW-YORK,
HAVE OPENED, IN CONNECTION WITH THEIR WHOLESALE HOUSE, THE STORE NO. 865 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 17TH AND 18TH STS., WHERE THEY WILL OFFER, AT RETAIL, THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF RICH FANCY GOODS, CLOCKS, BRONZES, AND MUSICAL BOXES, AT WHOLESALE PRICES. WEDDING PRESENTS.

GENUINE
VICHY
NAMES OF THE SPRINGS, { HAUTERIVE, CELESTINS, GRANDE GRILLE, HOPITAL.
Bottled under the supervision of the French Government, for Dyspepsia, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder.
CAUTION.
To avoid counterfeits and imitations, require that the capsule bears the name of one of the above-named springs, and also the year of the bottling.
For sale by all leading retail Grocers and Druggists, and to the Trade only by
BOUCHE FILS & CO.,
No. 37 Beaver st., New-York.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

Havemeyer Bros. & Co
SUGAR REFINERS,
No. 89 Wall st., NEW-YORK,
Fill orders for all grades of Coffee Sugars, also for Granulated and Powdered Sugars, and for Syrups, promptly, and at market rates, upon the day they are received. Our goods are equal in quality to any manufactured.

PRESERVE YOUR HEALTH!
Smith's Patent Perforated BUCKSKIN UNDER-GARMENTS prevent all Lung Diseases, and are a Sure Cure for Rheumatism. Send for circulars.
D. C. HALL & CO., Manufacturers,
No 44 WEST BROADWAY, New-York.

GOOD NIGHT SHIRTS
$1.50 each by mail or express. Don't go to bed without one. PERRSO, 85 Nassau St. N.Y.

HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.
HYATT'S SWISS LINIMENT.
Depot, 246 Grand st., New-York. Sold by Druggists.